

Drive Controller SD2S

Hardware Description







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1 About this Manual

This chapter describes symbols, signal words and abbreviations possibly used in this manual.

Note

You can download more documentation from the SIEB & MEYER website under https://www.sieb-meyer.com/downloads.

1.1 Illustration of Warnings

In this manual, the warnings listed below are used. Depending on their degree of risk, the risk levels listed below exist:

A DANGER



Imminent risk of injury

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

→ Follow the instructions in this manual to avoid danger.

A WARNING



Risk of injury

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

→ Follow the instructions in this manual to avoid danger.

A CAUTION



Slight risk of injury

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or property damage.

→ Follow the instructions in this manual to avoid danger.

NOTICE

Notice

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.

→ Follow the instructions in this manual to avoid danger.

1.2 Abbreviations

BDM basic drive module

FPAM flux pulse amplitude modulation

HSBLOCK <u>high-speed block</u> commutation

HSPAM <u>high-speed pulse amplitude modulation</u>

HSPWM <u>high-speed pulse width modulation</u>

About this Manual



HW <u>h</u>ard<u>w</u>are

mF <u>m</u>ulti<u>f</u>use

n.c. <u>n</u>ot <u>c</u>onnected

PWM <u>pulse</u> <u>width</u> <u>modulation</u>

SERVO servo control

SVC <u>sensorless vector control</u>

TBD to be done

UVLO <u>u</u>nder<u>v</u>oltage-<u>l</u>ock<u>o</u>ut

VCC <u>v</u>oltage at the <u>c</u>ommon <u>c</u>ollector

VECTOR vector control

VF V/f characteristic curve



2 General Information

This manual describes the drive controllers of the series SD2S. Drive controllers of the generation SD2x are BDM (basic drive modules) that can be used either as **frequency converter or as servo drive**. These devices allow operation of high-dynamic servo motors as well as synchronous and asynchronous high-frequency spindles.

The devices are equipped with interfaces for different sensor systems allowing to drive motors with resolvers as well as SinCos, EnDat, Hall, linear Hall, incremental and field plate sensors. Motor systems without any sensors are also supported, whereas different customized control methods are available. In addition, the devices can drive rotary and linear motors. Thus, the number of device variants is reduced for the machine manufacturer.

For real-time requirements devices with EtherCAT slave interface are available.

This manual provides information on:

- Safety instructions and application advice
- Notes about the electromagnetic compatibility
- Description of the device (block diagram, type plate, module designation)
- Technical data, dimensions
- Connector pin assignment
- Wiring examples
- Status and error messages
- General information regarding the wiring (cables and line cross-sections)
- External protection, ballast circuit

This manual has the following demands on the trained staff of machine manufacturers:

Transport:

only by skilled employees familiar with handling electrostatically sensitive components.

Installation:

only by experts with electromechanical experience

Initial operation:

only by experts with experience in the fields of electrical engineering / drive technology

Note

Information concerning the initial operation and parameterization of the digital frequency converter or servo drive can be found in the manual of the software *drivemaster2*.

Note

You can download more documentation from the SIEB & MEYER website under https://www.sieb-meyer.com/downloads.



3 Safety Instructions



These safety instructions include important information regarding your safety and must be observed during installation and operation of SIEB & MEYER devices. Read them carefully and keep them for later use.

Also adhere to safety instructions in the product documentation and on the device.



3.1 Standards and Regulations

SIEB & MEYER devices comply with the regulations of the following standards and directives:

- ► Low-Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU: EU declaration of conformity, DIN EN 61800-5-1
- EMC Directive 2014/30/EU:
 EU manufacturer's certificate, DIN EN 61800-3
- Machinery Regulation (EU) 2023/1230:
 EU manufacturer's certificate, DIN EN 61800-5-2 (safety functions)

SIEB & MEYER applies the product standard DIN EN 61800 for its devices.

Note

SIEB & MEYER frequency converters and servo drives do not fall within the scope of the Ecodesign Regulation (EU) 2019/1781 for motors and frequency converters as well as the accompanying amendment (EU) 2021/341 because the devices are not designed for the operation of the 50/60 Hz standard motors defined in the regulation.

Note

SIEB & MEYER products are no products according to the Machinery Regulation (EU) 2023/1230. The appropriate use of SIEB & MEYER devices in machines and installations is prohibited until the manufacturer of the machine or installation confirms the CE conformity of the complete machine or installation.

Note

If the mechanics or the electronics of the device are modified, the conformity with the EU directives and thus the $\zeta \in$ label will expire.



3.2 Working on the Device

A WARNING



Trained staff

- To avoid risks of serious injuries and material damage any works regarding installation, initial operation and maintenance must be carried out by trained staff only! Furthermore, electricians who connect feedin systems must be approved by the local DSO (distribution system operator).
- → Trained staff, according to this fundamental safety instruction, are persons familiar with the installation, mounting, initial and permanent operation of the product and they are qualified appropriately for the work. The standards DIN VDE 0100 and DIN VDE 0110 as well as the national accident prevention regulations shall be considered!
- → When installing feed-in systems adhere to all applicable regulations, special safety instructions and technical connection conditions of the local DSO.

A DANGER



Risk of serious damage to property and personal injury may occur:

- when covers are removed illegally
- due to improper use
- when either the installation or the operation is incorrect
- → Observe the corresponding notes and information in the product documentation of your device.

A WARNING



Risk of injuries and material damage due to illegal modifications

→ Only change the settings of the device after having contacted SIEB & MEYER.

All Information and advice attached to the device, such as safety instructions or danger warnings and technical data (type plate) are:

- not to be removed
- not to be damaged
- to be kept readably (no covers, no paint over or the like)

3.3 Appropriate Use

Use the device according to its appropriate use only. Consider the corresponding information regarding the application fields of the device in the product documentation.

The device is intended for use within an enclosed cabinet by the OEM or end user to comply with pollution degree 2 or equivalent environmental conditions. That means: Ensure to avoid conductive impurities and humidity during the operation.

SIEB & MEYER products are **not** suitable for use in areas exposed to explosion hazards (ATEX zones) without approriate housing.



Terms according to DIN EN 61800

Before initial operation, make sure that the machine will not expose danger (e.g. runaway moves). The conformity with the safety standards DIN EN 60204-1 and DIN EN 61800-5-1 must be ensured.

The manufacturer of the system or the machine has to meet the requirements of the legal values regarding the electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). SIEB & MEYER products are designed for the operation in industrial areas provided that the supplied manual "Unit Assembly Complying EMC" has been taken into consideration.

SIEB & MEYER tests all products in its own EMC laboratory to ensure that the products meet the respective standards, when they are installed properly.

When the installation of the device differs from the product documentation and the manual "Unit Assembly Complying EMC", the machine manufacturer has to carry out new measurements to comply with the standards.

SIEB & MEYERdevices meet the requirements of the Low-Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU. The harmonized standards of the series DIN EN 60204-1 and DIN EN 61800-5-1 are applied consequently.

Technical data and the connection specification can be found in the respective product documents.

Line filters

If adequate interference suppression measures are applied and the appropriate use in industrial applications of the device is ensured, SIEB & MEYER devices comply with the EMC Directive 2014/30/EU in terms of the EMC Product Standard (PDS) DIN EN 61800-3.

The use of line filters helps reaching the following:

- Resistance to interference. The electronic system is protected against high-frequency disturbances, possibly infiltrated via the mains cable.
- Protection against radiation. High-frequency disturbances are reduced to legally authorized measure. This prevents effects of the transients to adjacent components or devices.
- Products, not equipped with an integrated AC supply line filter must be operated with an upstream line filter.
- Using SIEB & MEYER devices in residential or business areas as well in small businesses requires additional interference suppression.
 - For detailed information refer to the manual "Unit Assembly Complying EMC", chapter "EMC Product Standard DIN EN 61800-3 for PDS".

Note

Refer to the product documentation of your device to find out whether or not your device is equipped with a line filter. For detailed information on line filters refer to the manual "Unit Assembly Complying EMC".

3.4 Reasonably Foreseeable Misuse

The Machinery Directive defines a "reasonably foreseeable misuse" as "use of machinery in a way not intended in the instructions but which may result from predictable human behavior".

SIEB & MEYER products are no products according to the Machinery Regulation (EU) 2023/1230.



During design and construction of the machine as well as in the operation manual the machine manufacturer is obliged to give consideration to the intended (appropriate) use of the machine and risks arising from reasonably foreseeable misuse of the machine.



To avoid injuries and material damage any use, installation and setup of SIEB & MEYER products by non-experts which exceed the technical data specified in the product documentation (high voltages, temperatures etc.) is considered to be not intended use and forbidden.



Adhere to the safety instructions on the device and in the product documentation.

3.5 Transport and Storage

Avoid improper mechanical load of the device. The following points must especially be taken into consideration:

- ► Protect the device against mechanical damage! Ensure that single shock loads do not exceed 40 m/s².
- Protect the device against dirt and humidity.
 Make sure that dust plugs are plugged on optical fiber connectors equipped with them during transport of the device. Otherwise, recommissioning is potentially not possible.
- Never touch electronic components.

The following climatic conditions apply to the storage. If required, appropriate measures must be taken to ensure these climatic conditions (installation of heating/air conditioning systems etc.):

- ► The storage area must be clean (dust-free, if possible), dry and well-ventilated.
- ▶ No storage in the open.
- ► The storage temperature must be in the range of -25 °C to +55 °C (-13 °F to +131 °F). Shortly it may be +70 °C (+158 °F).
- ► The relative humidity on the storage premises must be in the range of 5 % to 75 % (no bedewing).
- Sudden changes of the temperature or the humidity should be prevented.
- Avoid stacking of the devices during transport and storage.

The maximum storage period is 2 years. Electrolytic capacitors produce high leakage currents when a voltage is applied after a long storage period without applied voltage and must be reformed. For this, the operating voltage is applied via a 1 k Ω series resistor for one hour. Contact the SIEB & MEYER service department for details.

3.6 Installation

NOTICE

Damage of electrostatically sensitive components due to improper handling

→ Never touch electronic components.

Note

Consider specific mounting instructions for your device.



Mechanical installation conditions for the system according to DIN EN 61800-2:

"Vibrations must remain within the limit values of the IEC 60721-3-3, class 3M2, standard for fixed equipment."

Frequenc	/ [Hz]	Amplitude [mm]	Acceleration [m/s²]
2 ≤ f <	9	1.5	Not applicable
9 ≤ f < 2	200	Not applicable	5

Tab. 1: Vibration limits of the system

Operating conditions:

The following requirements are to be considered for the installation and the operation of the device. Noncompliance with theses requirements is regarded as **abnormal operating condition**:

- ► The device is conceived according to DIN EN 61800-2 for the dirt level 2. That means: Ensure to avoid conductive impurities during the operation.
- ▶ Devices with air cooling only can be loaded to their maximum up to a height of 1000 m above MSL (3281 ft above MSL). For an operation in areas higher than 1000 m (3281 ft) above MSL the capacity must be reduced by 1.5 % per 100 m (328 ft).

The maximum site altitude is 2000 m (6562 ft) above MSL.

- ► The device must be protected against harmful gas, oil vapor and salty air at the place of installation.
- ► The ambient air must not contain aggressive, grinding, electrically conductive or flammable substances as well as any amount of dust.
- The maximum relative humidity during operation is 85 % (no condensation).
- ► The allowed ambient temperature for the operation is +5 °C to +40 °C (+41 °F to +104 °F). Extreme and sudden changes of the temperature should be prevented.
 - Ensure power derating for devices used in ambient temperatures over +40 °C (+104 °F) (see technical data). The following applies: -1.5 % per 1 °C. Note: F=C×9/5+32: C=(F-32)×5/9
 - Devices with polyester films: The polyester films must not be exposed to direct sunlight for extended periods of time. In conditions of high humidity (>80 %) the ambient temperature must not exceed +40 °C (+104 °F). The polyester films must not come in contact with benzyl alcohol or methylene chloride.
- ▶ Make sure that the aeration elements are free and open, so that the air circulation is not restricted.

[&]quot;Vibrations which exceed these limits, or the use on mobile equipment, are considered as abnormal mechanical conditions."



3.7 Electrical Connection

A DANGER



Risk of serious injuries due to touch voltages

After electric devices have been switched off touch voltages may occur depending on the device up to 4 minutes. Longer construction-related discharge times are possible. Refer to the product documentation of your device.

- → All work at and within the units must only be carried out, when the units are turned off, the mains supply is cut and the DC bus is completely discharged.
- → Never touch energized parts after a device has been switched. off.
- → Consider the VDE regulations and the applicable accident prevention regulations (e.g. VBG 1 and VBG 4).

A DANGER



Risk of serious injuries due to improper connection to earth

Incorrect or insufficient connection of the system to earth may cause dangerous currents.

→ Connection to earth must be realized according to the instructions in the product documentation of your device.

A DANGER



High voltages at temperature sensors and Hall sensors

→ Temperature and speed sensors (Hall sensors), which are mounted within the winding of the motor, require a safe electrical separation between sensor and motor winding according to EN 62477-1 and EN 61800-5-1. Only use these sensor interfaces of the frequency converter/servo drive, if you have ensured the electrical separation between sensor and motor winding.

The electrical installation must be carried out according to the relevant electrical codes (e.g. appropriate wire gauges, fuse protection and connections of ground conductors must be considered).

Note

SIEB & MEYERdevices are conceived for connection to symmetrically grounded TN networks. For detailed information regading the connection to TN networks or other networks refer to the manual "Unit Assembly Complying EMC", chapter "Connection to Different Supply System Types".

Recommendations for the installation complying EMC (e.g. shields, connection to earth and line installations) can be found in the technical manuals of your device (only for machine manufacturers). The manufacturer of the system or machine has to meet the requirements of the legislation regarding the EMC.

- Consider that the mains supply must be protected via an overload release with restricted guidance for each mains phase. The mains line should not be switched on, before the work is completed.
- 2. Before turning on the unit the first time, make sure that the connected machine will not have runaway axes.



- Never connect capacitive loads to the output phases of the servo drives and frequency converters.
- Prevent cable loops. Therefore, the units must only be connected to earth at the provided PE connection for the mains supply line and the racks only at the provided earth screw.

A DANGER



Hazardous voltage

The use of filters causes leakage currents on the protective earth conductor (PE), which in the event of an error may be considerably higher than the rated values. To protect persons against dangerous voltages filters must be connected to earth before they are taken into operation. Possibly a residual current device (RCD) cannot be used. According to DIN EN 61800-5-1 the following measures are required in the event of leakage currents ≥3.5 mA:

- → Install a connection without connector on the device and attach a corresponding warning note on the device, which also must appear in the documentation of the device.
- → Use a protective conductor with a minimum conductor cross-section of 10 mm² or
- → install a second protective conductor: connect it in parallel to the first protective conductor by using separate terminals.

Operation with residual current device (RCD)

If you use a residual current device (RCD) for protection against electric shock, only RCDs of type B are permitted on the supply side. In addition, all RCDs connected upstream up to the transformer must be of type B.

Note

For detailed information regarding the operation with residual current device (RCD) refer to the manual "Unit Assembly Complying EMC", chapter "Safety-relevant Aspects, Residual Current Device (RCD)". Also consider the standard DIN EN 61800-5-1.

3.8 Operation

A WARNING



Risk of serious injuries due to moving machine parts

During the operation of an installation with open doors or removed covers, persons may seriously be injured by moving machine parts.

→ Keep the doors closed during the operation and do not remove covers.

A WARNING



Risk of injuries and material damage due to flying parts

Persons may be injured or material be damaged, if screws of the front panels and housing parts are not fastened.

→ Before the initial operation of the installation ensure that all screws are tightened.



A WARNING



Risk of burns due to hot surfaces

During operation the units can have hot surfaces according to their protection system. In particular this applies to ventilation inlets and outlets.

Never touch device parts during operation apart from operating units.

When using ferrite rings temperatures may exceed 80 °C in some cases.

- → Only use cables that are provided for temperatures over 90 °C. This corresponds to the flammability rating UL 94V-0, RTI 105 °C.
- → Consider the relevant notes in the manual.

Systems, into which servo drives and frequency converters are mounted, possibly must be equipped with additional protective devices according to the valid safety instructions (e.g. law about technical material, rules for prevention of accidents, etc.)

3.9 Maintenance

The unit must be checked regularly for cleanness and functionality depending on the ambient pollution. This applies in particular for installed fans.

3.10 Disposal

Note

Make sure to consider country-specific waste and disposal laws and statutes for the disposal of packing material, used batteries and irreparable devices.

SIEB & MEYERproducts meet the requirements of the following directive:

► 2011/65/EU (EU-directive RoHS 2 on the restriction of the use of hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment)

SIEB & MEYERproducts do not exceed the limits of the directive 2011/65/EU for hazardous substances.

SIEB & MEYERproducts labeled with the adjacent symbol also meet the regulations of the following directive:



► SJ/T 11364-2014 (China RoHS 2 on the restriction of the use of hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment)

SIEB & MEYER products labeled with the symbol above do not exceed the limits of the directive SJ/T 11364-2014 for hazardous substances.

3.11 Legal Warranty

SIEB & MEYER products are liable to a legal warranty of at least one year. Any claims for the products beyond this warranty shall be declared in an additional contractual agreement between SIEB & MEYER and the customer.

Claims for damages are excluded:

- due to improper use of the device
- when the device has been installed nonstandard or improperly, especially by electricians without license

Safety Instructions



- when the device has been employed although the protection equipment was defective
- when the maximum permissible input voltage has been exceeded
- due to improper operation
- when the device or its equipment have been modified
- due to repairs that were not carried out by SIEB & MEYER or a repair shop approved by SIEB & MEYER
- when the device was affected by foreign material or force majeure

NOTICE

Due diligence of the machine manufacturer

→ A first programming carried out by SIEB & MEYER does not release the machine manufacturer from his duty to check the programmed values for correctness.



4 Unit Assembly Complying EMC

Note

The EU guidelines for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) must be considered for the initial operation of all SIEB & MEYER devices.

The manual "Unit Assembly Complying EMC" is available in German and English and includes:

- ► EMC rules
- information regarding the professional grounding and wiring
- safety-relevant aspects
- extracts from the EMC product standard
- possibilities for the connection to different supply system types

Availability:

► PDF file under https://www.sieb-meyer.com/downloads

4.1 Emission of Line and Field Interferences According to Category C3

According to the EMC product standard DIN EN 61800-3, chapter 6 (emission of line interferences), this device meets the interference limit values of the category C3 if the conditions listed below are met.

Requirements

- ► The device is equipped with basic interference elimination functions via an integrated line filter.
 - If motor cables longer than 5 m are used, an external line filter is required.
 - For detailed information on mounting and connecting line filters refer to the manual "Unit Assembly complying EMC".
- ▶ If no internal line filter is provided, an external line filter must be used to reach the category C3.

NOTICE

Connection of line filters

→ Consider the connection instructions of the line filter manufacturer to ensure sufficient filter effect.

Note

For detailed information on the used device refer to the section "Technical Data".

NOTICE

High-frequency interferences during the use of the device in a public mains

High-frequency interferences may occur, if the device is used in a public mains, which supplies residential areas. These interferences may disturb the functioning of other devices.

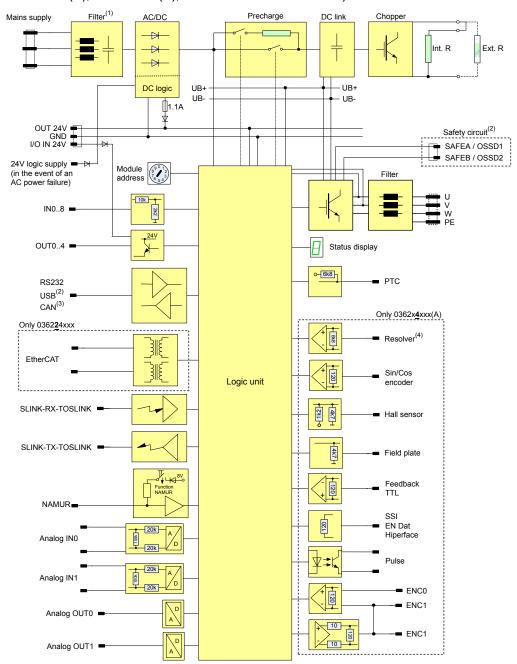
→ Do not use the device in a public mains or ensure appropriate interference suppression measures.



5 Drive Controller SD2S

5.1 Block Diagrams SD2S

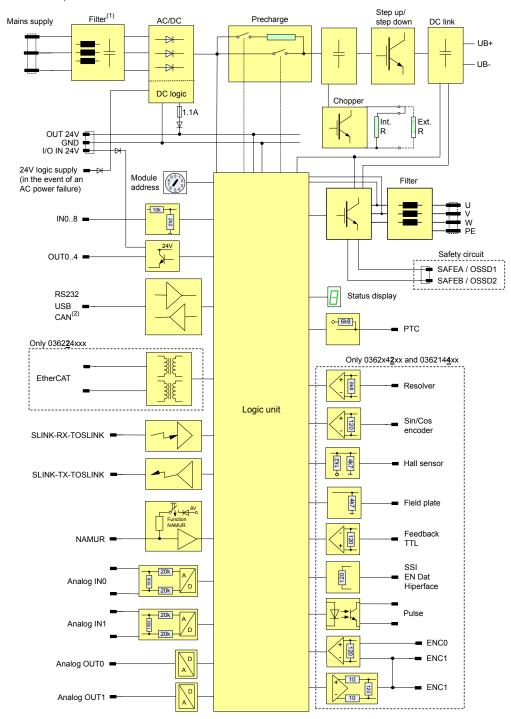
Block diagram for devices with **fix DC link voltage** (0362120xx, 0362121xx, 0362x40xx(A), 0362x41xx(A), 0362x45xx and 0362x46xx):



- Not integrated in 0362x45xx and 0362x46xx. These devices are to be operated with external line filter and external 24 V_{DC} logic voltage.
- (2) Not integrated in older devices.
- (3) Not integrated in older SD2S Light (036212xxx).
- (4) Not integrated in the devices 0362140DCA and 0362x41ECA.







- (1) A line filter is only integrated in device variant 0362x42DC. The devices 0362x42EC, 0362x43xx and 0362144xx must be operated with an external line filter.
- (2) Not integrated in older 0362143xx devices.



5.2 Type Plate

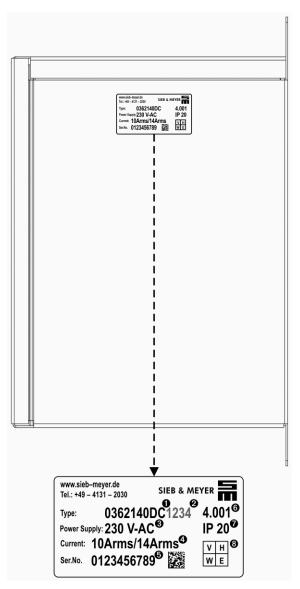


Fig. 1: Type plate (example for SD2S)

No.	Meaning	Explanation
0	Device designation	Composed of module type with indication of performance range and max. DC link voltage
2	Extension for customized devices	Indicates a 4 digit numeral code for customized devices; there is no code for standard devices
0	Mains voltage	Indicates the maximum voltage range (if this row is left blank, an external power supply unit is necessary)
4	Rated current/peak current	Applies to the output stage; the value is indicated in A _{rms}
6	Serial number	Indicates the individual number of the device
6	Device version	Indicates the version of the hardware; if no version is existent, 0.000 is indicated here
0	IP code	Indicates the level of protection of the device against touching or intrusion of solid objects (1st digit) and water ingress (2nd digit)



No.	Meaning	Explanation
8	QA label	Test steps for quality assurance:
		► V = pretest or partial test
		► H = high-voltage test
		► W = thermal test
		► E = final tests
		During testing, the QA test steps are marked, see below.

Markings of QA test steps

The QA test steps can have the following markings:

imes two diagonal lines: Test step is completed.

/ one diagonal line: Test step is not required.

No marking: Test step was not yet carried out.

Note

Which test steps are required is specified in the corresponding test instruction.

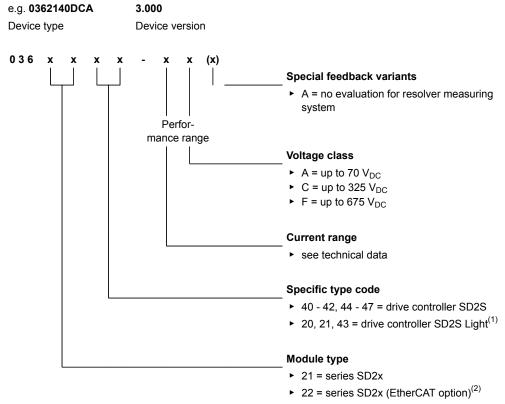
Example:



Pretest (V) and high-voltage test (H) were successfully completed; thermal test (W) is not required; final tests (E) still need to be carried out.



5.3 Device Designation



⁽¹⁾ The Light variants do not provide several interfaces for measuring systems.

Note

The drive controllers 0362129/0362x49xx and 0362x48xx of series SD2S (with NRTL certificate) are describes in the manual "Drive Controller SD2S – Hardware Description, NRTL-Certified".

Device version X.XXX

Serial counter. If there is no device version, 0.000 is indicated here. If a device is exchanged by a device of another version, please contactSIEB & MEYER to check whether the devices are compatible or not.

In addition, the device version indicates the update capability of the internal device software, e.g. BIOS, FPGA or Firmware.

⁽²⁾ The EtherCAT option is not available with all SD2S devices (see descriptions of the device variants).

5.4 Functional Overview of the Device Variants

The following table indicates the functional differences between all the device variants of series SD2S.

		Mains	supply		DC link			Drive function	s (= up to	kHz output fi	requency) ⁽³⁾			Interf	aces
(1)	Max. output					SERVO	/ VECTOR	HS	BLOCK / FPA	M		HSPAM	/I / VF	X6/X7	X17
0362x ⁽¹⁾	power S1 ⁽²⁾	1-phase	3-phase	Fix ⁽⁴⁾	Controlled	SERVO	svc	HSBLOCK (with sensor)	FPAM	HSPWM	VF-PWM	VE DAM	(encoder	(feed-
						SERVU	SVC	PWM (Hall)	PAM (Hall)	(sensor- less)		VF-PVVIVI	VF-PAM	0/1)	back)
40xx(A)	1.5 / 4.3 kVA	√ /-	-/ 🗸	1	_	2 kHz	2 kHz	6 / 2 kHz	_	-	8 / – kHz	2 kHz	_	1	√ ⁽⁵⁾
41xx(A)	6.9 / 9.7 kVA	1	1	1	_	2 kHz	2 kHz	6 kHz	_	-	4 / 8 kHz	2 kHz	_	1	√ ⁽⁵⁾
42DC	1.5 kVA	1	-	_	0 to 350 V _{DC}	2 kHz	Upon re- quest	_	8 kHz	8 kHz	-	_	8 kHz	1	1
42EC	1.9 / 3.8 kVA	✓	1	_	0 to 310 V _{DC}	2 kHz	2 kHz	_	8 kHz	8 kHz	_	_	8 kHz	1	✓
44xx	15.9 kVA	_	1	_	0 to 530 V _{DC}	_	_	_	8 kHz	8 kHz	_	_	8 kHz ⁽⁶⁾	1	1
45xx	15.9 / 20.8 kVA	-	1	_	_	2 kHz	2 kHz	On request	_	-	4 / – kHz	2 kHz	_	1	✓
46xx	30.5 kVA	_	✓	_	_	2 kHz	2 kHz	On request	_	-	4 kHz	2 kHz	_	✓	✓
47xx	55.4 kVA	External I supply n	DC power ecessary	✓	-	2 kHz	2 kHz	On request	-	-	4 kHz	2 kHz	-	✓	1
48xx ⁽⁷⁾	55.4 kVA	_	1	1	_	2 kHz	2 kHz	On request	-	-	4 kHz	2 kHz	-	1	✓
49xx ⁽⁷⁾	6.9 / 9.7 kVA	1	1	1	-	2 kHz	2 kHz	6 kHz	-	-	4 / 8 kHz	2 kHz	-	1	1
SD2S Light															
20xx	1.5 kVA	✓	_	✓	-	_	2 kHz	-	_	-	8 kHz	2 kHz	_	_	-
21xx	6.9 / 9.7 kVA	✓	✓	✓	-	_	2 kHz	_	_	-	4 / 8 kHz	2 kHz	_	_	-
29xx ⁽⁷⁾	6.9 / 9.7 kVA	1	1	1	-	_	2 kHz	-	ı	ı	4 / 8 kHz	2 kHz	_	_	_
43xx	1.9 / 3.8 kVA	1	✓	_	0 to 310 V _{DC}	_	_	_	_	8 kHz	_	_	8 kHz	_	_

⁽¹⁾ Fieldbus option: 03621... = without fieldbus interface; 03622... = with EtherCAT interface

⁽²⁾ The maximum output power S1 refers to the device with the highest power range within the drive variant.

⁽³⁾ Some drive functions are not available with older device versions.

⁽⁴⁾ The fix intermediate circuit voltage depends on the AC power supply.

⁽⁵⁾ The device variants 0362x40DCA and 0362x41ECA do not provide the evaluation for a resolver measuring system.

⁽⁶⁾ If you require this function, please contact the SIEB & MEYER service staff for project planning.

⁽⁷⁾ The devices marked in yellow are NRTL-certified and described in the separate manual "Drive Controller SD2S – Hardware Description, NRTL-Certified". *Tab. 2: SD2S functional overview*



6 Device Variants SD2S

6.1 Compact Device 0362x40xx(A) / 0362120xx

Features of SD2S device variant 0362x40xx(A) / 0362120xx:

- integrated power supply unit, 1- or 3-phase power supply
- safety circuit
- ► 0362x40xx(A): standard design with interfaces for measuring systems
 - 0362<u>1</u>40xx = without fieldbus interface
 - 0362140DCA = without fieldbus interface, without resolver evaluation
 - 0362240xx = with EtherCAT interface
- ▶ 03621<u>2</u>0xx: Light design without interfaces for measuring systems

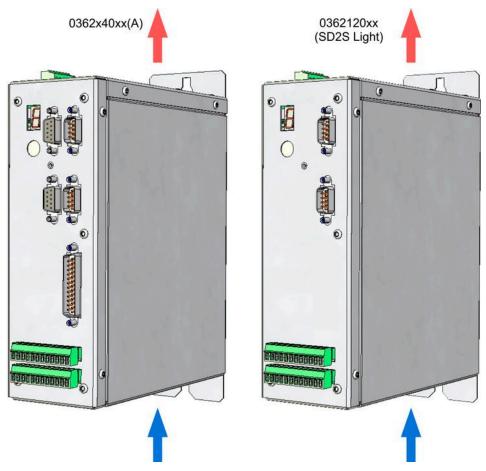


Fig. 2: Device view 0362x40xx(A) / 0362120xx

NOTICE

Restriction of cooling air flow

If the air flow cooling the device is obstructed, the device could overheat and possibly become damaged.

- → When installing the device, pay attention to the direction of air flow through the internally installed fan [arrows].
- → For sufficient cooling the ventilation inlets and outlets must be kept free by a space of min. 10 cm.



6.1.1 Dimensions

The gray-colored connectors are only available on device variant 0362x40xx(A):

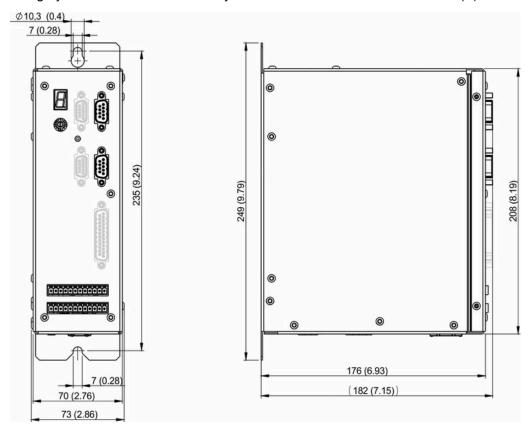


Fig. 3: Dimensions 0362x40xx(A) / 0362120xx (230 V mains supply) in mm (inch)

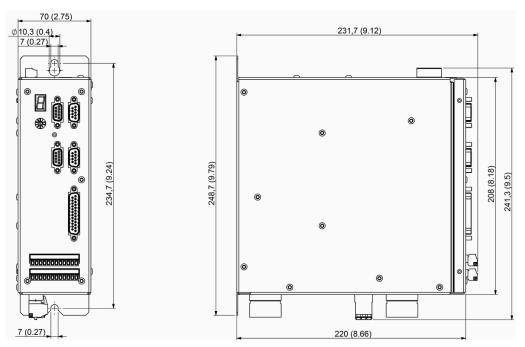


Fig. 4: Dimensions 0362x40EF (480 V mains supply) in mm (inch)



6.1.2 Technical Data

6.1.2.1 Mains supply 230 V_{AC}

Device variant		0362x40xx(A) / 0362120xx					
Performance range	DC / DCA	EC	DA				
Continuous phase current of output stage (±3 %)	14 A _p / 10 A _{rms}	14 A _p / 10 A _{rms}	14 A _p / 10 A _{rms}				
Peak phase current of output stage (±3 %)	20 A _p / 14 A _{rms}	20 A _p / 14 A _{rms}					
Max. time for peak current	5 s	2 s	5 s				
Max. temperature of the output stage		75° C					
Max. output frequency		8000 Hz					
Output frequency stability		≤ 0.2 %					
Mains supply (1-phase)		to 230 V _{AC} +10 % / 60 Hz	1 × 50 V _{AC} -10 % / +40 % 50 Hz / 60 Hz				
Required mains choke		10 A, article No. 13015834 ⁽¹⁾					
Short circuit current rating (SCCR)		1000 A					
Line filter	The internal line filter	meets the interference limits	of the category C3. ⁽²⁾				
Mains fuse		16 A					
	e.g. Sie	mens 5SE1 316, type NEOZE	D D01 ⁽³⁾				
DC link voltage	160 V _{DC} -10 % to	o 325 V _{DC} +10 %	70 V _{DC} -10 %/+40 %				
Output power S1		3 A _{rms} / 100 V _{AC} A _{rms} / 200 V _{AC}	0.33 kVA at 4.3 A _{rms} / 45 V _{AC}				
Mains phase current at rated power		8 A					
Logic supply (4)		18 to 28 V _{DC} (0.5 A)					
Power loss of logic unit		12 W					
Power loss of power unit	Max. 5 %	of the output motor power, at I	east 20 W				
Min. external ballast resistor		Not possible					
Internal ballast resistor	20 Ω /	100 W	10 Ω / 50 W				
Ballast threshold	380	V _{DC}	120 V _{DC}				
Overvoltage threshold	410	V_{DC}	140 V _{DC}				
Undervoltage threshold	40	V_{DC}	30 V _{DC}				
Ambient temperature range	5 °C to 60 °C at a maximum relative humidity of 85 % (without moisture condensation 100 % rated current up to max. 40 °C. At higher temperatures the power must be reduced by 1.5 % per 1 °C. Derating: 0.5°K/W ballast power						
IP code		IP20					
Max. weight		2.5 kg					

⁽¹⁾ For other mains chokes available at SIEB & MEYER refer to the appendix (see page 178).

Rated current derating

Drive function ⁽¹⁾	SEF	RVO	SVC;	VF- VM		HSBL (with s	OCK ensor)			ŀ	ISPWI	64 128			
PWM frequency [kHz]	8	16	8	16	8	16	32	64	8	16	32	64	128		
0362120DC rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	_	_	10	9.2	_	-	-	_	10	10	9.2	7	5		
0362120EC rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	_	_	10	10	_	-	_	_	10	10	10	7	4		
0362120DA rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	_	_	10	10	-	-	-	_	10	10	10	10	10		
0362x40DC(A) rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	10	9.2	10	9.2	9.8	9	7	4	10	10	9.2	7	5		

 $^{^{(2)}}$ If the motor lines are longer than 5 m, use an external line filter to comply with the standard EMC Directive 2014/30/EU. You find a list of the line filters available at SIEB & MEYER in the appendix (see <u>page 178</u>).

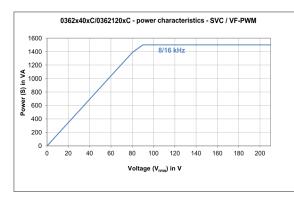
⁽³⁾ An overview of all mains fuses suitable for the SD2S series you can find in the appendix (see page 176).

 $^{^{(4)}}$ The logic supply is necessary to maintain the error messages.



Drive function ⁽¹⁾	SEF	RVO	SVC;	VF- VM		HSBL (with s			HSPWM				
PWM frequency [kHz]	8	16	8	16	8	16	32	64	8	16	32	64	128
0362x40EC rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	10	10	10	10	10	10	7.3	4.5	10	10	10	7	4
0362x40DA rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9.8	10	10	10	10	10

⁽¹⁾ For more information on the possible drive functions of your device, refer to <u>chapter "Functional Overview of the Device Variants"</u>, page 25.



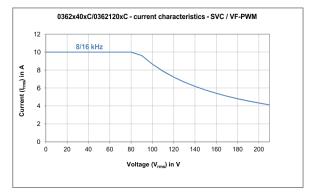
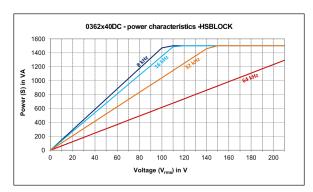


Fig. 5: Output characteristics for 0362x40xC(A) / 0362x20xC in SVC or VF-PWM mode



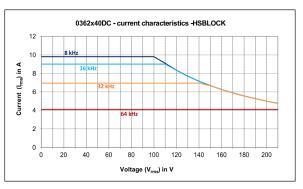
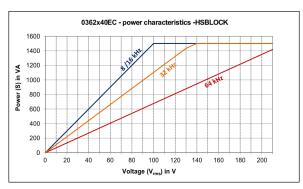


Fig. 6: Output characteristics for 0362x40DC(A) in HSBLOCK mode (with sensor)



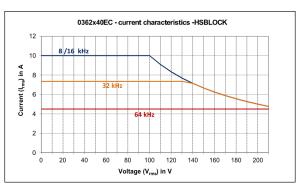
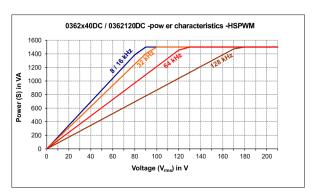


Fig. 7: Output characteristics for 0362x40EC in HSBLOCK mode (with sensor)





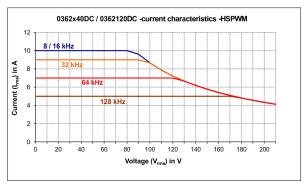


Fig. 8: Output characteristics for 0362x40DC(A) / 0362120DC in HSPWM mode



6.1.2.2 Mains supply 480 V_{AC}

Device variant	0362x40EF										
Continuous phase current of output stage (±3 %)		10 A _p / 7 A _{rms}									
Peak phase current of output stage (±3 %)	40 A _p / 28 A _{rms}										
Max. time for peak current		5 s									
Max. temperature of the output stage			75°	, C							
Max. output frequency			2000) Hz							
Output frequency stability			≤ 0.	2 %							
Mains supply (3-phase)		2	00 V _{AC} -10 % to 50 Hz /		%						
Required mains choke			16 A, article No	o. 13015801 ⁽¹⁾							
Short circuit current rating (SCCR)			100	0 A							
Line filter	The in	ternal line filter	meets the inte	rference limits	of the category	C3. ⁽²⁾					
Mains fuse			16								
		e.g. Sie	mens 5SE1 316	6, type NEOZE	D D01 ⁽³⁾						
DC link voltage		28	30 V _{DC} -10 % to	675 V _{DC} +10	%						
Output power S1			4.3 kVA at 7 A	A _{rms} / 360 V _{AC}							
Mains phase current at rated power			6.5	A _{rms}							
Drive function ⁽⁴⁾	SEF	RVO	SVC; V	F-PWM	HSBLOCK ((with sensor)					
PWM frequency [kHz]	8	16	8	16	8	16					
Rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	7	5	7	5	8.1	5.8					
Logic supply ⁽⁵⁾			18 to 28 V	_{DC} (0.5 A)							
Power loss of logic unit			12	W							
Power loss of power unit		Max. 5 %	of the output m	otor power, at I	east 20 W						
Min. external ballast resistor			22 Ω / ma	x. 500 W							
Internal ballast resistor			22 Ω /	50 W							
Ballast threshold			800	V_{DC}							
Overvoltage threshold			850	V_{DC}							
Undervoltage threshold			40 \	V _{DC}							
Ambient temperature range	5 °C to 60 °C at a maximum relative humidity of 85 % (without moisture condensation) 100 % rated current up to max. 40 °C. At higher temperatures the power must be reduced by 1.5 % per 1 °C. Derating: 0.5°K/W ballast power (internal ballast resistor)										
IP code			IP:	20							
Max. weight			2.62	2 kg							

⁽¹⁾ For other mains chokes available at SIEB & MEYER refer to the appendix (see <u>page 178</u>).

⁽²⁾ If the motor lines are longer than 5 m, use an external line filter to comply with the standard EMC Directive 2014/30/EU. You find a list of the line filters available at SIEB & MEYER in the appendix (see page 178).

⁽³⁾ An overview of all mains fuses suitable for the SD2S series you can find in the appendix (see page 176).

⁽⁴⁾ For more information on the possible drive functions of your device, refer to <u>chapter "Functional Overview of the Device Variants"</u>, page 25.

 $^{^{\}left(5\right)}$ The logic supply is necessary to maintain the error messages.



6.1.3 Connectors

Mains supply 230 V_{AC}

The gray-colored connectors are only available on the following device variants:

- X6, X7, X17 (measuring systems): 0362x40xx(A)
- ► X64, X65 (EtherCAT option): 0362240xx

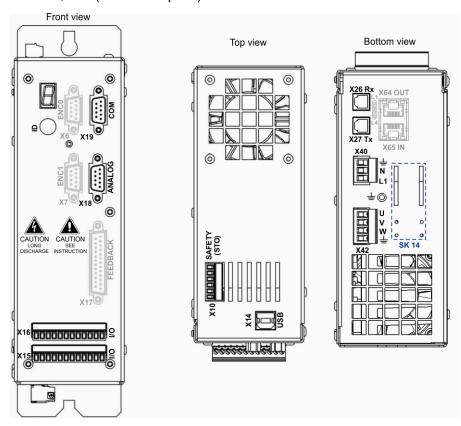


Fig. 9: Connectors of device variant 0362x40xx(A) / 0362120xx (230 V mains supply)



Mains supply 480 V_{AC}

The gray-colored connectors X64 and X65 (EtherCAT option) are only available on device variant 0362240EF:

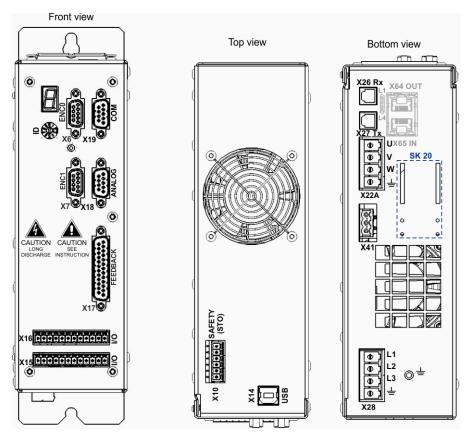


Fig. 10: Connectors of device variant 0362x40EF (480 V mains supply)

Connector table

Connector	Meaning	Description
ID	Address selection switch of device	<u>page 87</u>
X6 ENC0	Encoder 0 input	<u>page 87</u>
X7 ENC1	Encoder 1 input / output	page 88
X10 Safety (STO)	Safety circuit / restart lock (STO) ⁽¹⁾	<u>page 88</u>
X14 USB	USB interface for parameter setting ⁽¹⁾	<u>page 89</u>
X15 I/O	Digital outputs	<u>page 89</u>
X16 I/O	Digital inputs	<u>page 92</u>
X17 Feedback	Resolver ⁽²⁾ / sine cosine encoder / incremental encoder TTL / Hall encoder / linear Hall encoder / field plate sensor / EnDat encoder / Hiperface encoder / RENISHAW BISS C	page 95
X18 Analog	Analog signals	<u>page 97</u>
X19 COM	COM interface	<u>page 98</u>
X22A	Motor connector 0362x40EF (480 V supply)	<u>page 98</u>
X26 Rx	SERVOLINK 4 optical input	page 99
X27 Tx	SERVOLINK 4 optical output	<u>page 99</u>
X28	Mains supply 0362x40EF (480 V supply)	<u>page 101</u>
X40	Mains supply 0362x40xx/0362120xx (230 V supply)	page 102
X41	External ballast resistor	page 102
X42	Motor connector 0362x40xx/0362120xx (230 V supply)	<u>page 103</u>
X64 OUT	EtherCAT slave output	page 109
X65 IN	EtherCAT slave input	
±	Device housing ground	page 139



Connector	Meaning	Description
SK 14/20	Mounting holes for shield connection clamp SK 14 or SK 20 by Phoenix (comprised in connector kit)	page 134

⁽¹⁾ This connector is not available on older devices.

Note

You can order the appropriate connector kits for the device variants 0362x40xC(A) / 0362120xC (article No. 32299545), 0362x40xA / 0362120xA (article No. 32299548), 0362x40EF (article No. 32299546) at SIEB & MEYER.

 $^{^{(2)}}$ Resolver evaluation is not implemented in device variant 0362140DCA.



6.2 Compact Device 0362x41xx(A) / 0362121xx

Features of SD2S device variant 0362x41xx(A) / 0362121xx:

- integrated power supply unit, 1- or 3-phase power supply
- safety circuit
- designed for high outputs
- ▶ 0362x41xx(A): standard design with interfaces for measuring systems
 - 0362<u>1</u>41xx = without fieldbus interface
 - 0362141ECA = without fieldbus interface, without resolver evaluation
 - 0362241xx = with EtherCAT interface
 - 0362241ECA = with EtherCAT interface, without resolver evaluation
- ▶ 03621<u>2</u>1xx: Light design without interfaces for measuring systems

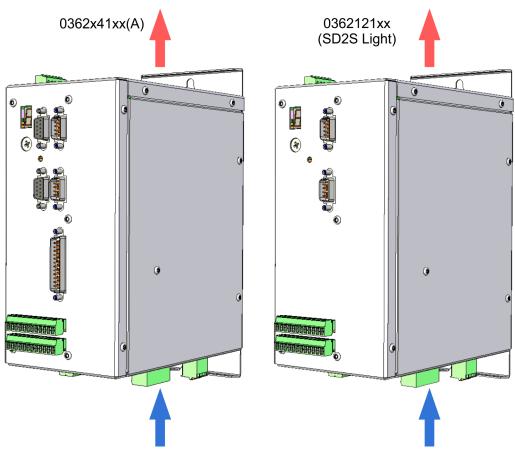


Fig. 11: Device view 0362x41xx(A) / 0362121xx

NOTICE

Restriction of cooling air flow

If the air flow cooling the device is obstructed, the device could overheat and possibly become damaged.

- → When installing the device, pay attention to the direction of air flow through the internally installed fan [arrows].
- → For sufficient cooling the ventilation inlets and outlets must be kept free by a space of min. 10 cm.



6.2.1 Dimensions

The gray-colored connectors are only available on device variant 0362x41xx(A):

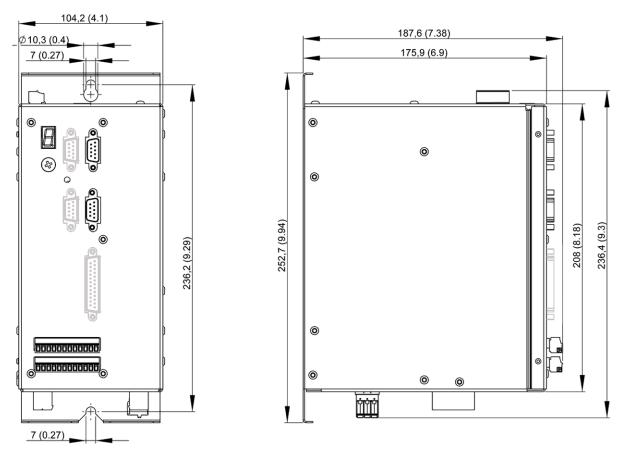


Fig. 12: Dimensions of 0362x41xx(A) / 0362121xx in mm (inch)



6.2.2 Technical Data

6.2.2.1 Mains supply 230 V_{AC}

Device variant	0362x41xC(A) / 0362121xC					
Performance range	IC	EC / ECA				
Continuous phase current of output stage (±3 %)	28 A _p / 2	20 A _{rms}				
Peak phase current of output stage (±3 %)	80 A _p / 56 A _{rms}	40 A _p / 28 A _{rms}				
Max. time for peak current	2 s	5 s				
Max. temperature of the output stage	75°	° C				
Max. output frequency	8000) Hz				
Output frequency stability	≤ 0.2	2 %				
Mains supply (1- or 3-phase)	115 V _{AC} -10 % to 50 Hz /					
Required mains choke	25 A, article No	o. 13015802 ⁽¹⁾				
Short circuit current rating (SCCR)	300	0 A				
Line filter	The internal line filt ference limits of the					
Mains fuse	20					
	e.g. Siemens 5SD4 30, type DIAZED DII ⁽³⁾					
DC link voltage	160 V _{DC} -10 % to 325 V _{DC} +10 %					
Output power S1 (1-phase)	1.9 kVA at 11 A 3.8 kVA at 11 A	1110 710				
Output power S1 (3-phase)	6.9 kVA at 17 /					
Mains phase current at rated power	19 A (1-	7.6				
Mains phase current at rated power	20 A (3-	. ,				
Logic supply (4)	18 to 28 V	_{DC} (0.5 A)				
Power loss of logic unit	12	W				
Power loss of power unit	Max. 5 % of the output me	otor power, at least 20 W				
Min. external ballast resistor	10	Ω				
Internal ballast resistor	22 Ω /	50 W				
Ballast threshold	380	V_{DC}				
Overvoltage threshold	410	V _{DC}				
Undervoltage threshold	40 \	/ _{DC}				
Ambient temperature range	erature range 5 °C to 60 °C at a maximum relative humid- ity of 85 % (without moisture condensation) 100 % rated current up to max. 40 °C. At higher temper- atures the power must be reduced by 1.5 % per 1 °C.					
IP code	IP2	20				
Max. weight	3.5	kg				

⁽¹⁾ For other mains chokes available at SIEB & MEYER refer to the appendix (see page 178).

⁽²⁾ If the motor lines are longer than 5 m, use an external line filter to comply with the standard EMC Directive 2014/30/EU. You find a list of the line filters available at SIEB & MEYER in the appendix (see page 178).

⁽³⁾ An overview of all mains fuses suitable for the SD2S series you can find in the appendix (see page 176).

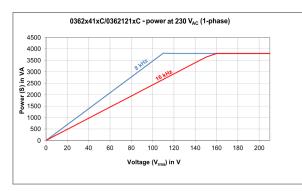
⁽⁴⁾ The logic supply is necessary to maintain the error messages.



Rated current derating

Drive function ⁽¹⁾	SEF	RVO		; VF- VM	HSBL	OCK (\	with ser	nsor)		ŀ	ISPWI	Л	
PWM frequency [kHz]	8	16	8	16	8	16	32	64	8	16	32	64	128
0362121IC rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	_	_	20	14	_	-	_	_	20	20	20	17	10
0362121EC rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	_	-	20	14	_	-	-	-	20	20	20	17	10
0362x41IC rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	20	14	20	14	23	18.8	14.7	9.8	20	20	20	17	10
0362x41EC(A) rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	20	14	20	14	21.2	18.8	14.7	9.8	20	20	20	17	10

⁽¹⁾ For more information on the possible drive functions of your device, refer to <u>chapter "Functional Overview of the Device Variants"</u>, page 25.



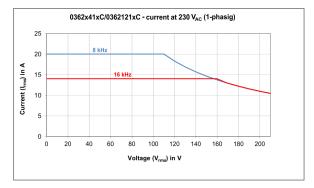
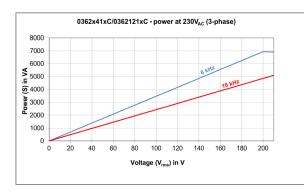
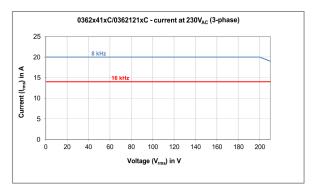


Fig. 13: Output characteristics of 0362x41xC(A) / 0362121xC (1-phase mains supply) in SERVO/SVC or VF-PWM mode





 $\textit{Fig. 14: Output characteristics of 0362x41xC(A) / 0362121xC (3-phase \textit{ mains supply) in SERVO/SVC or \textit{VF-PWM mode}} \\$



6.2.2.2 Mains supply 480 V_{AC}

Device variant	0362x41xF	/ 0362121xF			
Performance range	IF	EF			
Continuous phase current of output stage (±3 %)	20 A _p /	14 A _{rms}			
Peak phase current of output stage (±3 %)	80 A _p / 56 A _{rms}	40 A _p / 28 A _{rms}			
Max. time for peak current	2 s	5 s / 3 s ⁽¹⁾			
Max. temperature of the output stage	75	°C			
Max. output frequency	4000	0 Hz			
Output frequency stability	≤ 0.	2 %			
Mains supply (3-phase)	200 V _{AC} -10 % to 50 Hz <i>i</i>	o 480V _{AC} +10 % / 60 Hz			
Required mains choke	25 A, article N	o. 13015802 ⁽²⁾			
Short circuit current rating (SCCR)	300	00 A			
Line filter	The internal line file	ter meets the inter-			
	ference limits of the	ne category C3. ⁽³⁾			
Mains fuse	• •	S A			
	e.g. Siemens 5SE1 316, type NEOZED D01 ⁽⁴⁾				
DC link voltage	280 V _{DC} -10 % to 675 V _{DC} +10 %				
Output power S1	9.7 kVA at 14	A _{rms} / 400 V _{AC}			
Mains phase current at rated power	16	5 A			
Logic supply ⁽⁵⁾	18 to 28 V	′ _{DC} (0.5 A)			
Power loss of logic unit	12	W			
Power loss of power unit	Max. 5 % of the output m	e output motor power, at least 20 W			
Min. external ballast resistor	22	! Ω			
Internal ballast resistor	22 Ω /	7 50 W			
Ballast threshold	800	V_{DC}			
Overvoltage threshold	850	V_{DC}			
Undervoltage threshold	40 '	V_{DC}			
Ambient temperature range	5 °C to 60 °C at a maximum relative humidity of 85 % (without moisture condensation) 100 % rated current up to max. 40 °C. At higher temperatures the power must be reduced by 1.5 % per 1 °C.				
IP code	IP	20			
Max. weight	3.5	kg			

⁽¹⁾ Device version 3.300 and higher

⁽²⁾ For other mains chokes available at SIEB & MEYER refer to the appendix (see page 178).

⁽³⁾ If the motor lines are longer than 5 m, use an external line filter to comply with the standard EMC Directive 2014/30/EU. You find a list of the line filters available at SIEB & MEYER in the appendix (see page 178).

⁽⁴⁾ An overview of all mains fuses suitable for the SD2S series you can find in the appendix (see page 176).

 $^{^{(5)}}$ The logic supply is necessary to maintain the error messages.

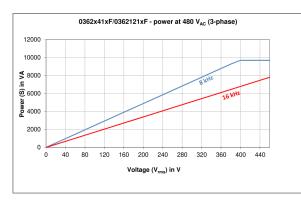


Rated current derating

Drive function ⁽¹⁾	ion ⁽¹⁾ SERVO		SERVO SVC; VF- HSBLOCK (with sensor)		HSPWM					
PWM frequency [kHz]	8	16	8	16	8	16	8	16	32	64
0362121IF rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	_	-	14.1	9.9	-	-	20	15.5	10	5
0362121EF rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	_	-	14.1	9.9	-	-	20	15.5	10/ 12 ⁽²⁾	5/ 8.5 ⁽²⁾
0362x41IF rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	14.1	9.9	14.1	9.9	14.7	8.2	20	15.5	10	5
0362x41EF rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	14.1	9.9	14.1	9.9	14.7	9.9	20	15.5	10 ⁽¹²²⁾	5/ 8.5 ²

⁽¹⁾ For more information on the possible drive functions of your device, refer to <u>chapter "Functional Overview of the Device Variants"</u>, page 25.

⁽²⁾ Device version 3.300 and higher



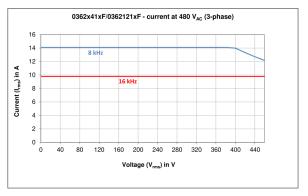


Fig. 15: Output characteristics for 0362x41xF/0362121xF (3-phase mains supply) in SERVO/SVC- or VF-PWM mode



6.2.3 Connectors

The gray-colored connectors are only available on the following device variants:

- X6, X7, X17 (measuring systems): 0362x41xx(A)
- ► X64, X65 (EtherCAT option): 0362241xx

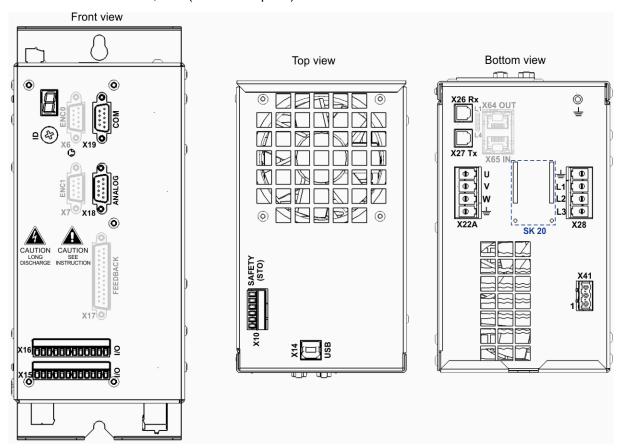


Fig. 16: Connectors on the device variants 0362x41xx(A) / 0362121xx

Connector	Meaning	Description
ID	Address selection switch of device	<u>page 87</u>
X6 ENC0	Encoder 0 input	<u>page 87</u>
X7 ENC1	Encoder 1 input / output	<u>page 88</u>
X10 Safety (STO)	Safety circuit / restart lock (STO)	<u>page 88</u>
X14 USB	USB interface for parameter setting ⁽¹⁾	<u>page 89</u>
X15 I/O	Digital outputs	<u>page 89</u>
X16 I/O	Digital inputs	<u>page 92</u>
X17 Feedback	Resolver ⁽²⁾ / sine cosine encoder / incremental encoder TTL / Hall encoder / linear Hall encoder / field plate sensor / EnDat encoder / Hiperface encoder / RENISHAW BiSS C	page 95
X18 Analog	Analog signals	<u>page 97</u>
X19 COM	COM interface	<u>page 98</u>
X22A	Motor connection	<u>page 98</u>
X26 Rx	SERVOLINK 4 optical input	<u>page 99</u>
X27 Tx	SERVOLINK 4 optical output	<u>page 99</u>
X28	Mains supply	<u>page 101</u>
X41	External ballast resistor	page 102
X64 OUT	EtherCAT slave output	page 109
X65 IN	EtherCAT slave input	
<u></u>	Device housing ground	page 139



Connector	Meaning	Description
	Mounting holes for shield connection clamp SK 20 by Phoenix (comprised in connector kit)	page 134

⁽¹⁾ This connector is not available on older devices of variant 0362141xx.

Note

You can order the appropriate connector kit for the device variants 0362x41xx(A) and 0362121xx (article No. 32299546) at SIEB & MEYER.

 $^{^{\}left(2\right)}$ Resolver evaluation is not implemented in device variant 0362x41ECA.



6.3 Compact Device 0362x42DC

Features of SD2S device variant 0362x42DC:

- integrated power supply unit, 1-phase power supply
- ► controlled DC link voltage 0 350 V (can be used to operate low voltage motors without mains transformer)
- sensorless pulse amplitude modulation (FPAM) possible
- ► fieldbus option:
 - 0362142DC = without fieldbus interface
 - 0362<u>2</u>42DC = with EtherCAT interface

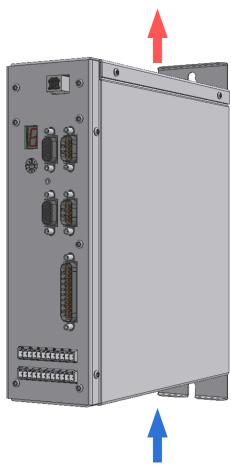


Fig. 17: Device view of 0362x42DC

NOTICE

Restriction of cooling air flow

If the air flow cooling the device is obstructed, the device could overheat and possibly become damaged.

- → When installing the device, pay attention to the direction of air flow through the internally installed fan [arrows].
- → For sufficient cooling the ventilation inlets and outlets must be kept free by a space of min. 10 cm.



6.3.1 Dimensions

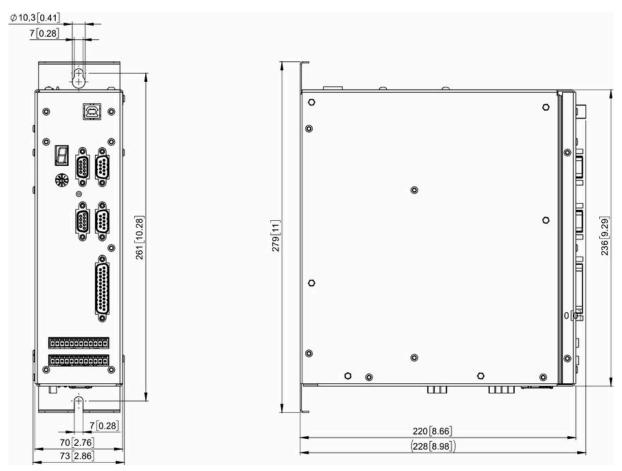


Fig. 18: Dimensions of 0362x42DC in mm [inch]



6.3.2 Technical Data

Device variant	0362x42DC
Continuous phase current of output stage in servo mode (±3 %)	14 A_p / 10 A_{rms} (f_{PWM} = 8 kHz)
Peak phase current of output stage (±3 %)	20 A _p / 14 A _{rms}
Max. time for peak current	2 s
Max. temperature of the output stage	75° C
Max. output frequency	8000 Hz
Output frequency stability	≤ 0.2 %
Mains supply (1-phase)	115 V _{AC} -10 % to 250 V _{AC} +10 % 50 Hz / 60 Hz
Required mains choke	10 A, article No. 13015834 ⁽¹⁾
Short circuit current rating (SCCR)	1000 A
Line filter	The internal line filter meets the interference limits of the category C3 up to a motor length of 30 m.
Mains fuse	16 A
	e.g. Siemens 5SE1 316, type NEOZED D01 ⁽²⁾
DC link voltage	adjustable up to 155 V (at 115 V_{AC}) and up to 350 V (at 250 V_{AC})
Output power S1	1.5 kVA at 220 V _{AC}
Mains phase current at rated power	8 A (1-phase)
Logic supply ⁽³⁾	18 to 28 V _{DC} (0.5 A)
Power loss of logic unit	12 W
Power loss of power unit	Max. 5 % of the output motor power, at least 20 W
Min. external ballast resistor	22 Ω
	max. pulse load 8.4 kWs
Internal ballast resistor	22 Ω / 80 W
Ballast threshold	max. pulse load 5 kWs 430 V _{DC}
Overvoltage threshold	450 V _{DC}
	40 V _{DC}
Undervoltage threshold	20
Ambient temperature range	5 °C to 60 °C at a maximum relative humid- ity of 85 % (without moisture condensation) 100 % rated current up to max. 40 °C. At higher temper- atures the power must be reduced by 1.5 % per 1 °C.
IP code	IP20
Max. weight	3.25 kg

⁽¹⁾ For other mains chokes available at SIEB & MEYER refer to the appendix (see page 178).

⁽²⁾ An overview of all mains fuses suitable for the SD2S series you can find in the appendix (see page 176).

⁽³⁾ The logic supply is necessary to maintain the error messages.



6.3.3 Connectors

The gray-colored connectors X64 and X65 (EtherCAT option) are only available on device variant 0362242DC:

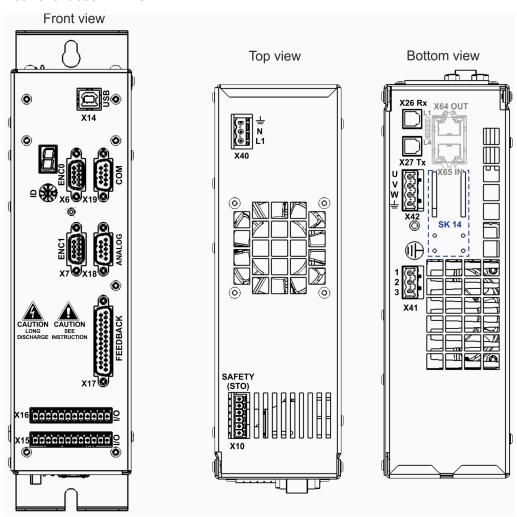


Fig. 19: Connectors of device variant 0362x42DC

Connector	Meaning	Description
ID	Address selection switch of device	<u>page 87</u>
X6 ENC0	Encoder 0 input	<u>page 87</u>
X7 ENC1	Encoder 1 input / output	<u>page 88</u>
X10 Safety (STO)	Safety circuit / restart lock (STO)	<u>page 88</u>
X14 USB	USB interface for parameter setting	page 89
X15 I/O	Digital outputs	<u>page 89</u>
16 I/O	Digital inputs	page 92
X17 Feedback	Sine cosine encoder / incremental encoder TTL / Hall encoder / linear Hall encoder / field plate sensor / EnDat encoder / Hiperface encoder	page 95
X18 Analog	Analog signals	<u>page 97</u>
X19 COM	COM interface	page 98
X26 Rx	SERVOLINK 4 optical input	page 99
X27 Tx	SERVOLINK 4 optical output	<u>page 99</u>
X40	Mains supply	page 102
X41	External ballast resistor	page 102
X42	Motor connection	page 103



Connector	Meaning	Description
X64 OUT	EtherCAT slave output	page 109
X65 IN	EtherCAT slave input	
	Device housing ground	page 139
SK 14	Mounting holes for shield connection clamp SK 14 by Phoenix (comprised in connector kit)	page 134

Note

You can order the appropriate connector kit for the device variant 0362x42DC (article No. 32299602) at SIEB & MEYER.



6.4 Compact Device 0362x42EC

Features of SD2S device variant 0362x42EC:

- ► integrated power supply unit, 1- and 3-phase power supply (In order to comply with the EMC Directive 2014/30/EU an external line filter is necessary.)
- ► controlled DC link voltage 0 310 V (can be used to operate low voltage motors without mains transformer)
- sensorless pulse amplitude modulation (FPAM) possible
- ► fieldbus option:
 - 0362142EC = without fieldbus interface
 - 0362242EC = with EtherCAT interface

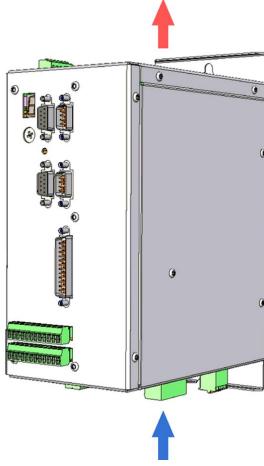


Fig. 20: Device view of 0362x42EC

NOTICE

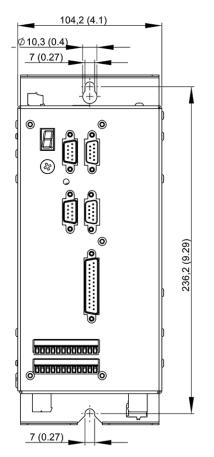
Restriction of cooling air flow

If the air flow cooling the device is obstructed, the device could overheat and possibly become damaged.

- → When installing the device, pay attention to the direction of air flow through the internally installed fan [arrows].
- → For sufficient cooling the ventilation inlets and outlets must be kept free by a space of min. 10 cm.



6.4.1 Dimensions



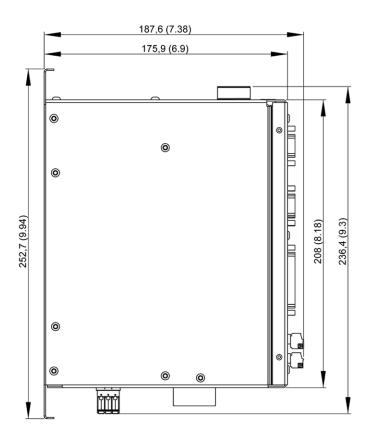


Fig. 21: Dimensions of 0362x42EC in mm (inch)



6.4.2 Technical Data

Device variant		0362x42EC					
Continuous phase current stage in servo mode (±3 %			14 A _p / 1	10 A _{rms} (f _{PWM}	= 8 kHz)		
Peak phase current of out (±3 %)	put stage	40 A _p / 28 A _{rms}					
Max. time for peak current				2 s			
Max. temperature of the output stage				75° C			
Max. output frequency				8000 Hz			
Output frequency stability				≤ 0.2 %			
Mains supply (1- or 3-pha	se)		115 V _{AC} -	10 % to 230 \ 50 Hz / 60 Hz			
Required mains choke (3-	phase)		16 A, a	rticle No. 130	15801 ⁽¹⁾		
Short circuit current rating	(SCCR)			1000 A			
Line filter	1-phase		20 A, a	rticle No. 3506	63080 ⁽²⁾		
	3-phase		50 A, a	rticle No. 3506	63103 ⁽²⁾		
Mains fuse	1-phase	20 /	A, e.g. Siemer	ns 5SD4 30, ty	/pe DIAZED Γ)II ⁽³⁾	
	3-phase	16 A,	e.g. Siemens	5SE1 316, ty	pe NEOZED [D01 ⁽³⁾	
DC link voltage		adjustable up to 155 V (at 115 V _{AC}) and up to 310 V (at 230 V _{AC})					
Output power S1		1.9 kVA at 11 A _{rms} / 100 V _{AC} 3.8 kVA at 11 A _{rms} / 200 V _{AC}					
Mains phase current at	1-phase			20 A			
rated power	3-phase	12 A					
Drive function ⁽⁴⁾		SERV	O; SVC		(with sen- (sensorless)	VF-PAM	
PWM frequency [kHz]		8	16	16	32	8	
Rated current S1 [A _{rms}]		10	10	8.16	6.94	10	
Logic supply ⁽⁵⁾			18	to 28 V _{DC} (0.5	5 A)		
Power loss of logic unit		12 W					
Power loss of power unit		Max. 5 % of the output motor power, at least 20 W					
Min. external ballast resist	tor	10 Ω					
Internal ballast resistor		22 Ω / 50 W					
Ballast threshold		380 V _{DC}					
Overvoltage threshold		410 V _{DC}					
Undervoltage threshold	40 V _{DC}						
Ambient temperature rang	5 °C to 60 °C at a maximum relative humid- ity of 85 % (without moisture condensation) 100 % rated current up to max. 40 °C. At higher temper- atures the power must be reduced by 1.5 % per 1 °C.						
IP code		IP20					
Max. weight		4 kg					

⁽¹⁾ For other mains chokes available at SIEB & MEYER refer to the appendix (see page 178).

 $^{^{(2)}}$ Use an external line filter to comply with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU. For other line filters available at SIEB & MEYER refer to the appendix (see <u>page 178</u>).

⁽³⁾ An overview of all mains fuses suitable for the SD2S series you can find in the appendix (see page 176).

⁽⁴⁾ For more information on the possible drive functions of your device, refer to <u>chapter "Functional Overview of the Device Variants"</u>, page 25.

 $^{^{(5)}}$ The logic supply is necessary to maintain the error messages.



6.4.3 Connectors

The gray-colored connectors X64 and X65 (EtherCAT option) are only available on device variant 0362242EC.

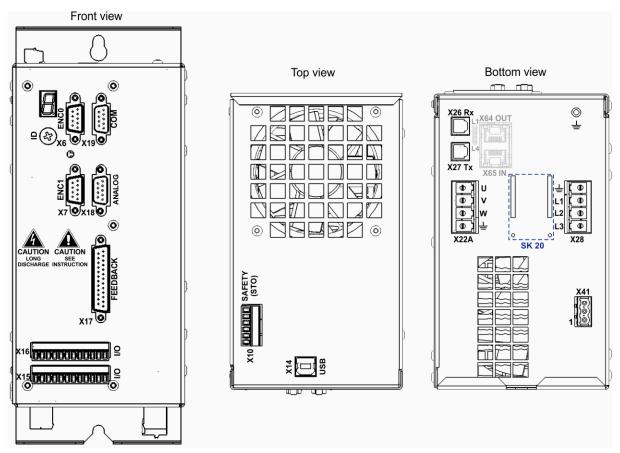


Fig. 22: Connectors of device variant 0362x42EC

Connector	Meaning	Description
ID	Address selection switch of device	<u>page 87</u>
X6 ENC0	Encoder 0 input	<u>page 87</u>
X7 ENC1	Encoder 1 input / output	<u>page 88</u>
X10 Safety (STO)	Safety circuit / restart lock (STO)	<u>page 88</u>
X14 USB	USB interface for parameter setting	<u>page 89</u>
X15 I/O	Digital outputs	<u>page 89</u>
X16 I/O	Digital inputs	<u>page 92</u>
X17 Feedback	Sine cosine encoder / incremental encoder TTL / Hall encoder / linear Hall encoder / field plate sensor / EnDat encoder / Hiperface encoder	page 95
X18 Analog	Analog signals	<u>page 97</u>
X19 COM	COM interface	<u>page 98</u>
X22A	Motor connection	<u>page 98</u>
X26 Rx	SERVOLINK 4 optical input	<u>page 99</u>
X27 Tx	SERVOLINK 4 optical output	<u>page 99</u>
X28	Mains supply	<u>page 101</u>
X41	External ballast resistor	page 102
X64 OUT	EtherCAT slave output	page 109
X65 IN	EtherCAT slave input	
-	Device housing ground	page 139
SK 20	Mounting holes for shield connection clamp SK 20 by Phoenix (comprised in connector kit)	page 134

Device Variants SD2S



Note

You can order the appropriate connector kit for the device variant 0362x42EC (article No. 32299546) at SIEB & MEYER.



6.5 Compact Device 0362x43xx

Features of device variant 0362x43xx (SD2S Light):

- ► integrated power supply unit, 1- and 3-phase power supply (In order to comply with the EMC Directive 2014/30/EU an external line filter is necessary.)
- ► controlled DC link voltage 0 310 V (can be used to operate low-voltage motors without mains transformer)
- only sensorless drive functions FPAM and VF-PAM available (see chapter "Functional Overview of the Device Variants", page 25)
- safety circuit
- fieldbus option:
 - 0362143xx = without fieldbus interface
 - 0362243xx = with EtherCAT interface

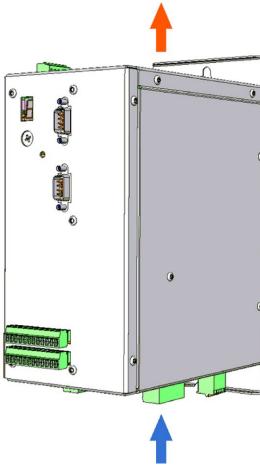


Fig. 23: Device view 0362x43xx

NOTICE

Restriction of cooling air flow

If the air flow cooling the device is obstructed, the device could overheat and possibly become damaged.

- → When installing the device, pay attention to the direction of air flow through the internally installed fan [arrows].
- → For sufficient cooling the ventilation inlets and outlets must be kept free by a space of min. 10 cm.



6.5.1 Dimensions

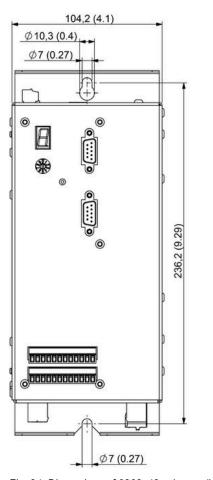


Fig. 24: Dimensions of 0362x43xx in mm (inch)



6.5.2 Technical Data

Device variant		0362x43EC					
Continuous phase current stage in servo mode (±3 %		14 /	$A_p / 10 A_{rms} (f_{PWM} = 8 k)$	Hz)			
Peak phase current of out	•	40 A _p / 28 A _{rms}					
Max. time for peak curren	t	2 \$					
Max. temperature of the o	Max. temperature of the output stage		75° C				
Max. output frequency			8000 Hz				
Output frequency stability			≤ 0.2 %				
Mains supply (1- or 3-pha	se)	115 \	/ _{AC} -10 % to 230 V _{AC} + 50 Hz / 60 Hz	10 %			
Required mains choke (3-	phase)	16	A, article No. 1301580	1 ⁽¹⁾			
Short circuit current rating	(SCCR)		1000 A				
Line filter	1-phase	20	A, article No. 3506308	0 ⁽²⁾			
	3-phase		A, article No. 3506310				
Mains fuse	1-phase		emens 5SD4 30, type D				
	3-phase	16 A, e.g. Siemens 5SE1 316, type NEOZED D01 ⁽³⁾					
DC link voltage	•	adjustable up to 155 V (at 115 V_{AC}) and up to 310 V (at 230 V_{AC})					
Output power S1		1.9 kVA at 11 A _{rms} / 100 V _{AC} 3.8 kVA at 11 A _{rms} / 200 V _{AC}					
Mains phase current at	1-phase		20 A	7.0			
rated power	3-phase		12 A				
Drive function ⁽⁴⁾		FPAM (se	ensorless)	VF-PAM			
PWM frequency [kHz]		16	32	8			
Rated current S1 [A _{rms}]		11.4	11.4	10			
Logic supply ⁽⁵⁾			18 to 28 V _{DC} (0.5 A)				
Power loss of logic unit		12 W					
Power loss of power unit		Max. 5 % of the	he output motor power,	at least 20 W			
Min. external ballast resis	tor	10 Ω					
Internal ballast resistor			22 Ω / 50 W				
Ballast threshold		380 V _{DC}					
Overvoltage threshold		410 V _{DC}					
Undervoltage threshold		40 V _{DC}					
Ambient temperature rang	ge	5 °C to 60 °C at a maximum relative humidity of 85 % (without moisture condensation) 100 % rated current up to max. 40 °C. At higher temperatures the power must be reduced by 1.5 % per 1 °C.					
IP code		IP20					
Max. weight		4 kg					

⁽¹⁾ For other mains chokes available at SIEB & MEYER refer to the appendix (see page 178).

⁽²⁾ Use an external line filter to comply with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU. For other line filters available at SIEB & MEYER refer to the appendix (see <u>page 178</u>).

 $^{^{(3)}}$ An overview of all mains fuses suitable for the SD2S series you can find in the appendix (see page 176).

⁽⁴⁾ For more information on the possible drive functions of your device, refer to <u>chapter "Functional Overview of the Device Variants"</u>, page 25.

⁽⁵⁾ The logic supply is necessary to maintain the error messages.



6.5.3 Connectors

The gray-colored connectors X64 and X65 (EtherCAT option) are only available on device variant 0362243xx:

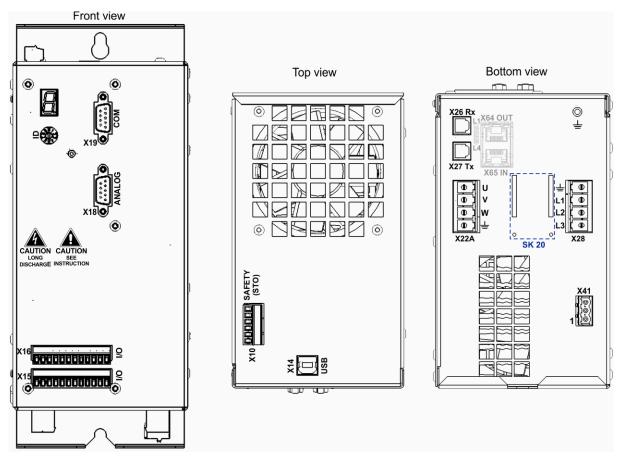


Fig. 25: Connectors of device variant 0362x43xx

Connector	Meaning	Description
ID	Address selection switch of device	<u>page 87</u>
X10 Safety (STO)	Safety circuit / restart lock (STO)	<u>page 88</u>
X14 USB	USB interface for parameter setting	page 89
X15 I/O	Digital outputs	page 89
X16 I/O	Digital inputs	<u>page 92</u>
X18 Analog	Analog signals	<u>page 97</u>
X19 COM	COM interface	page 98
X22A	Motor connection	page 98
X26 Rx	SERVOLINK 4 optical input	page 99
X27 Tx	SERVOLINK 4 optical output	page 99
X28	Mains supply	page 101
X41	External ballast resistor	page 102
X64 OUT	EtherCAT slave output	page 109
X65 IN	EtherCAT slave input	
-	Device housing ground	page 139
SK 20	Mounting holes for shield connection clamp SK 20 by Phoenix (comprised in connector kit)	page 134



Note

You can order the appropriate connector kit for the device variant 0362x43xx (article No. 32299546) at SIEB & MEYER.



6.6 Compact Device 0362144xx

Features of SD2S device variant 0362144xx:

- ► integrated power supply unit, 3-phase power supply (In order to comply with the EMC Directive 2014/30/EU an external line filter is necessary.)
- ► controlled DC link voltage 0 530 V (can be used to operate low-voltage motors without mains transformer)
- sensorless pulse amplitude modulation (FPAM) possible
- safety circuit



Fig. 26: Device view 0362144xx

NOTICE

Restriction of cooling air flow

If the air flow cooling the device is obstructed, the device could overheat and possibly become damaged.

- → When installing the device, pay attention to the direction of air flow through the internally installed fan [arrows].
- → For sufficient cooling the ventilation inlets and outlets must be kept free by a space of min. 10 cm.



6.6.1 Dimensions

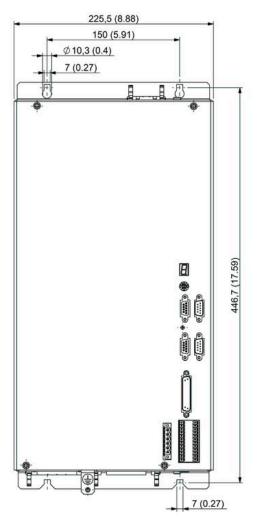
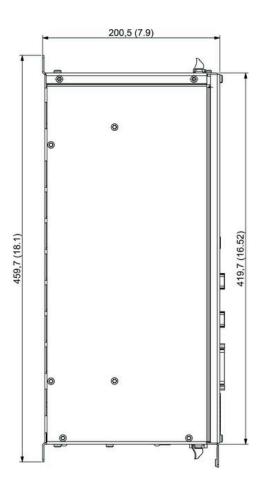


Fig. 27: Dimensions of 0362144xx in mm (inch)





6.6.2 Technical Data

Device variant	03621	44EF			
Continuous phase current of output stage (±3 %)	32.5 A _p /	32.5 A _p / 23 A _{rms}			
Peak phase current of output stage (±3 %)	40 A _p / 28.3 A _{rms}				
Max. time for peak current	5 s				
Max. temperature of the output stage	75° C				
Max. output frequency	8000 Hz				
Output frequency stability	≤ 0.2 %				
Mains supply (3-phase) ⁽¹⁾	200 V _{AC} -10 % to 480 V _{AC} +10 % 50 Hz / 60 Hz				
Short circuit current rating (SC-CR)	3000 A				
Mains fuse	30 A e.g. Siemens 5SD4 80, type DIAZED DII ⁽²⁾				
DC link voltage	adjustable up to 325 V (at 230 V_{AC}), up to 565 V (at 400 V_{AC}) and up to 680 V (at 480 V_{AC})				
Output power S1	15.9 kVA at 23 A _{rms} / 400 V _{AC}				
Mains phase current at rated power	26 A				
Drive function ⁽³⁾	HSBLOCK (with sensor), FPAM (sensorless)	VF-PAM			
PWM frequency [kHz]	16	16			
Rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	23	23			
Logic supply (4)	18 to 28 V _{DC} (2 A)				
Power loss of logic unit	12 W				
Power loss of power unit					
Min. external ballast resistor	22 Ω				
Internal ballast resistor	$16.5~\Omega$ / $500~W$ max. pulse load 36 kWs				
Ballast threshold	800 V _{DC}				
Overvoltage threshold	850 V _{DC}				
Undervoltage threshold	40 V _{DC}				
Ambient temperature range	5 °C to 60 °C at a maximum relative humidity of 85 % (without moisture condensation) 100 % rated current up to max. 40 °C. At higher temperatures the power must be reduced by 1.5 % per 1 °C.				
IP code	IP20				
Max. weight	18	3.2			

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Use an external line filter to comply with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU. For line filters available at SIEB & MEYER refer to the appendix (see <u>page 178</u>).

⁽²⁾ An overview of all mains fuses suitable for the SD2S series you can find in the appendix (see page 176).

⁽³⁾ For more information on the possible drive functions of your device, refer to <u>chapter "Functional Overview of the Device Variants"</u>, page 25.

⁽⁴⁾ It is essential that the logic is supplied with voltage.



6.6.3 Connectors

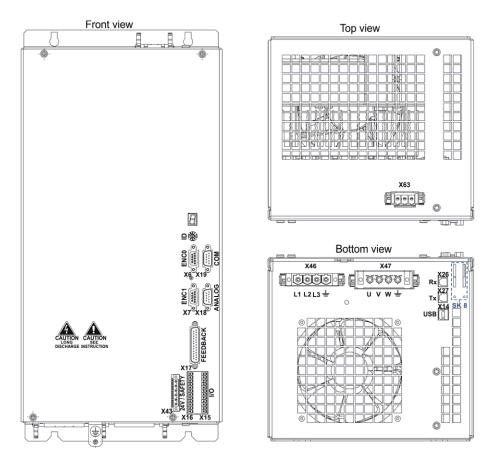


Fig. 28: Connectors of device variant 0362144xx

Connector	Meaning	Description
ID	Address selection switch of device	page 87
X6 ENC0	Encoder 0 input	<u>page 87</u>
X7 ENC1	Encoder 1 input / output	<u>page 88</u>
X14 USB	USB interface for parameter setting	<u>page 89</u>
X15 I/O	Digital outputs	<u>page 89</u>
X16 I/O	Digital inputs	<u>page 92</u>
X17 Feedback	Sine cosine encoder / incremental encoder TTL / Hall encoder / linear Hall encoder / field plate sensor / EnDat encoder / Hiperface encoder	page 95
X18 Analog	Analog signals	<u>page 97</u>
X19 COM	COM interface	<u>page 98</u>
X26 Rx	SERVOLINK 4 optical input	<u>page 99</u>
X27 Tx	SERVOLINK 4 optical output	<u>page 99</u>
X43 Safety	24 V supply; safety circuit / restart lock (STO)	page 104
X46	Mains supply	page 105
X47	Motor connection	page 106
X63	External ballast resistor	page 108
SK 8	Mounting holes for shield connection clamp SK 8 by Phoenix (comprised in connector kit)	page 134

Note

You can order the appropriate connector kit for the device variant 0362144xx (article No.. 32299566) at SIEB & MEYER.



6.7 Compact Device 0362x45xx

Features of the SD2S device variant 0362x45xx:

- ► integrated power supply unit, 3-phase mains supply (to comply with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU an external line filter is necessary)
- safety circuit
- designed for high outputs
- ▶ 0362<u>1</u>45xx: standard design without fieldbus interface
 - facelift with device version 4.200 and higher (available since June 2017)
- ▶ 0362245xx: design with EtherCAT interface



Fig. 29: Device view 0362145xx (device version < 4.200)



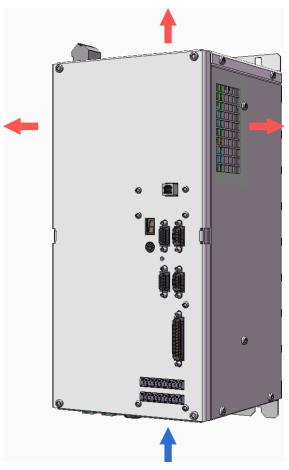


Fig. 30: Device view 0362145xx with facelift (device version ≥ 4.200) and 0362245xx

NOTICE

Restriction of cooling air flow

If the air flow cooling the device is obstructed, the device could overheat and possibly become damaged.

- → When installing the device, pay attention to the direction of air flow through the internally installed fan [arrows].
- → For sufficient cooling the ventilation inlets and outlets must be kept free by a space of min. 10 cm.



6.7.1 Dimensions

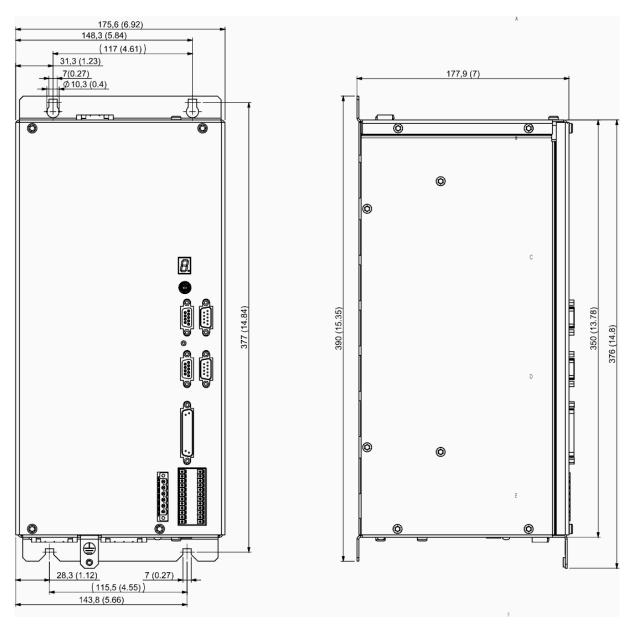


Fig. 31: Dimensions of 0362145xx (device version < 4.200) in mm (inch)



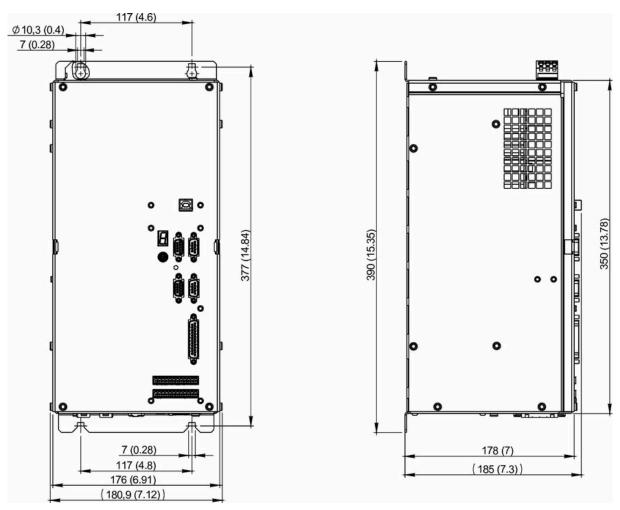


Fig. 32: Dimensions of 0362145xx with facelift (device version ≥ 4.200) and 0362245xx in mm (inch)



6.7.2 Technical Data

Mains supply 480 V_{AC}

Device variant	0362x45EF	0362x45IF			
Continuous phase current of output stage (±3 %)	32.5 A _p / 23 A _{rms}	42.4 A _p / 30 A _{rms}			
Peak phase current of output stage (±3 %)	40 A _p / 28.3 A _{rms}	80 A _p / 56.6 A _{rms}			
Max. time for peak current	5 s	2 s			
Max. temperature of the output stage	75°	°C			
Max. output frequency	4000) Hz			
Output frequency stability	≤ 0.2 %				
Mains supply (3-phase)	200 V _{AC} -10 % to 480 V _{AC} +10 % 50 Hz / 60 Hz				
Required mains choke	35 A, article No. 13015803 ⁽¹⁾				
Short circuit current rating (SCCR)	300	0 A			
Required line filter	50 A, article No	o. 35063103 ⁽²⁾			
Mains fuse	30 A e.g. Siemens 5SD4 80, type DIAZED DII ⁽³⁾	50 A e.g. Siemens 5SD4 60, type DIAZED DIII ⁽³⁾			
DC link voltage	280 V _{DC} -10 % to 675 V _{DC} +10 %				
Output power S1	15.9 kVA at 23 A _{rms} / 400 V _{AC}	20.8 kVA at 30 A _{rms} / 400 V _{AC}			
Mains phase current at rated power	26 A	32 A			
Logic supply (4)	18 - 28 V _{DC} (0	.9 A / 24 V _{DC})			
Power loss of logic unit	22	W			
Power loss of power unit	PWM frequency 8 kHz = 320 W PWM frequency 16 kHz = 430 W	PWM frequency 8 kHz = 450 W PWM frequency 16 kHz = 480 W			
Min. external ballast resistor	22 Ω max. pulse load 29 kWs	22 Ω max. pulse load 29 kWs			
Internal ballast resistor	33 Ω / 250 W max. pulse load 17 kWs				
Ballast threshold	800 V _{DC}				
Overvoltage threshold	850 V _{DC}				
Undervoltage threshold	40 V _{DC}				
Ambient temperature range	5 °C to 60 °C at a maximum relative humidity of 85 % (without moisture condensation) 100 % rated current up to max. 40 °C. At higher temperatures the power must be reduced by 1.5 % per 1 °C.				
IP code	IP2	20			
Max. weight	7.8	kg			

⁽¹⁾ For other mains chokes available at SIEB & MEYER refer to the appendix (see page 178).

Rated current derating

Drive function ⁽¹⁾	SERVO; SVC; VF-PWM		HSBLOCK (with sensor)			HSPWM				
PWM frequency [kHz]	8	16	8	16	32	64	8	16	32	64
0362x45EF rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	23	23	23	21	18	10	23	23	21	17
0362x45IF rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	30	25	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-

⁽¹⁾ For more information on the possible drive functions of your device, refer to <u>chapter "Functional Overview of the Device Variants"</u>, page 25.

⁽²⁾ Use an external line filter to comply with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU. For other line filters available at SIEB & MEYER refer to the appendix (see page 178).

⁽³⁾ An overview of all mains fuses suitable for the SD2S series you can find in the appendix (see page 176).

⁽⁴⁾ It is essential that the logic is supplied with voltage.





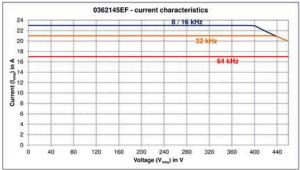


Fig. 33: Output characteristics for 0362x45EF in HSPWM mode

6.7.3 Connectors

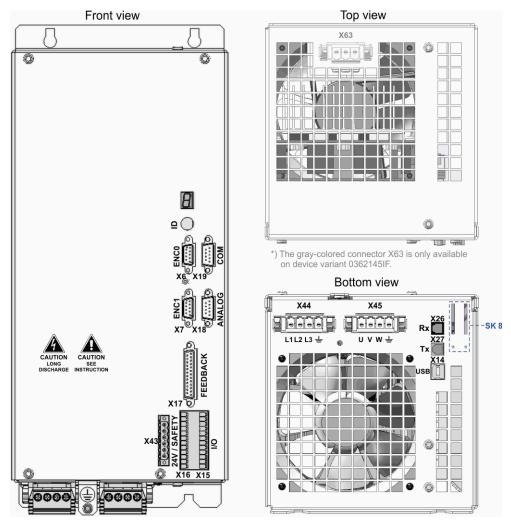


Fig. 34: Connectors of 0362145xx (device version < 4.200)



The gray-colored connectors X64 and X65 (EtherCAT option) are only available on device variant 0362245xx:

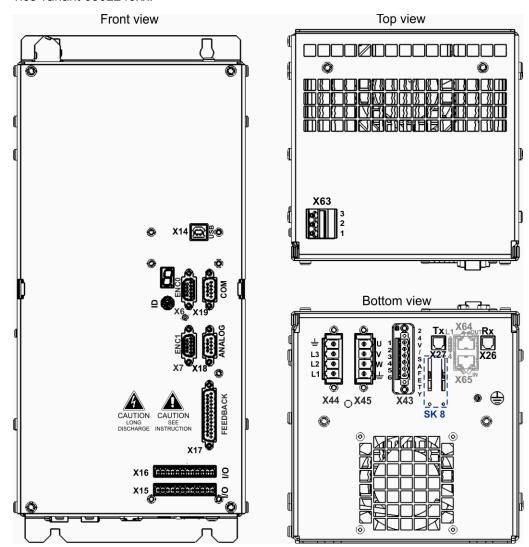


Fig. 35: Connectors 0362145xx with facelift (device version ≥ 4.200) and 0362245xx

Connector	Meaning	Description
ID	Address selection switch of device	<u>page 87</u>
X6 ENC0	Encoder 0 input	<u>page 87</u>
X7 ENC1	Encoder 1 input / output	<u>page 88</u>
X14 USB	USB interface for parameter setting	<u>page 89</u>
X15 I/O	Digital outputs	<u>page 89</u>
X16 I/O	Digital inputs	<u>page 92</u>
X17 Feedback	Sine cosine encoder / incremental encoder TTL / Hall encoder / linear Hall encoder / field plate sensor / EnDat encoder / Hiperface encoder	<u>page 95</u>
X18 Analog	Analog signals	<u>page 97</u>
X19 COM	COM interface	page 98
X26 Rx	SERVOLINK 4 optical input	<u>page 99</u>
X27 Tx	SERVOLINK 4 optical output	<u>page 99</u>
X43 Safety	24 V supply; safety circuit / restart lock (STO)	page 104
X44	Mains supply	page 104
X45	Motor connection	<u>page 105</u>
X63	External ballast resistor (0362x45IF only)	page 108
X64 OUT	EtherCAT slave output	<u>page 109</u>
X65 IN	EtherCAT slave input	



Connector	Meaning	Description
Device housing ground via PE lug (device version < 4.2		_
	Device housing ground via PE screw at the bottom (after facelift: device version 4.200 and higher)	page 139
SK 8	Mounting holes for shield connection clamp SK 8 by Phoenix	page 134
	(included in connector kit) ⁽¹⁾	

⁽¹⁾ Older devices do not yet provide the mounting holes for the shield connection clamp.

Note

You can order the appropriate connector kit for the device variant 0362x45xx (article No. 32299565) at SIEB & MEYER.



6.8 Compact Device 0362x46xx

Features of the SD2S device variant 0362x46xx:

- ► integrated power supply unit, 3-phase mains supply (to comply with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU an external line filter is necessary)
- safety circuit
- designed for high outputs
- ▶ 0362<u>1</u>46xx: standard design without fieldbus interface
 - facelift with device version 4.200 and higher (available since October 2017)
- ▶ 0362246xx: design with EtherCAT interface



Fig. 36: Device view 0362146xx (device version < 4.200)



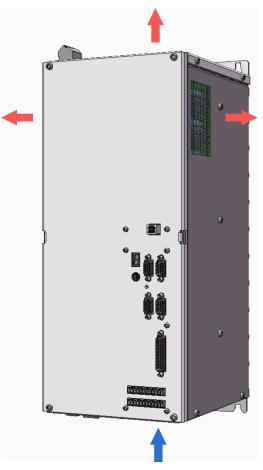


Fig. 37: Device view 0362146xx with facelift (device version ≥ 4.200) and 0362246xx

NOTICE

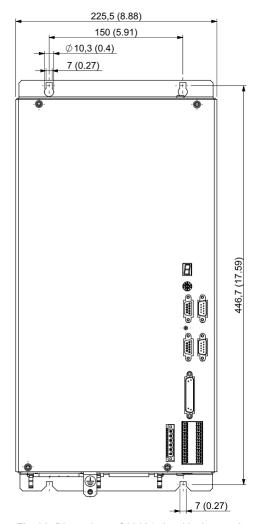
Restriction of cooling air flow

If the air flow cooling the device is obstructed, the device could overheat and possibly become damaged.

- → When installing the device, pay attention to the direction of air flow through the internally installed fan [arrows].
- → For sufficient cooling the ventilation inlets and outlets must be kept free by a space of min. 10 cm.



6.8.1 Dimensions



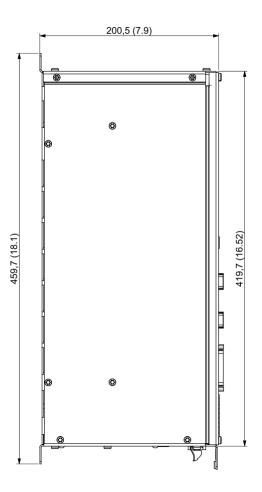


Fig. 38: Dimensions of 0362146xx (device version < 4.200) in mm (inch)



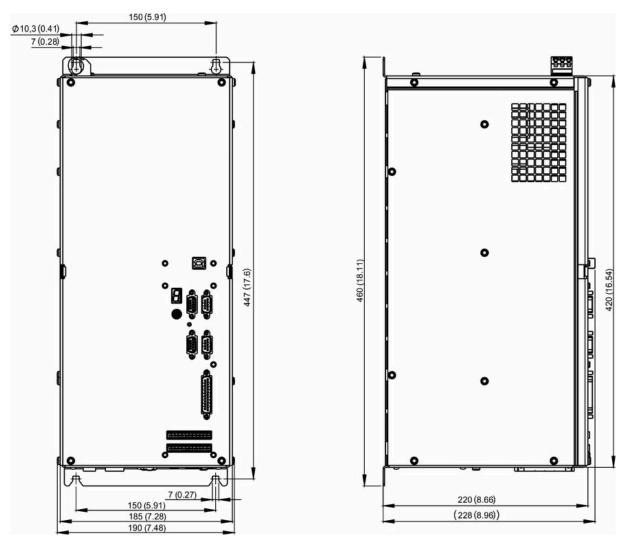


Fig. 39: Dimensions of 0362146xx with facelift (device version ≥ 4.200) and 0362246xx in mm (inch)



6.8.2 Technical Data

Mains supply 480 V_{AC}

Device variant	0362x46IF	0362x46LF		
Continuous phase current of output stage (±3 %)	49.5 A _p / 35 A _{rms}	62 A _p / 44 A _{rms}		
Peak phase current of output stage (±3 %)	80 A _p / 56.6 A _{rms}	100 A _p / 70.7 A _{rms}		
Max. time for peak current	5	s		
Max. temperature of the output stage	75	° C		
Max. output frequency	4000	0 Hz		
Output frequency stability	≤ 0.	2 %		
Mains supply (3-phase)		o 480 V _{AC} +10 % / 60 Hz		
Required mains choke	40 A, article No. 13015804 ⁽¹⁾	50 A, article No. 13015805 ⁽¹⁾		
Short circuit current rating (SC-CR)	300	00 A		
Required line filter	e filter 50 A, article No. 3506310			
Mains fuse	50 A e.g. Siemens 5SD4 60, type DIAZED DIII ⁽³⁾	63 e.g. Siemens 5SD4 70, type DIAZED DIII ⁽³⁾		
DC link voltage	280 V _{DC} -10 % to	o 675 V _{DC} +10 %		
Output power S1	24.2 kVA at 35 A _{rms} / 400 V _{AC}	30.5 kVA at 44 A _{rms} / 400 V _{AC}		
Mains phase current at rated power	39 A	49 A		
Logic supply (4)	18 - 28 V _{DC} (1	I.5 A / 24 V _{DC})		
Power loss of logic unit	36	W		
Power loss of power unit	PWM frequency 8 kHz = 540 W PWM frequency 16 kHz = 690 W	PWM frequency 8 kHz = 645 W PWM frequency 16 kHz = 855 W		
Min. external ballast resistor	20 Ω / 2.5 kW max. pulse load 32 kWs	10 Ω / 5 kW max. pulse load 64 kWs		
Internal ballast resistor	33 Ω / 250 W max. pulse load 17 kWs	16.5 Ω / 500 W max. pulse load 34 kWs		
Ballast threshold	800	V _{DC}		
Overvoltage threshold	850	V _{DC}		
Undervoltage threshold	40 '	V_{DC}		
Ambient temperature range	5 °C to 60 °C at a maximum relative humidity of 85 % (without moisture condensation) 100 % rated current up to max. 40 °C. At higher temperatures the power must be reduced by 1.5 % per 1 °C.			
IP code	IP	20		
Max. weight	13	3.7		

⁽¹⁾ For other mains chokes available at SIEB & MEYER refer to the appendix (see page 178).

 $^{^{(2)}}$ Use an external line filter to comply with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU. For other line filters available at SIEB & MEYER refer to the appendix (see <u>page 178</u>).

⁽³⁾ An overview of all mains fuses suitable for the SD2S series you can find in the appendix (see page 176).

 $^{^{\}left(4\right)}$ It is essential that the logic is supplied with voltage.



Rated current derating

Drive function ⁽¹⁾	SERVO; SVC; HSBLOCK (with sensor) VF-PWM		sensor)	HSPWM				
PWM frequency [kHz]	8	16	8	16	32	8	16	32
0362x46IF rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	35	33	35	35	27	35	35	31
0362x46LF rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	44	44 ⁽²⁾	44	44	33	44	44	35

⁽¹⁾ For more information on the possible drive functions of your device, refer to <u>chapter "Functional Overview of the Device Variants"</u>, page 25.

With a mains supply of 480 V_{AC} the rated current is 34 A_{rms} .



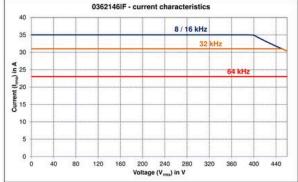


Fig. 40: Output characteristics for 0362x46IF in HSPWM mode



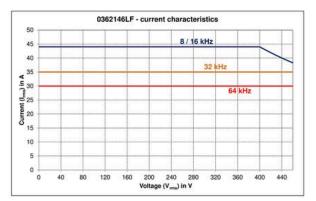


Fig. 41: Output characteristics for 0362x46LF in HSPWM mode



6.8.3 Connectors

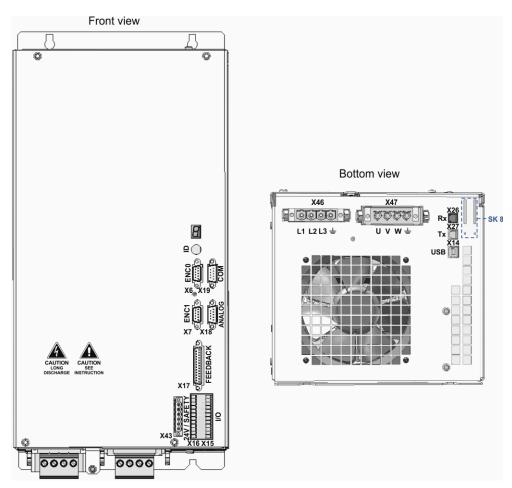


Fig. 42: Connectors of 0362146xx (device version < 4.200)



The gray-colored connectors X64 and X65 (EtherCAT option) are only available on device variant 0362246xx:

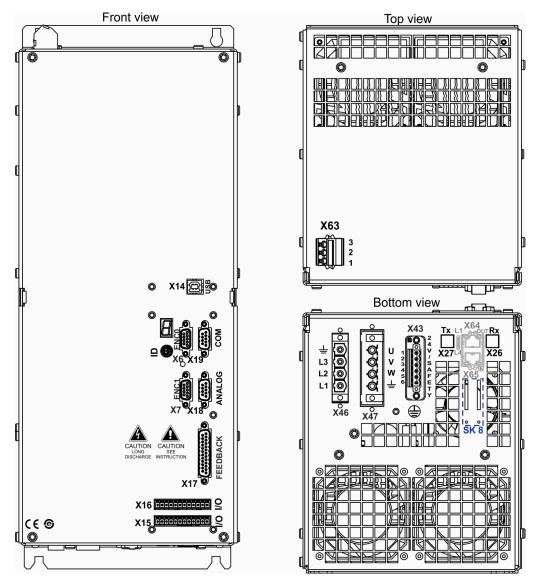


Fig. 43: Connectors of 0362146xx with facelift (device version ≥ 4.200) and 0362246xx

Connector	Meaning	Description
ID	Address selection switch of device	<u>page 87</u>
X6 ENC0	Encoder 0 input	<u>page 87</u>
X7 ENC1	Encoder 1 input / output	page 88
X14 USB	USB interface for parameter setting	page 89
X15 I/O	Digital outputs	<u>page 89</u>
X16 I/O	Digital inputs	page 92
X17 Feedback	Sine cosine encoder / incremental encoder TTL / Hall encoder / linear Hall encoder / field plate sensor / EnDat encoder / Hiperface encoder	page 95
X18 Analog	Analog signals	<u>page 97</u>
X19 COM	COM interface	page 98
X26 Rx	SERVOLINK 4 optical input	<u>page 99</u>
X27 Tx	SERVOLINK 4 optical output	page 99
X43 Safety	24 V supply; safety circuit / restart lock (STO)	page 104
X46	Mains supply	page 105
X47	Motor connection	page 106
X63	External ballast resistor	page 108



Connector	Meaning	Description
X64 OUT	EtherCAT slave output	page 109
X65 IN	EtherCAT slave input	
	Device housing ground via PE lug (device version < 4.200)	_
	Device housing ground via PE screw at the bottom (after facelift: device version 4.200 and higher)	page 139
SK 8	Mounting holes for shield connection clamp SK 8 by Phoenix (included in connector kit) ⁽¹⁾	page 134
	(included in connector kit): /	

⁽¹⁾ Older devices do not yet provide the mounting holes for the shield connection clamp.

Note

You can order the appropriate connector kit for the device variant 0362x46xx (article No. 32299606) at SIEB & MEYER.



6.9 Drive Controller 0362147xx

Note

The drive controller 0362147xx is not produced anymore.

Features of SD2S device variant 0362147xx:

- ▶ external power supply unit necessary → DC bus supply
- safety circuit
- designed for high outputs

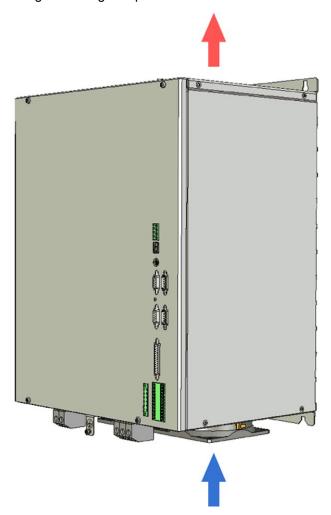


Fig. 44: Device view 0362147xx

NOTICE

Restriction of cooling air flow

If the air flow cooling the device is obstructed, the device could overheat and possibly become damaged.

- → When installing the device, pay attention to the direction of air flow through the internally installed fan [arrows].
- → For sufficient cooling the ventilation inlets and outlets must be kept free by a space of min. 10 cm.



6.9.1 Dimensions

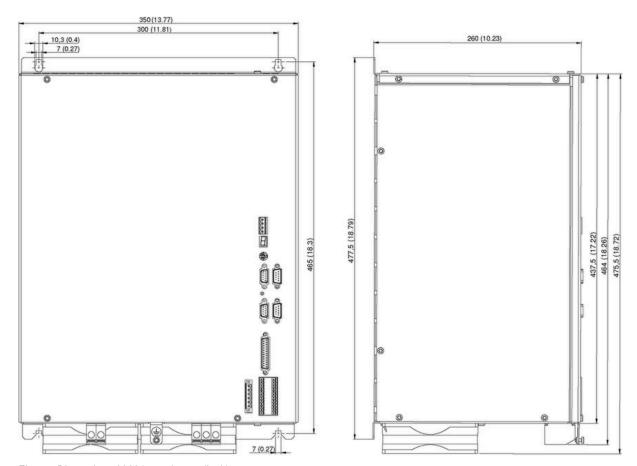


Fig. 45: Dimensions 0362147xx in mm (inch)



6.9.2 Technical Data

Note

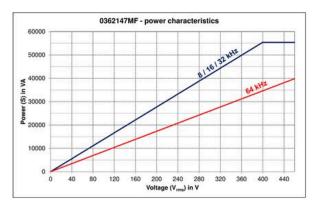
For device variant 0362147xx an external DC link power supply unit is required.

Mains supply 480 V_{AC}

Device variant			03621	47MF		
Continuous phase current of output stage (±3 %)	113 A _p / 80 A _{rms}					
Peak phase current of output stage (±3 %)			160 A _p /	113 A _{rms}		
Max. time for peak current			5	s		
Max. temperature of the output stage			75°	, C		
Max. output frequency			4000) Hz		
Output frequency stability			≤ 0.2	2 %		
DC link voltage		280 '	V _{DC} -10 % to	675 V _{DC} +	10 %	
Output power S1	55.4 kVA at 80 A _{rms} / 400 V _{AC}					
Mains phase current at rated power	89 A					
Drive function ⁽¹⁾	SERVO; SVC; HSPWM VF-PWM					
PWM frequency [kHz]	8	16	8	16	32	64
Rated current S1 [A _{rms}]	80	80	80	80	80	50
Logic supply ⁽²⁾			18 to 28 V	_{DC} (2.5 A)		
Power loss of logic unit			12	W		
Power loss of power unit	N	1ax. 5 % of t	he output m	otor power,	at least 20 \	N
Overvoltage threshold			850	V_{DC}		
Undervoltage threshold			40 \	/ _{DC}		
Ambient temperature range	5 °C to 60 °C at a maximum relative humid- ity of 85 % (without moisture condensation) 100 % rated current up to max. 40 °C. At higher temper- atures the power must be reduced by 1.5 % per 1 °C.					
IP code			IP2	20		
Max. weight			31.5	kg		

⁽¹⁾ For more information on the possible drive functions of your device, refer to <u>chapter "Functional Overview of the Device Variants"</u>, page 25.

 $^{^{\}left(2\right) }$ It is essential that the logic is supplied with voltage.



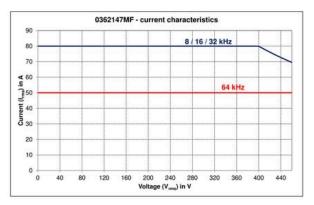


Fig. 46: Output characteristics for 0362147MF in HSPWM mode

Device Variants SD2S



Note

Also refer to the information in <u>chapter "Electric Performance Dimensioning"</u>, page 152.



6.9.3 Connectors

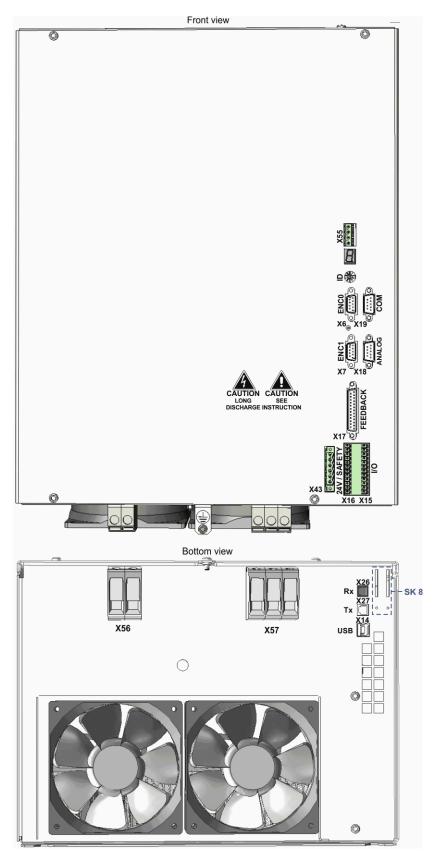


Fig. 47: Connectors of device variant 0362147xx



Connector	Meaning	Description
ID	Address selection switch of device	page 87
X6 ENC0	Encoder 0 input	page 87
X7 ENC1	Encoder 1 input / output	<u>page 88</u>
X14 USB	USB interface for parameter setting	page 89
X15 I/O	Digital outputs	page 89
X16 I/O	Digital inputs	<u>page 92</u>
X17 Feedback	Sine cosine encoder / incremental encoder TTL / Hall encoder / linear Hall encoder / field plate sensor / EnDat encoder / Hiperface encoder	page 95
X18 Analog	Analog signals	<u>page 97</u>
X19 COM	COM interface	<u>page 98</u>
X26 Rx	SERVOLINK 4 optical input	<u>page 99</u>
X27 Tx	SERVOLINK 4 optical output	<u>page 99</u>
X43 Safety	24 V supply; safety circuit / restart lock (STO)	page 104
X55	Error bus	page 107
X56	Mains supply	page 107
X57	Motor connection	<u>page 107</u>
SK 8	Mounting holes for shield connection clamp SK 8 by Phoenix (included in connector kit) ⁽¹⁾	page 134

⁽¹⁾ Older devices do not yet provide the mounting holes for the shield connection clamp.

Note

You can order the appropriate connector kit for the device variant 0362147xx (article No. 32299564) at SIEB & MEYER.



7 Rear Panel Mounting

Note

SD2S devices must be installed in a switch cabinet.

The device is designed for vertical rear panel mounting. Other setup positions are possible but you must first consult SIEB & MEYER.

Suitable fastening screws: M6x12 according to ISO 4762

- strength class: 8.8
- washers: M6 according to ISO 7091 (use is recommended)
- minimum engagement depth in the mounting plate: 8 mm for steel plate, 15 mm for aluminum plate

Note

The rear panel of the device must fit flat against the mounting plate. If you use locking threads, make sure that these do not protrude beyond the mounting plate.



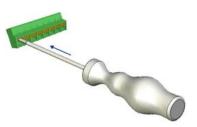
8 Connector Pin Assignment

8.1 Operation of the Terminal Connectors

8.1.1 Spring-cage Connection

The individual conductors are fixed in the terminal by means of spring-cage connection. In order to plug and unplug a conductor proceed as follows:

- Push a screwdriver into the designated groove above the chamber to operate the spring-cage connection as shown in the figure.
- ► Put the conductor into the chamber / remove the conductor from the chamber.
- Release the screwdriver.



Note

Solid wires or conductors with ferrules can be put directly into the chamber without the help of a screwdriver.

8.1.2 Click & Lock System (STCL Connectors)

Plugging the connector [A]

▶ Plug the connector as shown in the figure on the housing and ensure that the connector locks in place (1.).

Note: Both side guides must be fully pushed back to ensure that the connector locks firmly in place and to prevent unwanted loosening of the connector (e.g. in case of vibrations).

Removing the connector [B]

Move the two side guides of the connector as shown in the figure toward the device (1.) and unplug the connector (2.).

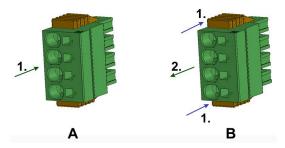


Fig. 48: Plug [A] and unplug the connector [B]

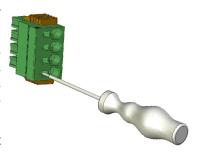


8.1.3 Push-in technology

Terminals using the push-in connection technology (PIT) work on the pressure spring principle:

The contact spring presses the cable against the conducting copper bar. The special spring profile allows direct and tool-free wiring of solid and stranded cables previously assembled with ferrule or compressed conductor ends.

- When the cable is inserted into the clamping unit the spring opens automatically.
- To open the clamp and loosen the cable use a screw driver.



8.2 ID Switch (Address Selection Switch)

Set the address for the module by means of the address selection switch. 16 adresses are available: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, A, B, C, D, E, F. (When the device is connected via SERVOLINK 4 only 12 addresses are available (0 to B).)

Note

The addresses of several devices in a system must be different from each other to ensure that they can be identified by the software.

8.3 X6 – Encoder 0

Encoder 0 input, e.g. for length measuring systems

This connector is not integrated in SD2S Light (036212xxx, 0362x43xx).

9-pole female D-sub connector

X6	Pin	I/O	Name	Meaning
	1	ı	UA+	Track A+
	2	I	UA-	Track A-
	3	I	UN+	Zero pulse+
	4	I	UN-	Zero pulse-
10	5	I/O	GND	Ground
	6	I	UB+	Track B+
	7	I	UB-	Track B-
	8	0	VCC_ENC	5.3 V supply voltage
	9	Ī	ERR	Measuring system error

Stud bolt flange: max. tightening torque = 0.7 Nm

Related topics

X6, X7 - Incremental Encoders with TTL Signals, page 111



8.4 X7 – Encoder 1 / Encoder Emulation

Encoder 1 input and encoder emulation output e.g. for depth measuring systems This connector is not integrated in SD2S Light (036212xxx, 0362x43xx).

9-pole female D-sub connector

X7	Pin	I/O	Name	Meaning
	1	I/O	UA+	Track A+
	2	I/O	UA-	Track A-
	3	I/O	UN+	Zero pulse+
	4	I/O	UN-	Zero pulse-
6 0 1	5	I/O	GND	Ground
	6	I/O	UB+	Track B+
	7	I/O	UB-	Track B-
	8	0	VCC_ENC	5.3 V supply voltage
	9	I	ERR	Measuring system error

Stud bolt flange: max. tightening torque = 0.7 Nm

Related topics

X6, X7 - Incremental Encoders with TTL Signals, page 111

X7 - Encoder Emulation, page 112

8.5 X10 – Safety (STO)

Safety circuit and restart lock (STO)

The safety circuit is not integrated in older devices of variant 0362140xx.

6-pole Mini-Combicon connector, suitable for mating connector MC 1.5/ 6-ST-3.81 (Phoenix)

Mating con- nector X10	Pin	I/O	Name	Meaning
1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4	1	I	SAFEA / OSSD1	 Enable of the safety circuit Continuous load at 24 V > 160 mA/24 V, depending on the device performance Startup peak current per device can exceed 8 A/24 V during the first 2 ms.
5	2	-	GND	Reference potential
G	3	I	SAFEB / OSSD2	 Enable of the safety circuit Continuous load approx. 15 mA/24 V Startup peak current is negligible under normal conditions.
	4		n.c.	
	5		n.c.	
	6	0	24 V ⁽¹⁾	Logic voltage 18 to 28 volts (uncontrolled)

⁽¹⁾ The 24 V output is not suited to supply external safety circuits because an external voltage source is necessary to comply with the applicable standards. If the safety function (STO) is not required, this voltage is only used to bridge the pins 1 and 3.

Specification of terminal connections

► Conductor cross-section solid/stranded: 0.14 to 1.5 mm²

Tightening torque: 0.22 to 0.25 Nm



Note

The power supply unit is only activated when SAFEA and SAFEB are connected. If the safety function (STO) is not required, pin 1 and pin 3 must be bridged to pin 6.

Related topics

X10/ X43 – Safety Circuit (STO), page 112
Safety Circuit / Restart Lock (STO), page 156
Connection Diagram, page 171

8.6 X14 – USB

Communication interface to the connected PC

4-pole female USB connector, type B

X14	Pin	I/O	Name	Description
	1	_	VCC	5 V voltage supply for USB
1 4 3	2	I/O	DN	Data-
	3	I/O	DP	Data+
	4	I/O	GND	Ground

Compatibility with USB 3.0

The following table indicates the device version from which the USB interface of the individual device is compatible with USB 3.0:

Device variant	Device version
0362x40xx, 0362120xx	4.032
0362x41xx, 0362121xx	4.035
0362x42xx	4.132
0362x43xx	4.132
0362144xx	-
0362x45xx	4.201
0362x46xx	4.201
0362147xx	-

Related topics

chapter "Connection Diagram", page 171

8.7 X15 – Digital Outputs

Note

If you want to make use of the digital inputs and outputs, connect pin 9 to 24 V. You can either bridge 24 V from pin 10 of X15 (max. 0.3 A) or you supply 24 V from an external voltage source.

In order to display the error status still after deliberately disconnecting the mains supply, you can maintain the logic supply by connecting pin 8 to 24 V (0.5 A).



The available functions of the digital outputs are different depending on the drive function. You can set the desired function in the software *drivemaster2*.

Note

Some functions of the inputs/outputs are not available with older hardware or software versions.

8.7.1 Digital Outputs – SERVO / VECTOR

12-pole Mini-Combicon connector, suitable for mating connector MC 1,5/ 12-ST-3,81 (Phoenix)

Mating con- nector X15	Pin	I/O	Name	Configurable functions			
	1	0	OUT0	 Ready type 1 (with power supply okay) Ready type 2 (without power supply okay) 	 No function M01 – Message power output stage ready M02 – Message operation enabled 		
4 0	2	0	OUT1	Signal motor holding brakeM12 – Speed zero	► M03 – Message drive error ► M10 – Ref. value reached		
	3	0	OUT2	► M12 – Speed zero	▶ M11 – Torque reached▶ W04 – Power output stage load		
	4	0	OUT3	► M12 – Speed zero	► W05 – Motor load		
	5	0	OUT4	► M12 – Speed zero	 W07 – Motor temperature W09 – Undervoltage power output stage W11 – Tracking error W12 – Speed error W17 – No commutation W24 – Warning threshold 'current' W26 – Warning threshold 'overload current' 		
	6	I	IN8	 ▶ No function ▶ Speed direction ▶ P-controller ▶ Error reset ▶ External hardware OK ▶ Low gain Kpn ▶ Docking function ▶ Teach no-load current ▶ Parameter set Bit 5 ▶ MOP up ▶ MOP down ▶ Reset commutation 			
	7	0	PULSE OUT	Speed pulses			
	8	I	VCC EXT ⁽¹⁾	24 V logic supply in the event of	an AC power failure (0.5 A)		
	9	I	VCC IO	24 V supply for the outputs			
	10	0	VCC OUT ⁽²⁾	24 V auxiliary voltage for the outputs (24 V ±10 %, uncontrolled, max. 0.25 A)			
	11	I/O	GND	Ground (internally connected to (pin coded) PE)			
	12	I/O	GND	Ground (internally connected to	PE)		

⁽¹⁾ Do not connect for the device variants 0362x44xx to 0362x47xx: 24 V is supplied via connector X43 (see chapter "X43 – 24 V / Safety (STO)", page 104).

Specification of terminal connections

- ► Conductor cross-section solid/stranded: 0.14 to 1.5 mm²
- ► Tightening torque: 0.22 to 0.25 Nm

⁽²⁾ Parallel operation with other SD2S devices or external components is not possible.



Related topics

chapter "Digital Outputs", page 114

8.7.2 Digital Outputs – HSPWM, HSBLOCK / FPAM, HSPAM / UF

12-pole Mini-Combicon connector, suitable for mating connector MC 1,5/ 12-ST-3,81 (Phoenix)

Mating con- nector X15	Pin	I/O	Name	Configurable functions	
	1	0	OUT0	 ▶ Ready type 1 (with power supply okay) ▶ Ready type 2 (without power supply okay) 	 No function M01 – Message power output stage ready M02 – Message operation enabled
	2	0	OUT1		► M03 – Message drive error
	3	0	OUT2		 M10 – Ref. value reached M11 – Current limit reached
	4	0	OUT3		► M12 – Speed zero
8 9 10 11 12 	5	0	OUT4		 W04 – Power output stage load W05 – Motor load W07 – Motor temperature W09 – Undervoltage power output stage W12 – Speed error W24 – Warning threshold 'current' W26 – Warning threshold 'overload current'
	6	I	IN8 / PULSE IN	► Pulse generator 24 V; displa tor 24 V	I, when motor feedback = NAMUR sensor yed, when motor feedback = Pulse genera- isplayed, when motor feedback = Digital
	7	0	PULSE OUT	Speed pulses	
	8	I	VCC EXT ⁽³⁾	24 V logic supply in the event of	f an AC power failure (0.5 A)
	9	I	VCC IO	24 V supply for the outputs	
	10	0	VCC OUT ⁽⁴⁾	24 V auxiliary voltage for the ou 0.25 A)	tputs (24 V ±10 %, uncontrolled, max.
	11	I/O	GND	Ground (internally connected to PE)	(pin coded)
	12	I/O	GND	Ground (internally connected to	PE)

⁽¹⁾ The function NAMUR is supported from device version 3.201. For device variant 0362x41xx this applies from device version 3.301

Specification of terminal connections

- ► Conductor cross-section solid/stranded: 0.14 to 1.5 mm²
- ► Tightening torque: 0.22 to 0.25 Nm

⁽²⁾ The function "Digital field plate / GMR" is supported from *drivemaster2* version 1.9 Build 080.

⁽³⁾ Do not connect for the device variants 0362x44xx to 0362x47xx: 24 V is supplied via connector X43 (see chapter "X43 - 24 V / Safety (STO)", page 104).

⁽⁴⁾ Parallel operation with other SD2S devices or external components is not possible.

Connector Pin Assignment



Related topics

Digital Outputs, page 114

NAMUR sensor, page 114

PULSE IN 24 V, page 115

Digital field plate / GMR, page 115

PULSE (Speed Pulses), page 116

8.8 X16 – Digital Inputs

The available functions of the digital inputs are different depending on the drive function. You can set the desired function in the software *drivemaster2*.

Note

Some functions of the inputs/outputs are not available with older hardware or software versions.



8.8.1 Digital Inputs – SERVO / VECTOR

12-pole Mini-Combicon connector, suitable for mating connector MC 1,5/ 12-ST-3,81 (Phoenix)

Mating con- nector X16	Pin	I/O	Name	Configurable functions
1 2	1	I	IN0	 No function Switch on type 1 (without edge evaluation) Switch on type 2 (with positive edge)
	2	I	IN1	 No function Quick stop type 1 (with slow down ramp) Quick stop type 2 (with quick stop ramp) Quick stop type 3 (at current limit) Quick stop type 4 (speed enable) Quick stop type 5 (with slow down ramp and controller off) Quick stop type 6 (with quick stop ramp and controller off) Quick stop type 7 (with slow down ramp and reset) Quick stop type 8 (with quick stop ramp and reset) Quick stop type 8 (with quick stop ramp and reset) Operation enable Operation enabled with error reset MOP up MOP down Reducing current limitation / Imax
	3	l	IN2 ⁽¹⁾	 No function Neg. limit switch type 1 (speed contr. as p-contr.) Neg. limit switch type 2 (speed contr. as pi-contr.) Operation enable Operation enabled with error reset Error reset External hardware OK Speed direction MOP up MOP down Reducing current limitation / Imax
	4	I	IN3 ⁽¹⁾	 No function Pos. limit switch type 1 (speed contr. as p-contr) Pos. limit switch type 2 (speed contr. as pi-contr) Parameter set Bit 0 MOP up MOP down
	5	I	IN4 ⁽¹⁾	 ► Enable difference measuring system ► Parameter set Bit 1 ► Internal target value Bit 3 ► Error reset No function ► Speed direction ► P-controller ► Error reset
	6	I	IN5	 ▶ Parameter set Bit 2 ▶ Internal target value Bit 2 ▶ External hardware OK ▶ Low gain Kpn ▶ Desking function
	7	I	IN6	 ▶ Parameter set Bit 3 ▶ Internal target value Bit 1 ▶ MOP up
	8	I	IN7	 ▶ Parameter set Bit 4 ▶ Internal target value Bit 0 ▶ Reset commutation
	9	ı	TEMP	Motor temperature sensor (towards GND)
	10	I	AIN0+ ⁽²⁾	Reference speed value (reference to ground) (pin coded)
	11	I/O	GND	Ground
(1)	12	I/O	GND	Ground

⁽¹⁾ See also X17.

- 0362x40xx / 0362120xx, 0362x41xx / 0362121xx: device version ≥ 4.030
- 0362x42xx, 0362x43xx: device version ≥ 4.130
- 0362144xx: device version ≥ 4.201
- 0362145xx: device version ≥ 4.003
- 0362146xx: device version ≥ 4.006

With older device versions, you must possibly install a bridge at connector X18 between pin 4 and pin 7.

Single-ended means that there is no differential signal, i.e. there is no negative signal but the reference potential ist GND. => more prone to faults (unbalanced)

⁽²⁾ In order to use this analog input make the following setting in the software *drivemaster2*: Activate the parameter "Single-ended" for "Analog-In 0". With the following devices, this applies for the indicated device versions:



Specification of terminal connections

Conductor cross-section solid/stranded: 0.14 to 1.5 mm²

► Tightening torque: 0.22 to 0.25 Nm

Related topics

X16/17 - Digital Inputs, page 117

Temperature Sensor of the Motor, page 130

8.8.2 Digital Inputs – HSPWM, HSBLOCK / FPAM, HSPAM / UF

If more than 8 parameter sets are used, not all functions can be assigned freely anymore. If more than 32 parameter sets are used, the measuring system NAMUR can not be used anymore.

12-pole Mini-Combicon connector, suitable for mating connector MC 1,5/ 12-ST-3,81 (Phoenix)

Mating con-	Pin	I/O	Name	Configurable functions
nector X16	1	I	IN0	 No function Switch on type 1 (without edge evaluation) Switch on type 2 (with positive edge)
9.979292929292933456789781819334567891011	2	I	IN1	 No function Quick stop type 5 (with slow down ramp and controller off) Quick stop type 6 (with quick stop ramp and controller off) Quick stop type 7 (with slow down ramp and reset) Quick stop type 8 (with quick stop ramp and reset) Operation enable Operation enabled with error reset MOP up MOP down
12 12	3	I	IN2 ⁽¹⁾	 ▶ No function ▶ Operation enable ▶ Operation enabled with error reset ▶ Error reset ▶ External hardware OK ▶ Speed direction ▶ MOP up ▶ MOP down
	4	I	IN3 ⁽¹⁾	 No function Parameter set Bit 0 MOP up MOP down
	5	I	IN4 ⁽¹⁾	 No function Parameter set Bit 1 Internal target value Bit 3 MOP up MOP down
	6	I	IN5	 No function Parameter set Bit 2 Internal target value Bit 2 MOP up MOP down
	7	I	IN6	 ▶ No function ▶ Error reset ▶ External hardware OK ▶ Speed direction ▶ Teach no-load current ▶ Parameter set Bit 3 ▶ Internal target value Bit 1 ▶ MOP up ▶ MOP down



Mating con- nector X16	Pin	I/O	Name	Configurable functions	
	8	I	IN7	 No function Error reset External hardware OK Speed direction Teach no-load current Parameter set Bit 4 Internal target value Bit 0 MOP up MOP down 	
	9	I	TEMP	Motor temperature sensor (towards GND)	
	10	I	AIN0+ ⁽²⁾	Reference speed value (reference to ground)	(pin coded)
	11	I/O	GND	Ground	
	12	I/O	GND	Ground	

⁽¹⁾ See also X17

- 0362x40xx / 0362120xx, 0362x41xx / 0362121xx: device version ≥ 4.030
- 0362x42xx, 0362x43xx: device version ≥ 4.130
- 0362144xx: device version ≥ 4.201
- 0362145xx: device version ≥ 4.003
- 0362146xx: device version ≥ 4.006

With older device versions, you must possibly install a bridge at connector X18 between pin 4 and pin 7.

Single-ended means that there is no differential signal, i.e. there is no negative signal but the reference potential ist GND. => more prone to faults (unbalanced)

Specification of terminal connections

- Conductor cross-section solid/stranded: 0.14 to 1.5 mm²
- ► Tightening torque: 0.22 to 0.25 Nm

Related topics

X16/17 - Digital Inputs, page 117

Temperature Sensor of the Motor, page 130

8.9 X17 – Motor Feedback

For all main measuring systems

This connector is not integrated in SD2S Light (036212xxx, 0362x43xx).

Available measuring systems: resolver (not implemented in 0362140DCA and 0362x41ECA), sine cosine encoder, incremental encoder TTL (5.3 V), incremental encoder 12 V, Hall encoder (5.3 V or 12 V), linear Hall encoder, field plate sensor, Heidenhain EnDat encoder, Hiperface encoder, encoder, RENISHAW BiSS C interface

A NAMUR sensor is connected to X15/pin 6.

NOTICE

Voltage (VCC) varies depending on the set measuring system

When the connected measuring system is operated under a wrong voltage, it can be damaged.

→ Check that you have chosen the right measuring system in the software before connecting.

⁽²⁾ In order to use this analog input make the following setting in the software drivemaster2: Activate the parameter "Single-end-ed" for "Analog-In 0". With the following devices, this applies for the indicated device versions:



25-pole male D-sub connector

X17	Pin	I/O	Name	Meaning
	1	I	S2	Resolver S2
	2	I	S1	Resolver S1
(0,4 C)	3	0	R3	Resolver R3
	4	0	R1	Resolver R1
	5	I	S4	Resolver S4
	6	I	S3	Resolver S3
8 8	7	I	COS-	SinCos/linear Hall Cosine-
	8	I	COS+	SinCos/linear Hall Cosine+
8 8	9	I	SIN-	SinCos/linear Hall Sine-
	10	ı	SIN+	SinCos/linear Hall Sine+
0 25 0 13	11	I	HALL_C / IN4 ⁽¹⁾	Hall sensor 12 V track C / digital 5 V input 4
	12	I	HALL_B / IN3 ⁽¹⁾	Hall sensor 12 V track B / digital 5 V input 3
	13	I	HALL_A / IN2 ⁽¹⁾	Hall sensor 12 V track A / digital 5 V input 2
	14	I/O	GND	Ground
	15	I/O	GND	Ground
	16	I	TEMP	Motor temperature (to be connected towards GND)
	17	I	FP_IN	Field plate sensor
	18	I/O	UB-/DATA-/SLO-	Encoder B- / Hall sensor 5 V differential \overline{B} / BiSS C slave-
	19	I/O	UB+/DATA+/SLO+	Encoder B+ / Hall sensor 5 V differential B / BiSS C slave+
	20	I/O	UA-/CIk-/MA-	Encoder A- / Hall sensor 5 V differential \overline{A} / BiSS C master-
	21	I/O	UA+/Clk+/MA+	Encoder A+ / Hall sensor 5 V differential A / BiSS C master+
	22	I	UN-	Encoder ZP- / SinCos encoder zero pulse - / Hall sensor 5 V differential $\overline{\mathbf{C}}$
	23	I	UN+	Encoder ZP+ / SinCos encoder zero pulse + / Hall sensor 5 V differential C
	24	0	VCC_FB	Measuring system supply 5.3 V / 12 V (max. 4 W) ⁽²⁾
	25	I	ERR / PULSE IN ⁽³⁾	Measuring system error

⁽¹⁾ With the following devices you can use the physical inputs HALL A to C also as configurable digital 5 V inputs (IN2 to IN4):

Stud bolt flange: max. tightening torque = 0.7 Nm

Related topics

X17 - Motor Feedback, page 118

X16/17 - Digital Inputs, page 117

^{• 0362}x40xx, 0362x41xx: device version ≥ 4.030

^{• 0362}x42xx: device version ≥ 4.130

⁽²⁾ Refer to the connection examples for the allowed voltage that is set by the software depending on the selected measuring system.

⁽³⁾ PULSE IN 5 V is supported from: firmware F04004v03011/fpga, logic L04002v03021, *drivemaster2* version 1.8 Build 111



8.10 X18- Analog Interface

The available functions of the analog inputs and outputs are different depending on the drive function. You can set the desired function in the software *drivemaster2*.

9-pole male D-sub connector

X18	Pin	I/O	Name Configurable functions		
				SERVO / VECTOR (SVC)	HSPWM, HSBLOCK / FPAM, HSPAM / VF
	1	I	AIN1-	Reference point of AIN1+ (pin 2)	
	2	I	AIN1+	► No function	► No function
0.0000	3	I	AIN0+ ⁽¹⁾	 Speed reference value Current reference value Current limitation W24 – Warning threshold 'current' 	 Speed reference value Current limitation W24 – Warning threshold 'current'
	4	I/O	GND	Ground	
	5		n.c.		
	6	0	AOUT1 ⁽²⁾	 No function Target speed Speed reference value Speed actual value Speed error Current reference value Current actual value Motor temperature Power output stage temperature Motor load Power output stage load Voltage of the bus Active power DC link current ldc 	 No function Target speed Speed reference value Speed actual value Speed error Current reference value Current actual value Motor temperature Power output stage temperature Motor load Power output stage load Voltage of the bus Active power DC link current Idc
	7	ı	AIN0-	Reference point for AIN0+ (pin 3)	
	8	0	AOUT0 ⁽²⁾	 No function Target speed Speed reference value Speed actual value Speed error Current reference value Current actual value Motor temperature Power output stage temperature Motor load Power output stage load Voltage of the bus Active power DC link current ldc 	 No function Target speed Speed reference value Speed actual value Speed error Current reference value Current actual value Motor temperature Power output stage temperature Motor load Power output stage load Voltage of the bus Active power DC link current ldc
	9	0	VCC_10	10 V supply voltage	

⁽¹⁾ The analog input AIN0+ (reference to ground) is also provided at connector X16/ pin 10. With the following devices, this applies for the indicated device versions:

- 0362x40xx / 0362120xx, 0362x41xx / 0362121xx: device version ≥ 4.030
- 0362x42xx, 0362x43xx: device version ≥ 4.130
- 0362144xx: device version ≥ 4.201
- 0362145xx: device version ≥ 4.003
- 0362146xx: device version ≥ 4.006

Stud bolt flange: max. tightening torque = 0.7 Nm

Related topics

X18 - Analog Inputs/Outputs, page 131

 $^{^{\}left(2\right)}$ The analog outputs are available with device version 9.100 and higher.



8.11 X19 – COM1/Operating Terminal

9-pole male D-sub connector

X19	Pin	I/O	Name	Meaning
	1	0	VCC	5.3 V (power supply for optional operating terminal, short-circuit proof)
6	2	I	RX	RS232 interface 1
	3	0	TX	RS232 interface 1
6 6	4	I/O	CAN_L ⁽¹⁾	CAN_L
	5	I/O	GND	Ground
	6	I	RX2	RS232 Interface 2
	7	0	TX2	RS232 Interface 2
	8	I/O	CAN_H ⁽¹⁾	CAN_H
	9	I/O	GND	Ground

 $^{^{(1)}}$ SD2S Light devices provide the CAN interface with the following device versions:

Note

CAN bus: This is a multiport connector. Therefore the pin assignment does not comply with the CiA standard und must be adapted accordingly.

Stud bolt flange: max. tightening torque = 0.7 Nm

Related topics

X19 - Bus Connection, page 132

8.12 X22A – Motor Connection

Device variants: 0362x40EF, 0362x41xx(A) to 0362x43xx, 0362121xx

4-pole Power-Combicon connector, suitable for mating connector PC 4/ 4-ST-7,62 (Phoenix)

Mating con- nector X22A	Name	Coding	Meaning
	U	-	Motor phase U
	V	-	Motor phase V
	W	Coded	Motor phase W
	PE	-	Protective conductor

Specification of terminal connections:

- Conductor cross-section solid/stranded:
 - 0362x40EF, 0362x42/43xx: 1.5 to 4 mm²
 - 0362121xF / 0362x41xF (480 V): 2.5 to 4 mm²
 - 0362121xC / 0362x41xC(A) (230 V): 4 mm²
- ► Tightening torque: 0.5 to 0.6 Nm

^{▶ 0362120}xx: device version 4.002 and higher

^{▶ 0362121}xx: device version 4.003 and higher

^{▶ 0362}x43xx: device version 4.103 and higher



Note

0362x40EF only: If you use a shielded motor cable longer than 5 m, the cable requires an additional interference suppression: The motor cable could be filtered, for example, with 11 windings through a ferrite core (ferrite core: R 63/38/25, AI = 15150 nH; article No. 13163110). The maximum permissible length of a shielded motor cable is 25 m.

Related topics

X22A/ X42/ X45/ X47/ X49/ X57 - Motor Phases, page 134

Shielding of the Motor Cable, page 134

Motor Cable, page 149

8.13 X26/ X27 – SERVOLINK 4

SERVOLINK 4: optical input (X26) and optical output (X27)

The fiber optic connectors for SERVOLINK 4 are located at the bottom side of the device.

Connect	SIEB & MEYER article number	
		12540102
	Inputs (black)	12540103
		12540202
	Outputs (gray or white)	12540203
	Cable connector (TOSLINK F05)	32022900

NOTICE

Risk of cable damage

If you pull the optical fiber cable with its connector too fast out of the connector, the cable may be damaged.

→ When unplugging the cable, hold the fiber optic connector and pull the cable carefully out of the connector.

Related topics

X26/X27 - SERVOLINK, page 136

Connection Diagram, page 171

8.13.1 Preparation of Optical Fiber Cables with Connector

Every optical fiber connector requires an optical fiber cable with a male connector. The following information applies for connectors used in applications with 1 mm standard plastic optical fibers (POF).



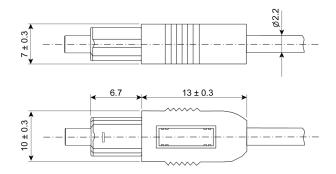
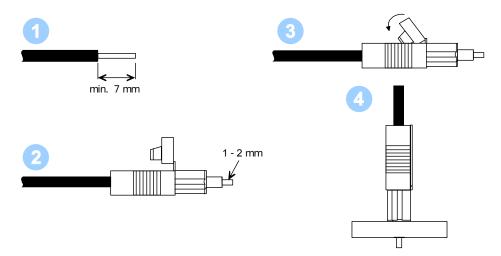


Fig. 49: Dimensions of optical fiber connector in mm

Technical data		Rated value
Storage temperature	-40 to 70 °C	
Operating temperature		-20 to 70 °C
Tensile stress	Between optical fiber cable and connector	19.6 N
	Optical fiber cable	49 N
	al fiber cable to install it, note that the recomis 6 to 10 times greater than the minimum bend-	Min. 25 mm

Procedure

- 1. Remove at least 7 mm of the optical fiber cable's plastic sheat (diameter 2.2 mm); see figure, [1]). Take care that the dismantled end of the optical fiber cable is not contaminated. If necessary, clean it gently with a dry tissue paper.
- 2. Insert the dismantled optical fiber cable carefully as shown in the figure into the connector. The polymer fiber of 1 mm should stand out from the connector about 1 to 2 mm (see figure, [2]).
- 3. Press the clip of connector so that the polymer fiber is hold in the connector. The connector and the clip must interlock audibly (see figure, [3]).
- 4. Insert the connector with the optical fiber cable into a polishing disk and grind the outstanding end of the fiber by means of a polishing sheet on an even surface (e.g. glass sheet), see figure, [4]). Remove grinding residues.



You can order the following materials at SIEB & MEYER:

Article	SIEB & MEYER article number
Polishing disk for optical fiber cables	47000001



Article	SIEB & MEYER article number
Dismantling tool for optical fiber cables	47000002
Grinding paper	47000003

8.14 X28 – Mains Supply

Device variants:

0362x	21xC	21xF	40EF	41xC(A)	41xF	42EC	43EC
1-phase mains supply	✓	-	_	✓	-	✓	✓
3-phase mains supply	1	1	1	✓	1	1	✓

4-pole Power Combicon connector, suitable for mating connector PC 4/ 4-ST-7,62 (Phoenix)

Mating con-	Pin	Coding	1-pl	I-phase mains supply		3-phase mains supply	
nector X28			Nam e	Meaning	Nam e	Meaning	
	1	Coded	L	Main supply	L1	Main supply	
	2	_	N	Neutral conductor	L2	Main supply	
	3	_	_	n.c.	L3	Main supply	
	4	_	PE	Protective conductor	PE	Protective conductor	

NOTICE

3-phase mains supply of the device variants 0362121xC / 0362x41xC(A) / 0362x42xx / 0362x43xx

Die The devices must be supplied with max. $3 \times 230 \text{ V}_{AC}$. Higher voltages can destroy the devices.

→ Use a suitable mains transformer for 3-phase supply to the devices 0362x42xx / 0362x43xx / 0362121xC / 0362x41xC(A) (see connection examples page 137).

Specification of terminal connections:

- Conductor cross-section solid/stranded:
 - 0362x40EF, 0362x42/43xx (3-phase mains supply): 1.5 to 4 mm²
 - 0362121xF / 0362x41xF (480 V): 2.5 to 4 mm²
 - 0362121xC / 0362x41xC(A) (230 V): 4 mm²
 - 0362x42/43xx (1-phase mains supply): 4 mm²
- ► Tightening torque: 0.5 to 0.6 Nm

Note

Consider that the conductor cross-section to be used for your application depends on the total load of the power supply unit.



8.15 **X40 – Mains Supply**

Device variants: 0362120xx, 0362x40xx, 0362242DC

3-pole Combicon connector, suitable for mating connector MSTB 2,5/ 3-ST-5,08 (Phoenix)

0362120xC / 0362x40	0362120xC / 0362x40xC / 0362242DC		0362120xA / 0362x40xA			Name	Meaning
Mating connector X40	Pin	Coding	Mating connector X40	Pin	Coding		
	1	Coded		1	-	L1	Phase
	2	-		2	-	N	N-conductor
	3	-		3	-	PE	Protective conductor

Specification of terminal connections

- Conductor cross-section solid/stranded: 1 to 2.5 mm²
- Tightening torque: 0.5 to 0.6 Nm

Note

Consider that the conductor cross-section to be used for your application depends on the total load of the power supply unit.

8.16 X41 – External Ballast Resistor

A DANGER



High voltages in the intermediate circuit

Note that even after the device unit has been switched off high voltages may occur in the intermediate circuit of the complete system that can cause serious injuries.

- → Wait until the intermediate circuit is fully discharged before cutting the connections of the external ballast resistor ("capacitor discharge").
- → Take the following steps **before** working on the device or on the intermediate circuit:
- → Disconnect the device definitely from the mains supply.
- → Wait until the discharge time of the DC link capacities has expired. It is longer than 4 minutes.
- → Ensure by measuring that the intermediate circuit is fully discharged.
- ightarrow Disconnect the connections of the external ballast resistor from the power supply.
- → Also consider general safety instructions before you continue working on the device.

3-pole Combicon connector, suitable for mating connector FKIC 2,5/ 3-ST-5,08 (Phoenix)

Mating con- nector X41	Pin	Name	Meaning
	1	Rextern	External ballast resistor / chopper connection
208	2	Rintern	Internal ballast resistor
۵	3	UB+	Positive DC link connection 4



Specification of terminal connections

- ► Conductor cross-section solid/stranded: 1 to 2.5 mm²
- Connection method: spring-cage connection (handling: see page 86)

Note

An external ballast resistor is connected between pin 1 and pin 3. When the internal ballast resistor is to be used, pin 1 and pin 2 of connector X41 must be bridged with protection against accidental contact.

Related topics

X41/X63 – External Ballast Resistor, page 138

Connection Diagram, page 171

8.17 X42 – Motor Connection

Device variants: 0362120xx, 0362x40xx, 0362242DC

4-pole Combicon connector, suitable for mating connector IC 2,5/ 4-ST-5,08 (Phoenix)

Pin	Name	Meaning
1	U	Motor phase U
2	V	Motor phase V
3	W	Motor phase W
4	PE	Protective conductor
	Pin 1 2 3 4	1 U 2 V 3 W

Specification of terminal connections

Conductor cross-section solid/stranded: 1 to 2.5 mm²

► Tightening torque: 0.5 to 0.6 Nm

Note

If you use a shielded motor cable longer than 5 m, the cable requires an additional interference suppression: The motor cable could be filtered, for example, with 11 windings through a ferrite core (ferrite core: R 63/38/25, Al = 15150 nH; article No. 13163110). The maximum permissible length of a shielded motor cable is 25 m.

Related topics

X22A/ X42/ X45/ X47/ X49/ X57 - Motor Phases, page 134

Shielding of the Motor Cable, page 134

Motor Cable, page 149



8.18 X43 – 24 V / Safety (STO)

24 V logic supply; safety circuit and restart lock (STO)

6-pole Mini-Combicon connector, suitable for mating connector MSTB 2,5/ 6-STF-5,08 (Phoenix)

Mating con- nector X43	Pin	I/O	Name	Meaning
	1	I	SAFEA / OSSD1	 Enable of the safety circuit Continuous load at 24 V > 160 mA/24 V, depending on the device performance Startup peak current per device can exceed 8 A/24 V during the first 2 ms.
4 5	2	I/O	GND	Reference potential (internally connected to PE)
	3	I	SAFEB / OSSD2	 Enable of the safety circuit Continuous load approx. 15 mA/24 V Startup peak current is negligible under normal conditions.
	4	I/O	GND	Reference potential (internally connected to PE)
	5	0	24 V Inter- nal ⁽¹⁾	Logic voltage 18 to 28 V (uncontrolled)
	6	I	24 V Logic Input	Logic supply 24 V ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ The 24 V output is not suited to supply external safety circuits because an external voltage source is necessary to comply with the applicable standards. If the safety function (STO) is not required, this voltage is only used to bridge the pins 1 and 3.

Specification of terminal connections

- Conductor cross-section solid/stranded: 0.14 to 1.5 mm²
- Tightening torque: 0.22 to 0.25 Nm

Note

The power supply unit is only activated when SAFEA and SAFEB are connected. If the safety function (STO) is not required, pin 1 and pin 3 must be bridged to pin 5.

Related topics

X10/ X43 - Safety Circuit (STO), page 112

Safety Circuit / Restart Lock (STO), page 156

Wiring Example 0362144xx to 0362x47xx, page 175

8.19 **X44 – Mains Supply**

Device variant: 0362x45xx

4-pole Power-Combicon connector, suitable for mating connector PC 5/ 4-STCL-7,62 (Phoenix) with Click & Lock system (see STCL (p. 86))

Mating connector X44	Pin	Coding	Name	Meaning
	1	Coded	L1	Main supply
	2	-	L2	Main supply
2 13	3	-	L3	Main supply
	4	-	PE	Protective conductor

 $^{^{(2)}}$ For the devices 0362x45xx to 0362x47xx the logic must always be supplied via X43 / pin 6.



Specification of terminal connections:

► Conductor cross-section solid: 6 to 10 mm²

Conductor cross-section stranded: 6 mm²

► Tightening torque: 0.7 to 0.8 Nm

Note

Consider that the conductor cross-section to be used for your application depends on the total load of the power supply unit.

8.20 X45 – Motor Connection

Device variant: 0362x45xx

4-pole Power-Combicon connector, suitable for mating connector PC 5/ 4-STCL-7,62 (Phoenix) with Click & Lock system (see STCL (p. 86))

Mating connector X45	Name	Coding	Meaning
	U	-	Motor phase U
	V	-	Motor phase V
	W	Coded	Motor phase W
	PE	-	Protective conductor

Specification of terminal connections:

Conductor cross-section solid: 4 to 10 mm²

Conductor cross-section stranded: 4 to 6 mm²

► Tightening torque: 0.7 to 0.8 Nm

Related topics

X22A/ X42/ X45/ X47/ X49/ X57 - Motor Phases, page 134

Shielding of the Motor Cable, page 134

Motor Cable, page 149

8.21 X46 – Mains Supply

Device variants: 0362144xx, 0362x46xx

4-pole Power-Combicon connector, suitable for mating connector PC 16/ 4-STF-10,16 (Phoenix)

Mating connector X46	Pin	Coding	Name	Meaning
	1	Coded	L1	Main supply
	2	-	L2	Main supply
	3	-	L3	Main supply
	4	-	PE	Protective conductor



Specification of terminal connections:

Conductor cross-section solid/stranded:

0362144xx: 6 to 16 mm²
0362x46IF: 10 to 16 mm²
0362x46LF: 16 mm²

► Tightening torque: 1.7 to 1.8 Nm

Note

Consider that the conductor cross-section to be used for your application depends on the total load of the power supply unit.

8.22 X47 – Motor Connection

Device variants: 0362144xx, 0362x46xx

4-pole Power-Combicon connector, suitable for mating connector IPC 16/4-STF-10,16 (Phoenix)

Mating connector X47	Name	Coding	Meaning
	U	-	Motor phase U
	V	-	Motor phase V
	W	Coded	Motor phase W
W	PE	-	Protective conductor

Specification of terminal connections:

Conductor cross-section solid/stranded:

0362144xx: 4 to 16 mm²
 0362x46IF: 10 to 16 mm²
 0362x46LF: 16 mm²

► Tightening torque: 1.7 to 1.8 Nm

Related topics

X22A/ X42/ X45/ X47/ X49/ X57 - Motor Phases, page 134

Shielding of the Motor Cable, page 134

Motor Cable, page 149



8.23 X55 – Error Bus

24 V inputs for the evaluation of the status messages received from the power supply unit

4-pole Power-Combicon connector, suitable for mating connector MSTB 2,5/ 4-ST-5,08 (Phoenix)

Mating con- nector X55	Pin	I/O	Name	Meaning
	1	0	24 V	24 V output for error generation of power supply unit (max. 0.5 A)
3	2	I/O	GND	Ground
	3	I	PERR0	Error code 0 of power supply unit
	4	I	PERR1	Error code 1 of power supply unit

Specification of terminal connections

Conductor cross-section solid/stranded: 0.2 to 2.5 mm²

Tightening torque: 0.5 to 0.6 Nm

Related topics

X55 - Error Bus, page 138

8.24 X56 - DC Link

Device variant: 0362147xx

Connect the device to ground via the grounding screw at the bottom of the device.

2 lead-through terminals, type HDFK 16 A or UW 25/S (Phoenix)

Name	Meaning
UB+	DC link +
UB-	DC link -

Specification of terminal connections

Lead-through terminal HDFK 16 A

Conductor cross-section solid: 25 mm²

- Conductor cross-section stranded: 16 mm²

- Tightening torque: 2 to 2.3 Nm

Lead-through terminal UW 25/S

Conductor cross-section solid: 35 mm²

Conductor cross-section stranded: 25 mm²

- Tightening torque: 4 to 4.5 Nm

8.25 X57 – Motor Connection

Device variant: 0362147xx

Connect the device to ground via the grounding screw at the bottom of the device.

3 lead-through terminals, type HDFK 16 A or UW 25/S (Phoenix)

Name	Meaning	
U	Motor phase U	
V	Motor phase V	



Name	Meaning
W	Motor phase W

Specification of terminal connections

Lead-through terminal HDFK 16 A

Conductor cross-section solid: 25 mm²

Conductor cross-section stranded: 16 mm²

Tightening torque: 2 to 2.3 Nm

Lead-through terminal UW 25/S

Conductor cross-section solid: 35 mm²

Conductor cross-section stranded: 25 mm²

- Tightening torque: 4 to 4.5 Nm

Related topics

X22A/ X42/ X45/ X47/ X49/ X57 - Motor Phases, page 134

Shielding of the Motor Cable, page 134

Motor Cable, page 149

8.26 X63 – External Ballast Resistor

A DANGER



High voltages in the intermediate circuit

Note that even after the device unit has been switched off high voltages may occur in the intermediate circuit of the complete system that can cause serious injuries.

- → Wait until the intermediate circuit is fully discharged before cutting the connections of the external ballast resistor ("capacitor discharge").
- → Take the following steps **before** working on the device or on the intermediate circuit:
- → Disconnect the device definitely from the mains supply.
- → Wait until the discharge time of the DC link capacities has expired. It is longer than 4 minutes.
- → Ensure by measuring that the intermediate circuit is fully discharged.
- → Disconnect the connections of the external ballast resistor from the power supply.
- → Also consider general safety instructions before you continue working on the device.

SPC5 connector (Phoenix)

Device variants: 0362144xx, 0362145IF before facelift (device version < 4.200)

3-pole Power-Combicon connector, suitable for mating connector SPC 5/ 3-STCL-7,62 (Phoenix) with Click & Lock system (see <u>STCL (p. 86)</u>)

Mating connector X63	Pin	Name	Meaning
	1	Rextern	External ballast resistor / chopper connection
	2	Rintern	Internal ballast resistor
2	3	UB+	Positive DC link connection 4
3			



Specification of terminal connections:

- Conductor cross-section solid: 2 to 10 mm²
- Conductor cross-section stranded: 2 to 6 mm²
- Connection method: spring-cage connection with push-in technology (handling: see page 87)

Note

An external ballast resistor is connected between pin 1 and pin 3. When the internal ballast resistor is to be used, pin 1 and pin 2 of connector X63 must be bridged with protection against accidental contact.

Terminal block (Wago)

Device variants: 0362x45xx/ 46xx (device version ≥ 4.200)

3-pole terminal block with lead-through terminals, pin spacing 7 mm (WAGO)

X63	Pin	Name	Meaning
	1	Rextern	External ballast resistor / chopper connection
3 12 2 1	2	Rintern	Internal ballast resistor
1	3	UB+	Positive DC link connection 4

Specification of terminal connections:

- Conductor cross-section solid/stranded: 2 to 4 mm²
- CAGE CLAMP connection method (screwdriver-actuated)

Note

An external ballast resistor is connected between pin 1 and pin 3. When the internal ballast resistor is to be used, pin 1 and pin 2 of connector X63 must be bridged with protection against accidental contact.

Related topics

X41/X63 – External Ballast Resistor, page 138

Connection Diagram, page 171

8.27 X64/X65 – EtherCAT

EtherCAT slave interfaces X64 (output) and X65 (input) for connection to a higher-ranking control

Note

Currently, the EtherCAT interface is only available with the following device variants: 036224xxx.



2 × 8-pole female RJ45 connector

X64/X65	Pin	I/O	Name	Description
	1	0	TX+	Transmit data +
	2	0	TX-	Transmit data -
	3	I	RX+	Receive data +
	4		n.c.	
	5		n.c.	
	6	I	RX-	Receive data -
	7		n.c.	
	8		n.c.	

Related topics

X64/X65 - EtherCAT, page 139

LED Status Display: EtherCAT Connection, page 140



9 Connection Examples

The following sections provide connection examples for the individual connectors of the device.

Wiring examples for the device connection can be found in the Appendix (p. 171).

9.1 X6, X7 – Incremental Encoders with TTL Signals

The connection is implemented according to interface standard EIA-422.

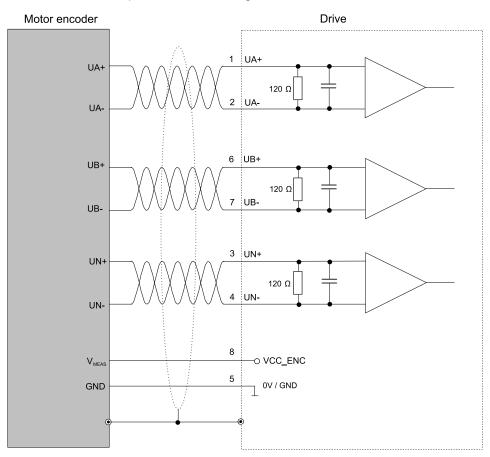


Fig. 50: Incremental Encoder with TTL Signals

Encoder signals: 5 V



9.2 X7 – Encoder Emulation

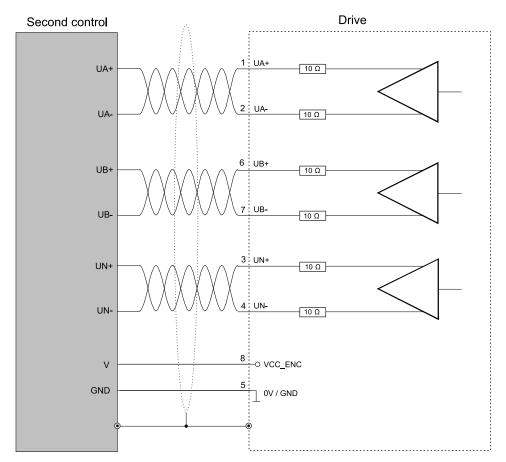


Fig. 51: Encoder Emulation

The transmission meets the requirements of the standard TIA/EIA-422-B with a voltage differential of at least. ± 0.9 V.

9.3 X10/ X43 – Safety Circuit (STO)

The safety circuit is not integrated in older devices of variant 0362140xx.

Note

See also chapter "Safety Circuit / Restart Lock (STO)", page 156.



9.3.1 Wiring with OSSD

OSSD = output signal switching device

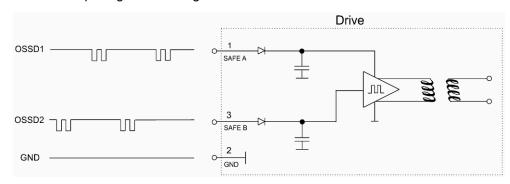


Fig. 52: Safety circuit (STO) - wiring with OSSD

9.3.2 Wiring without OSSD

OSSD = output signal switching device

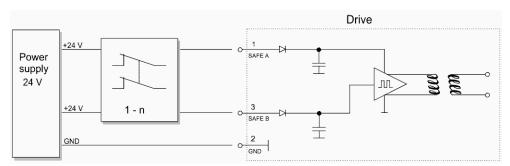


Fig. 53: Safety circuit (STO) - wiring without OSSD



9.4 X15 – Digital Outputs / NAMUR sensor / PULSE IN / Digital field plate / GMR

9.4.1 Digital Outputs

The meanings of the digital outputs can be defined by parameters. Every output can be loaded with 100 mA.

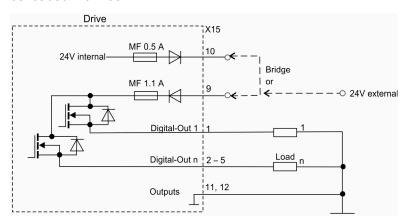


Fig. 54: Digital Outputs

9.4.2 NAMUR sensor

The function NAMUR is supported from device version 3.201. For device variant 0362x41xx this applies from device version 3.301.

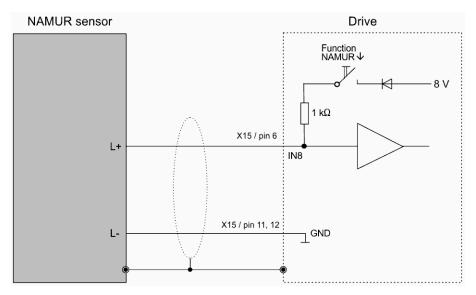


Fig. 55: NAMUR sensor

Note

As required by the NAMUR standard the switching threshold for the input is 2.5 mA.



9.4.3 PULSE IN 24 V

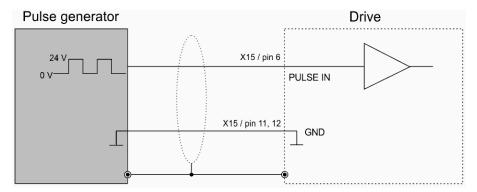


Fig. 56: PULSE IN 24 V

Note

A pulse generator for 5 V is to be connected to X17 (pin 25), see connection example chapter "PULSE IN 5 V", page 128.

9.4.4 Digital field plate / GMR

The switching thresholds of the converter input IN8 are 5.4 V for active-low signals and 5.9 V for active-high signals. Therefore the switching thresholds of the used sensor must be adapted to the input by offsetting the middle voltage.

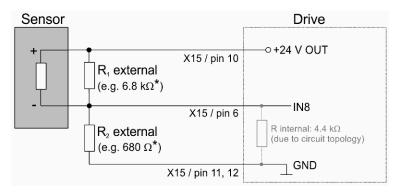


Fig. 57: Digital field plate / GMR

[*] The resistors R_1 and R_2 depend on the used sensor.

Sample calculation of the resistors R_1 and R_2

The resistance is calculated by means of the spindle data.

Specifications taken from the data sheet of the spindle manufacturer:

- Sensor off: 4 mA (signal is not available)
- Sensor on: 8 mA (signal is available)
- ▶ Voltage U: 3 V (amplitude with 24 V supply and a resistance (R_2) of 680 Ω)

The resistance Rinternal (4.4 $k\Omega$) results from the circuit topology and must be included in the calculation.

The spindle data make the following voltage levels at the input:

Sensor off:
$$I \times \frac{1}{(\frac{1}{R_{yext}} + \frac{1}{R_{int}})} = 4 \text{ mA} \times \frac{1}{(\frac{1}{680 \Omega} + \frac{1}{4400 \Omega})} = 2.36 \text{ V}$$



Sensor on:
$$I \times \frac{1}{(1/R_{2}ext + 1/R_{int})} = 8 \text{ mA} \times \frac{1}{(1/680 \Omega + 1/4400 \Omega)} = 4.71 \text{ V}$$

Middle voltage of the sensor: (4.71 V + 2.36 V) / 2 = 3.54 V

Middle voltage of the input IN8 at the SD2S: (5.9 V + 5.4 V)/2 = 5.65 V

The voltage level must be increased according to the difference between the middle voltages. This is done by a boost voltage at R_1 .

Boost voltage R_1 : 5.65 V - 3.54 V = 2.11 V

Resistance R₁: (24 V / 2.11 V) × 588 Ω = 6.688 k Ω \rightarrow 6.8 k Ω

(588 Ω results from the resistances of R₂external and Rinternal.)

Note

If you use other sensors, please pay attention to the input switching thresholds of the sensor and the data sheet provided by the spindle manufacturer.

9.4.5 PULSE (Speed Pulses)

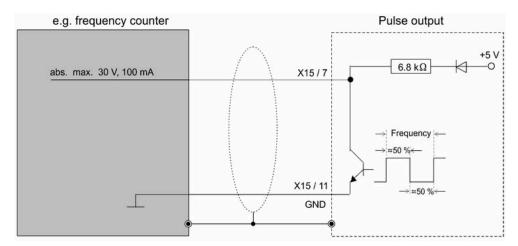


Fig. 58: PULSE - speed pulses



9.5 X16/17 – Digital Inputs

Digital inputs at X16

The meanings of the digital inputs can be defined by parameters.

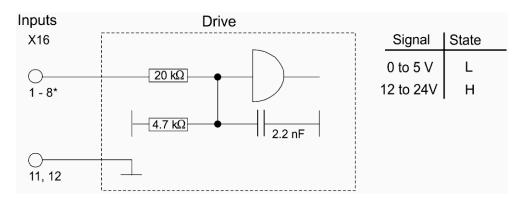


Fig. 59: Digital inputs at X16

[*] Yet another digital input is located at the connector X15 (pin 6).

Digital inputs (5 V) at X17

The following figure is a wiring example for a 5 V limit switch:

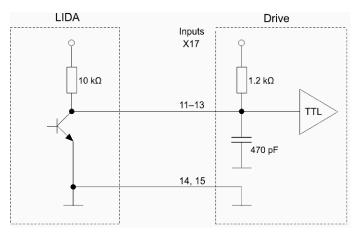


Fig. 60: Digital inputs at X17



9.6 X17 – Motor Feedback

9.6.1 Resolver

NOTICE

Voltage (VCC) varies depending on the set measuring system

When the connected measuring system is operated under a wrong voltage, it can be damaged.

→ Check that you have chosen the right measuring system in the software before connecting.

A shielded cable with 3 twisted pairs must be used. Twist mode: sine/sine, cosine/cosine, rotor/rotor; designation of the cable, e.g. LIYCY $3 \times 2 \times 0.14$.

If the thermal motor protection is evaluated, use a shielded cable with 4 twisted pairs of wires.

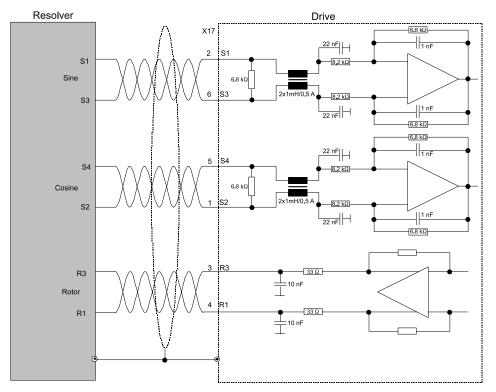


Fig. 61: Resolver

When this meysuring system is parameterized VCC_FB is switched to 5.3 V.



9.6.2 Incremental Encoder with Sine Signals (1 V_{pp})

NOTICE

Voltage (VCC) varies depending on the set measuring system

When the connected measuring system is operated under a wrong voltage, it can be damaged.

→ Check that you have chosen the right measuring system in the software **before connecting**.

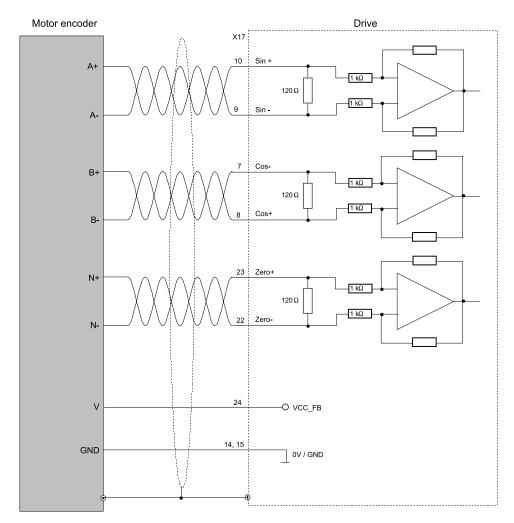


Fig. 62: Incremental Encoder with Sine Signals

When this meysuring system is parameterized VCC_FB is switched to 5.3 V.



9.6.3 Linear Hall Encoder (1 V_{pp})

NOTICE

Voltage (VCC) varies depending on the set measuring system

When the connected measuring system is operated under a wrong voltage, it can be damaged.

→ Check that you have chosen the right measuring system in the software **before connecting**.

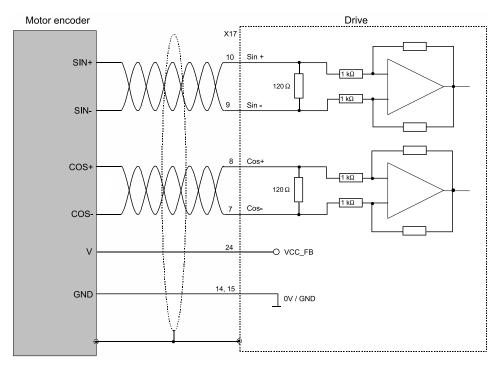


Fig. 63: Linear Hall encoder

When this meysuring system is parameterized VCC_FB is switched to 12 V.



9.6.4 EnDat 2.1 with Sine Signals (1 V_{pp})

NOTICE

Voltage (VCC) varies depending on the set measuring system

When the connected measuring system is operated under a wrong voltage, it can be damaged.

→ Check that you have chosen the right measuring system in the software **before connecting**.

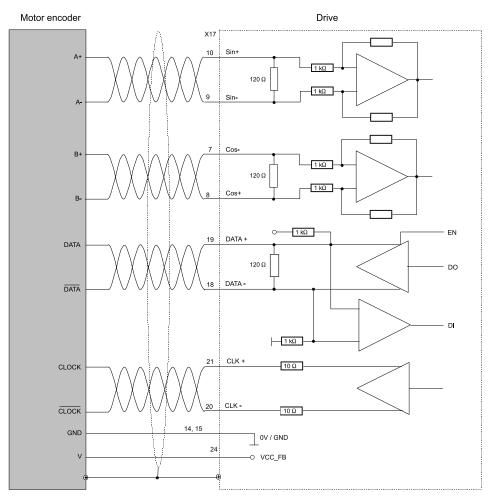


Fig. 64: EnDat 2.1 with sine signals

When this meysuring system is parameterized VCC_FB is switched to 5.3 V.



9.6.5 Hiperface with Sine Signals

NOTICE

Voltage (VCC) varies depending on the set measuring system

When the connected measuring system is operated under a wrong voltage, it can be damaged.

→ Check that you have chosen the right measuring system in the software before connecting.

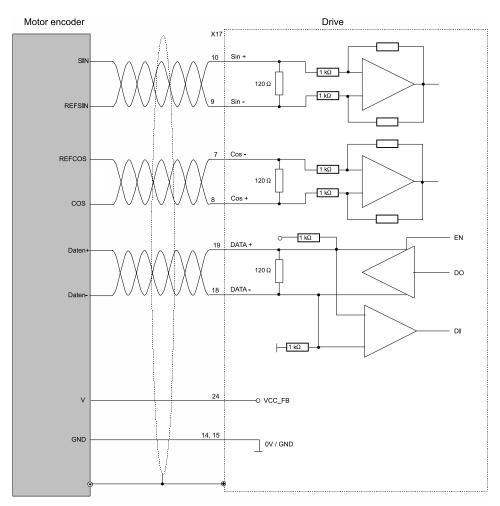


Fig. 65: Hiperface with Sine Signals

When this meysuring system is parameterized VCC_FB is switched to 12 V.



9.6.6 Hall Sensor 12 V

NOTICE

Voltage (VCC) varies depending on the set measuring system

When the connected measuring system is operated under a wrong voltage, it can be damaged.

→ Check that you have chosen the right measuring system in the software **before connecting**.

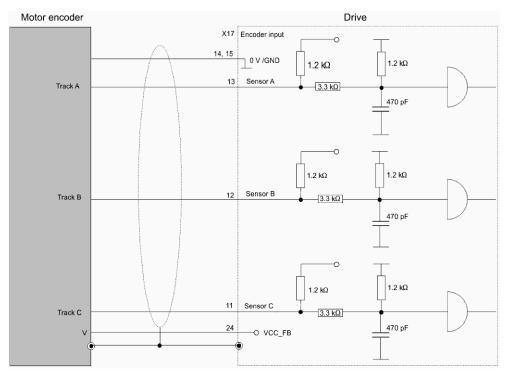


Fig. 66: Hall Sensor 12 V

When this meysuring system is parameterized VCC_FB is switched to 12 V.



9.6.7 Hall Sensor 5.3 V

NOTICE

Voltage (VCC) varies depending on the set measuring system

When the connected measuring system is operated under a wrong voltage, it can be damaged.

→ Check that you have chosen the right measuring system in the software before connecting.

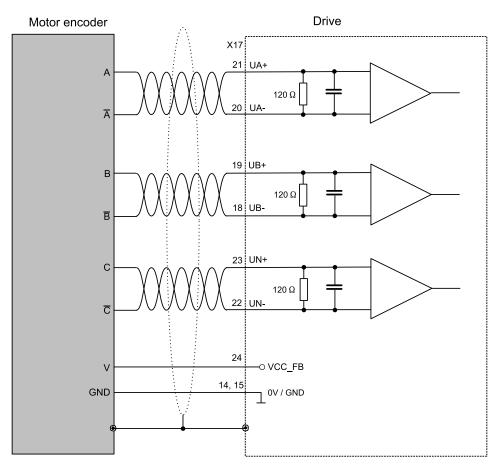


Fig. 67: Hall sensor 5.3 V

When this meysuring system is parameterized VCC_FB is switched to 5.3 V.



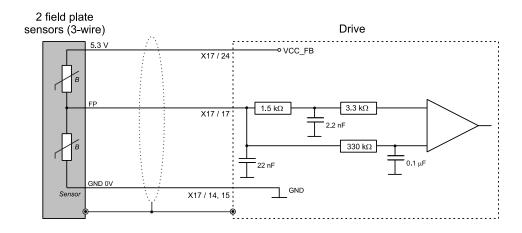
9.6.8 Field Plate

NOTICE

Voltage (VCC) varies depending on the set measuring system

When the connected measuring system is operated under a wrong voltage, it can be damaged.

→ Check that you have chosen the right measuring system in the software **before connecting**.



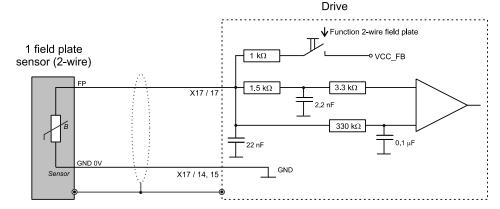


Fig. 68: Field plate - 2-wire and 3-wire

When this meysuring system is parameterized VCC_FB is switched to 5.3 V.

Note

A digital field plate (e.g. GMR sensor) is connected to X15 (pin 6), see connection example page 115.



9.6.9 Incremental Encoder with TTL Signals (5.3 V)

NOTICE

Voltage (VCC) varies depending on the set measuring system

When the connected measuring system is operated under a wrong voltage, it can be damaged.

→ Check that you have chosen the right measuring system in the software **before connecting**.

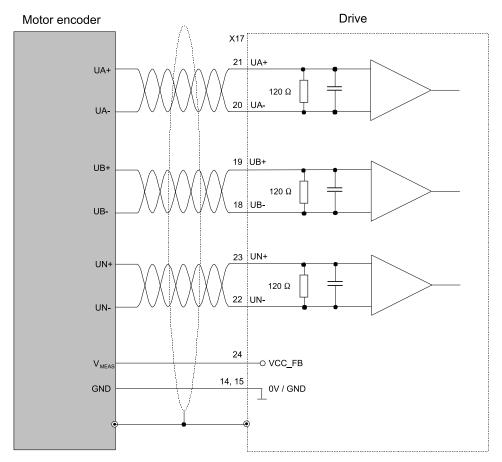


Fig. 69: Incremental Encoder with TTL Signals

When this meysuring system is parameterized VCC_FB is switched to 5.3 V.



9.6.10 Incremental Encoder 12 V

NOTICE

Voltage (VCC) varies depending on the set measuring system

When the connected measuring system is operated under a wrong voltage, it can be damaged.

→ Check that you have chosen the right measuring system in the software **before connecting**.

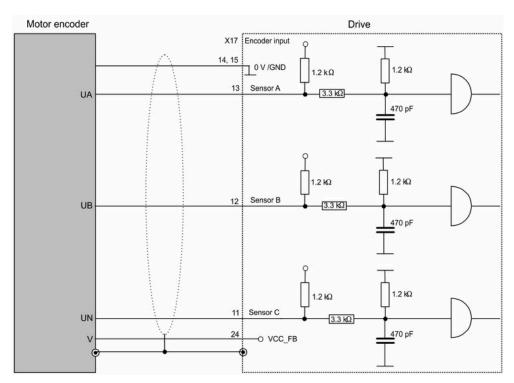


Fig. 70: Incremental encoder 12 V

Encoder failure monitoring is not possible with this measuring system.

When this meysuring system is parameterized VCC_FB is switched to 12 V.



9.6.11 PULSE IN 5 V

NOTICE

Voltage (VCC) varies depending on the set measuring system

When the connected measuring system is operated under a wrong voltage, it can be damaged.

→ Check that you have chosen the right measuring system in the software before connecting.

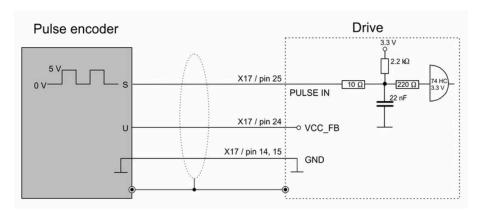


Fig. 71: PULSE IN 5 V

When this meysuring system is parameterized VCC_FB is switched to 5.3 V.

Note

A pulse generator for 24 V is to be connected to X15 (pin 6), see connection example chapter "PULSE IN 24 V", page 115.



9.6.12 RENISHAW BISS C Mode (Unidirectional)

Supported measuring systems:

linear RLxxxxxxx with 32-bit BiSS-C, resolution: 1 nm, 5 nm or 50 nm

NOTICE

Voltage (VCC) varies depending on the set measuring system

When the connected measuring system is operated under a wrong voltage, it can be damaged.

→ Check that you have chosen the right measuring system in the software **before connecting**.

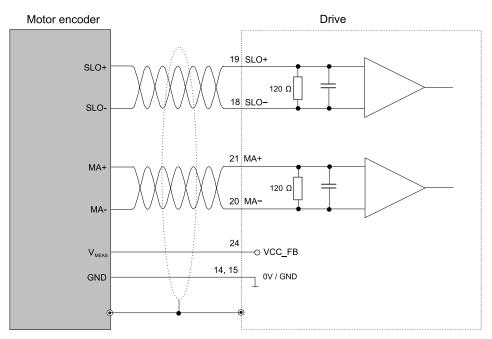


Fig. 72: RENISHAW BiSS C Mode (Unidirectional)

When this meysuring system is parameterized VCC FB is switched to 5.3 V.

Requirements:

- device variant: 0362x40xx, 0362x41xx (other device variants on request)
- device version 4.xxx and higher
- ▶ firmware f04011v04017 and higher, logic l04004v04019 and higher
- drivemaster2 V1.20 Build 75-17.7.2020 and higher



9.6.13 Temperature Sensor of the Motor

INPUT/OUTPUT: The thermal motor protection is evaluated via these connectors.

The SD2S drive supports evaluating the temperature monitoring integrated in the motor. The NTC/PTC behavior of the monitoring is defined in the software (motor parameters). The controller is deactivated as soon as the critical motor temperature is reached.

The following sensor types are available: PTC / Thermo switch, NTC, KTY84/130, KTY83/122 and PT1000.

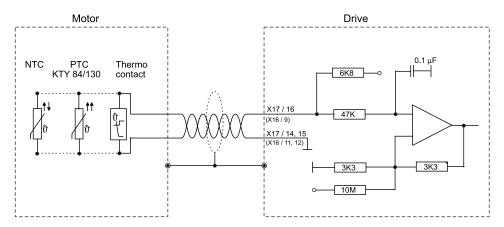


Fig. 73: Temperature sensor of the motor

The temperature sensor must have an internal resistor between 250 Ω and 2 k Ω .

Note

If no motor temperature sensor is connected, the input must be connected with GND.



9.7 X18 – Analog Inputs/Outputs

9.7.1 Analog outputs

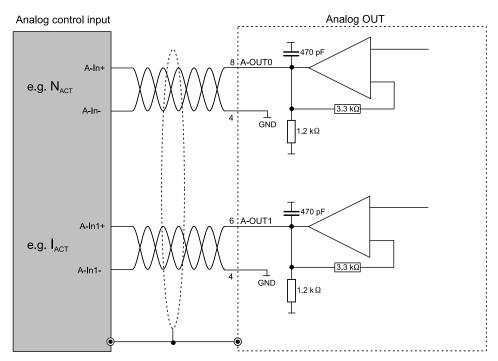


Fig. 74: Analog outputs

Configurable output voltage: 0 to +10 V, max. 1 mA



9.7.2 Analog inputs

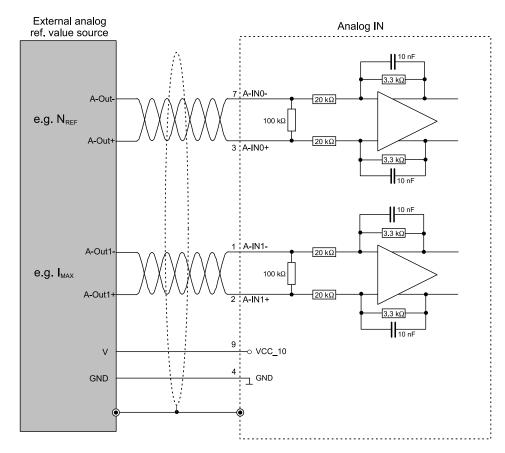


Fig. 75: Analog inputs

Voltage interface with input voltage range: ±10 V

Can also be connected to potentiometer (500 Ω - 5 k Ω)

9.8 X19 – Bus Connection

9.8.1 **COM1 – RS232 Interface**

COM1 - RS232 interface 1

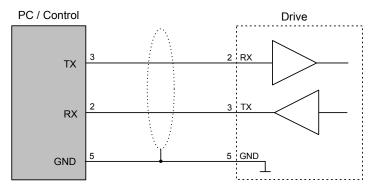


Fig. 76: RS232 interface (X19)



If you connect X19 to a standard RS232 interface of a PC (9-pole male D-sub connector), the used cable must be constructed as follows:

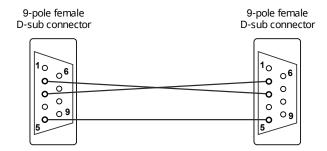


Fig. 77: RS232 cable

COM1 - RS232 Interface 2

Additional RS232 connection available:

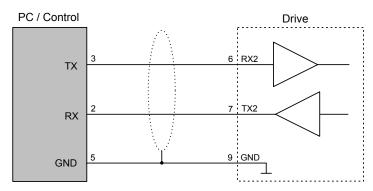


Fig. 78: RS232 interface 2 (X19)

9.8.2 CAN interface

The CAN interface is designed according to ISO 11898. It is a two-wire connection with differential signals. ISO 11898 specifies a bus cable with two signal lines, CAN_H and CAN_L. The lines have a rated impedance of 120 Ohm. The signal lines are connected to a terminating resistor (120 Ohm) at both ends of the bus cable (see figure).

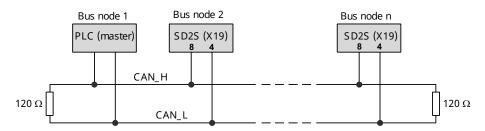


Fig. 79: CAN interface

The total length of the bus cable must not exceed the specified lengths. The following table indicates physical limitations valid for specific transmission rates:

Baud rate	Max. bus length
50 kBd	1000 m
125 kBd	500 m
250 kBd	250 m
500 kBd	100 m
1000 kBd	25 m



The number of bus nodes is also limited by the specification according to ISO 11898. The limiting value is between 32 and 100 bus nodes depending on the used cable and transmission rate. For further information on the maximum number of bus nodes refer to the document "CAN Physical Layer" by the user organization CiA.

9.9 X22A/ X42/ X45/ X47/ X49/ X57 – Motor Phases

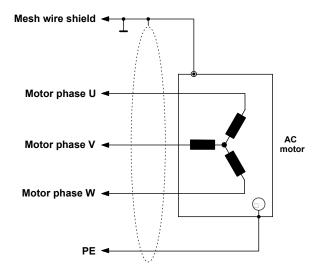


Fig. 80: Connection of the motor phases

Ground the motor housing in the machine!

A DANGER



Dangerous shock currents

connect the motor housing to the ground of the machine or connect the ground terminal of the motor connector to the central ground point of the machine.

→ Consider the following with regard to shielding: Always use shielded motor cables.

Note

Voice coil motors are generally connected via the motor phases U and W. The current parameters of voice coil motors can only be indicated as sine peak amplitudes (A_p) , not as RMS values (A_{rms}) .

Related topics

Motor Cable, page 149

9.10 Shielding of the Motor Cable

For the operation of SD2S the motor cable needs to be shielded. Depending on the device and application more shielding measures might be required.



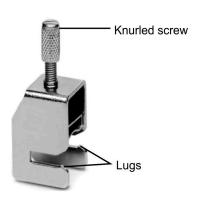
The following examples explain how to connect the motor cable shield using a shield connection clamp by Phoenix (see <u>Manufacturers (p. 180)</u>):

- Example 1 explains how to connect the motor cable shield to the bottom side of the device.
- Example 2 explains how to connect the motor cable shield to a top hat rail. This option can be used alternatively to example 1 and in case the shield connection clamp is too small for the used cable.

Example 1: Shielding at the device

The following procedure describes connecting the cable shield to the device housing. The motor cable of 0362140xx is used in this example.

- 1. Remove the insulation of the motor cable on a length of approximately 30 mm in the place it will be fixed in the terminal.
- 2. Place the motor cable between the slot holes at the bottom of the device.
- 3. Put the clamp over the cable into the slot holes.
- 4. Push the clamp to the back so that the lugs lock in the circular holes.
- 5. Fix the cable using the knurled screw.
 - SK 8: max. tightening torque = 0.6 Nm
 - SK 14: max. tightening torque = 0.8 Nm
 - SK 20: max. tightening torque = 0.8 Nm





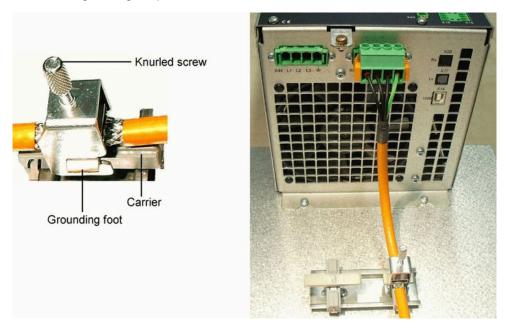
Example 2: Shielding on a top hat rail

The following procedure describes connecting the cable shield to a top hat rail. The motor cable of 0362145xx is used in this example.

- 1. Mount a top hat rail with a carrier for the terminal (e.g. "carrier with grounding foot" by WAGO, see Manufacturers (p. 181)) below the device.
- 2. Remove the insulation of the motor cable on a length of approximately 30 mm in the place it will be fixed in the terminal.
- 3. Place the motor cable on the carrier.
- 4. Push the terminal over the cable into the grounding foot of the carrier.
- 5. Fix the cable using the knurled screw.
 - SK 8: max. tightening torque = 0.6 Nm
 - SK 14: max. tightening torque = 0.8 Nm
 - SK 20: max. tightening torque = 0.8 Nm



- SK 35: tightening torque = 1.5 to 1.8 Nm



9.11 X26/X27 - SERVOLINK

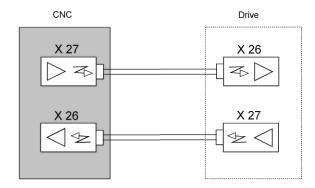


Fig. 81: SERVOLINK 4



9.12 X28 – Mains Supply 0362121xC/ 0362x41xC(A)/ 0362x42xx/ 0362x43xx

1-phase mains supply

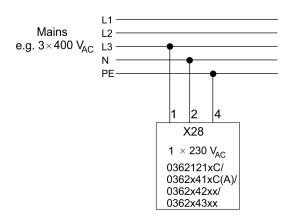


Fig. 82: Mains connection 0362121xC/ 0362x41xC(A)/ 0362x42xx/ 0362x43xx (1-phase)

3-phase mains supply

3-phase power greater than $3 \times 230 \text{ V}_{AC}$ is only possible with a mains transformer:

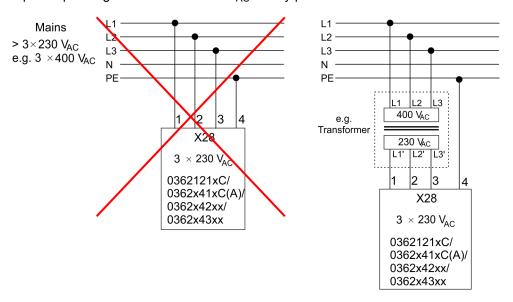


Fig. 83: Mains connection 0362121xC/ 0362x41xC(A)/ 0362x42xx/ 0362x43xx (3-phase) with mains transformer



9.13 X41/X63 – External Ballast Resistor

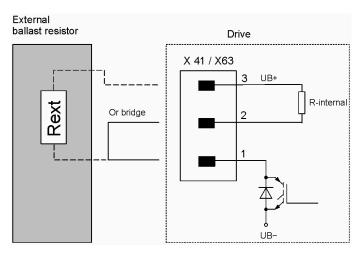
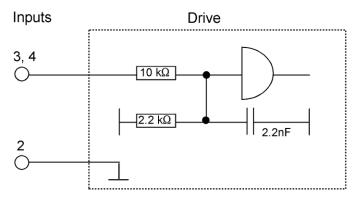


Fig. 84: External ballast resistor

9.14 X55 - Error Bus



Signal	State
0 to 5V	L
12 to 24V	Н

Fig. 85: Error bus

Hardware Status Signals PERR0/PERR1

ERR0	ERR1	Meaning			
0	0	External power supply unit is switched off.			
1	0	Overvoltage or undervoltage occurred.			
0	1	External power supply unit is switched on, but the power supply is missing.			
1	1	External power supply unit is switched on.			

Note

If the external power supply unit only provides a status signal "Power OK", this signal must be connected to pin 3 **and** pin 4.



9.15 X64/X65 - EtherCAT

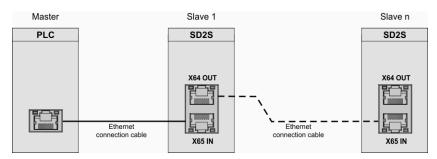


Fig. 86: EtherCAT connection

Ethernet connection cable: To connect EtherCAT devices use only Ethernet cables of Category 5 (Class D) or higher. You can either use patch cables (1:1) or crossover cables (TX crosslinked to RX) because the receiver ports (PHY) support automatic cable recognition (auto crossover feature).

9.16 Housing Ground

If required, you can ground the device at the housing. For this purpose a press nut labeled \oplus is provided.

Use an M4 screw (max. length 8 mm) and a spring washer for grounding.



10 Status Display and Error Messages

10.1 LED Status Display: EtherCAT Connection

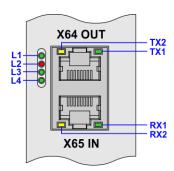


Fig. 87: EtherCAT LEDs (device bottom side)

LED	Color	Status	Meaning			
TX1	Green	*	Data transmission (TX) active			
TX2	Yellow	*	Speed = 100 MBit			
RX1	Green	*	Data reception (RX) active			
RX2	Yellow	*	Speed = 100 MBit			

LED	Color	Status	Meaning			
L1 – status	Green	0	Init: Communication between master and slave (drive) is not possible			
		∲ (fast)	Pre-operational: Only SDO communication is possible. No process data are transmitted. The LED flashes at the following intervals:			
			LED off 200 ms 200 ms			
		(slow)	Safe-operational: As process data only actual values are transmitted from the slave (drive) to the master. SDO communication is possible. The LED flashes at the following intervals:			
			LED off 200 ms 1000 ms			
		*	Operational: The complete data channel is active.			
L2 – error	Red	*	Communication error			
L3 – processor	Green	©	Processor watchdog: Processor is active. (L3 and L4 flash alternately.)			
L4 – processor	Green	Ø				

10.2 7-segment Display

The 7-segment display shows status and error messages.

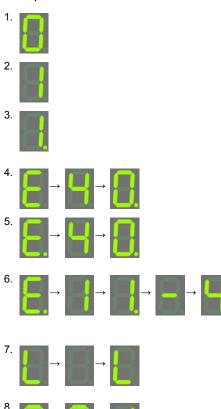


A status message is made up of 1 to 5 digits and displayed as sequence. All messages end with dot behind the last digit. When the first digit is 'E.', there is a permanent error. If the cause of an error can be specified, the display indicates the actual error code followed by a hyphen and a one-digit sub error code.

Note

Devices with older firmware do not feature the sub error code.

Examples:



Permanent display 0

- ► Controller is switched off.
- ► No error.

Permanent display 1

- Controller is switched on.
- ► No error.

Permanent display 1.

- ► Controller is switched on.
- ► No error.
- ► Dot calls additional attention to PI limit.

Sequential display

- ► Controller is switched off due to error E40.
- ► The error is not present anymore.

Sequential display

- ► Controller is switched off due to error E40.
- The error is still present (indicated by the dot behind 'E').

Sequential display

- ► Controller is switched off due to error E11.
- The error is still present (indicated by the dot behind 'E').
- ► Sub error code 4 is indicated as cause.

Sequential display

 Controller is in boot loader mode: Display appears short-time when the device is booted and when the system software is loaded.

Sequential display

 Drive address: During booting of the devices the set address of the drive is displayed short-time (here A01)

10.2.1 List of the Operating States

Code	Description
0	Ready to switch on
1	Controller active
1.	Controller active, controller is limited / PI limit
2	Mains 'Ready for operation' not present yet
L	Boot loader active (during boot / software load)

10.2.2 List of Drive Error Messages

Note

The following messages apply to the entire SD2x drive series. According to the device type or operating mode, certain messages may not appear.

Status Display and Error Messages



Code	Erro	or message	Error reaction	Pos	Possible reason		
E03 (0x103)	Interpolation error (interpolated position control)		Motor is stopped by quick stop ramp and drive is disabled (con-		Faulty motion profile of the higher- ranking control		
(259 <i>d</i>)	1	Acceleration limit exceeded	trolled standstill).				
	2	Speed limit exceeded					
	3	Index error					
E05 (0x105) (261 <i>d</i>)	Erro	r caused by warning	Motor is stopped by quick stop ramp and drive is disabled (controlled standstill).		Parameter-driven monitoring stopped the drive.		
E06	Digi	tal Input 'External Hardware'	Motor is stopped by parameter-	Mor	nitoring of external hardware:		
(0x106) (262 <i>d</i>)	0	Digital input	driven ramp and drive is disabled (controlled standstill).	0	Digital input "External Hardware OK" is not connected to 24 V.		
	1	Analog input 0: broken cable		1	Minimum current monitoring of analog input 0 has triggered.		
	2	Analog input 1: broken cable		2	Minimum current monitoring of analog input 1 has triggered.		
	3	Analog input 0 and 1: broken cable		3	Minimum current monitorings of analog inputs 0 and 1 have triggered.		
E07 (0x107) (263 <i>d</i>)	Erro	r in internal hardware	Motor is stopped by quick stop ramp and drive is disabled (controlled standstill).	> (Overload in digital outputs		
E09 (0x109) (265 <i>d</i>)	Hipe rect	erface / EnDat OEM data incor-	No "Ready" for startup		Number of motor pole pairs in En- Dat/Hiperface encoder does not match the parameter set.		
E10 (0x10A) (266 <i>d</i>)	drive	e-setup-tool heartbeat	Motor is stopped by quick stop ramp and drive is disabled (controlled standstill).		drive-setup-tool was not able to communicate with the drive in the parameterized monitoring time.		
E11 (0x10B) (267 <i>d</i>)	(10B) SERVOLINK 4 driver		Motor is stopped by parameter- driven ramp and drive is disabled (controlled standstill).	Monitoring of bus communication led to switch-off:			
	1	Faulty telegram ID 1		1	Faulty reference value telegram		
	2	Zero data telegram ¹		2	Higher-ranking control not active		
	3	CRC error ¹		3	Check sum error, interferences dur- ing transmission		
	4	Synchronization error ^{1, 4}		4	Drive telegram not synchronized		
	5	Configuration error ⁴		5	Faulty configuration of mailbox, PDO, watchdog or synchronization		
	6	NMT error ^{2, 3, 4}		6	Control channel of bus system was not active during switch-on (pre-operational)		
	7	Addressing error 4		7	Faulty drive address		
	8	Node Guarding ³		8	Communication node monitoring: monitoring time expired (config- urable)		
	9	EEPROM error ⁴		9	Error in EtherCAT EEPROM		
	10	Heartbeat / Watchdog ^{2, 3, 4}		10	Heartbeat monitoring: monitoring		
		Transcat/ vvaloridog			time expired (configurable)		
E12 (0x10C) (268 <i>d</i>)	Mains 'Ready for operation' is missing		Motor is stopped by parameter- driven ramp and drive is disabled (controlled standstill).	 Power output stage was switched or when mains supply was disconnect- ed/interrupted. 			
E15 (0x10F) (271 <i>d</i>)	Endat / Hiperface communication faulty		Motor is stopped by quick stop ramp and drive is disabled (con- trolled standstill).		Communication of EnDat/Hiperface is faulty.		
E17 (0x311) (785 <i>d</i>)	FPGA power output stage shut-down		Motor is stopped immediately.	> (➤ Overload in power supply unit		



Code	Erro	r message	Error reaction	Pos	ssible reason
E17 (0x311) (785 <i>d</i>)	Zero voltage control DC link (only SD2M)		Motor is stopped immediately. Mains thyristors are no longer controlled.	► \ (► (Window range of the zero voltage control has been exceeded. Unbalanced load ase contact SIEB & MEYER.
E18 (0x312) (786 <i>d</i>)	Error in spindle selection		Motor is stopped immediately.	ı	Spindle selection was not valid at "Switch on"
E25 (0x319) (793 <i>d</i>)	Pow	er supply load too high	Drive is stopped by limitation of motor torque.	1	Output power of drive is greater than rated power of power supply unit, since the dimensioning of drive and motor are not compatible.
E26 (0x31A) (794 <i>d</i>)	Moto	or temperature too high	Motor is stopped by error ramp and current limitation.	1	Wrong parameters entered for the motor or wrong dimensioning of the motor
E27 (0x31B) (795 <i>d</i>)	Amb	ient temperature too high	Motor is stopped by error ramp and current limitation.	•	Insufficient device cooling
E28 (0x31C) (796 <i>d</i>)	Power too h	er output stage temperature nigh	Motor is stopped by error ramp and current limitation.	ı	Insufficient cooling of power output stage (heat sink)
E29 (0x31D) (797 <i>d</i>)	Moto	or load too high (Motor I ² t)	Motor is stopped by error ramp and current limitation. (1)	1	Average motor load is too high due to mechanical problems Wrong dimensioning of the motor
E30 (0x31E) (798 <i>d</i>)	Powe (I²t)	er output stage load too high	Motor is stopped by error ramp and current limitation. (1)		Average load of output stage is too high due to mechanical problems Wrong dimensioning of the drive
E31 (0x31F) (799 <i>d</i>)	Spee	ed error or slip too high	SERVO / VECTOR: Drive is limited by current monitoring due to short-circuit of the motor phases. (1) HSPWM: Drive is stopped by error ramp and current limitation.	1	Motor is not able to comply with the set speed (e.g. defective motor, mechanical problems, wrong parameters), failure of the measuring system
E33 (0x521) (1313 <i>d</i>)	Power supply load monitoring -> mains voltage too high		Power supply unit will be disconnected from mains.	 	Parameterized mains voltage does not match the connected voltage Device connected incorrectly Heavy fluctuation of the power supply towards overvoltage
E34 (0x522) (1314 <i>d</i>)		er supply charge monitoring -> as voltage too low Undervoltage	Power supply unit will be disconnected from mains.	to th	#/E34-1: DC link was not precharged the minimum voltage level in the set the period. Mains voltage is connected the short-circuited DC link.
E35 (0x523) (1315 <i>d</i>)	Erro	r in external power supply unit	Drive is immediately disabled, motor coasts to standstill.	;	Error message from external power supply unit; power supply is switched off.
E36 (0x524) (1316 <i>d</i>)	Enco	oder 0 monitoring	Motor is stopped by current monitoring via short-circuit of the motor phases.	ı	Connection of encoder 0 is faulty Broken cable
E37 (0x525)	Ballast circuit load (I²t ballast resistor)		Drive is immediately disabled, motor coasts to standstill.	Ballast circuit load due to:	
(1317 <i>d</i>)	1	I²t			Wrong dimensioning, too much energy supplied to R_{Ballast} , broken cable, no bridge at R_{Ballast} (int./ext.)
	2	(VCE) desaturation detection or: DC/DC converter overload (only 0362144xx)		2	Bridge at R _{Ballast} is not correct, short circuit of insulation etc. or: internal hardware fault <i>(only 0362144xx)</i>
E37 (0x525) (1317 <i>d</i>)	DC converter overload (only 0362161xx)		Power supply unit will be disconnected from mains.		Overload at voltage converter of DC link
E38 (0x526) (1318 <i>d</i>)	Actual speed value greater than overspeed threshold		Motor is stopped by current monitoring via short-circuit of the motor phases. (1)		Wrong parameters Motor connected incorrectly

Status Display and Error Messages



Code	Error message		Error reaction		Possible reason		
E39 (0x527) (1319 <i>d</i>)		cking error monitoring and mo- lowdown	Motor is stopped by current monitoring via short-circuit of the motor phases. (1)	► N	Vrong parameters Motor connected incorrectly Mechanical problems		
E40 (0x528) (1320 <i>d</i>)	Motor feedback		Motor is stopped by current monitoring via short-circuit of the motor phases. (1)		Connection of motor feedback faulty Broken cable		
E41	Motor phase lost				or connection/configuration is faulty:		
(0x529) (1321 <i>d</i>)	1	No motor connected	toring via short-circuit of the motor phases. ⁽¹⁾	1	No motor connected / incorrect wiring, broken cable		
	2	Wrong motor connected		2	Wrong parameters		
E42 (0x52A) (1322d)	Overvoltage in DC link		Drive is immediately disabled, motor coasts to standstill.	back ► c	king process feeds too much energy k to the DC link: leceleration ramp time too short levices with braking circuit: - internal resistor: wiring of the bridge is faulty - external resistor: wiring is faulty - external resistor: resistance too high		
E43 (0x52B) (1323 <i>d</i>)	Und	ervoltage in DC link	Drive is immediately disabled, motor coasts to standstill.	۱ ۱	OC link not connected		
E44 (0x52C) (1324 <i>d</i>)	Commutation lost The following list of error messages includes a note for which drive function the error might appear. • 1 HSBLOCK • 2 FPAM • 3 SVC • 4 HSPWM • 5 VF 1 EMF monitoring 1, 2, 3 4 2 Flux monitoring 4 3 Overload current monitoring 4 4 Under flux monitoring 5 Minimum speed monitoring 1, 2, 3 6 Error during alignment 1, 2 7 Current limitation V/f oscil-		Drive is immediately disabled, motor coasts to standstill.	viii PF nn nn c c c	The error E44 is triggered in case of wrong current feed of the motor during operation without sensor. Faulty parameters entered for the motor or faulty dimensioning of the motor. The error depends on the lrive function. For details refer to the corresponding setup instructions.		
E45 (0x52D)	Short circuit in power output stage		Drive is immediately disabled, motor coasts to standstill.		rt circuit of the power output stage to:		
(1325 <i>d</i>)	1	Internal short circuit		1	Faulty drive control		
	2	(VCE) desaturation detection		2	Wrong parameters, output stage defective, broken cable, short circuit, etc.		
	3	Short to ground		3	Short to ground of a motor phase		
	4 Current measuring range				Wrong parameters, output stage defective, broken cable, short circuit etc.		
	5	Overload motor		5	Drive function V/f: incorrect parameter setting of "Flying restart"		



Code	Erro	or message	Error reaction	Po	ssible reason	
E46 (0x52E) (1326 <i>d</i>)	1	Safety circuit (Safety X10)	Drive is immediately disabled, motor coasts to standstill without control.	1	Safety circuit STO is activated when the output stage is active; input SAFE A and/or input SAFE B were triggered.	
	2	Initialization error: internal hardware of safety controller		2	Safety function SFM/SLOF: error in according hardware components of the safety controller	
	3	Incorrect data/parameters in process sequence		3	Safety function SFM/SLOF: faulty PLC telegrams	
	4	Error in function parameters for a functional part		4	Safety function SFM/SLOF: parameter is out of limits	
	5	Timeout of monitoring functions		5	Safety function SFM/SLOF: error in according hardware components	
	6	Monitoring of OSSD signals and output stage enable		6	Safety function SFM/SLOF: ► wrong OSSD signals ► defective OSSD relay ► defective multiplexer	
	7	Monitoring of motor phases		7	Safety function SFM/SLOF: defective motor cable (broken cable)	
	8	Frequency exceeded		8	Safety function SFM/SLOF: ► set reference speed value is too high ► limit value for Safe Limited Output Frequency is parameterized incorrectly ► OSSD signals are set incorrectly	
	9	Communication error between DSP and safety controller		9	Safety function SFM/SLOF: com- munication between DSP and safety controller is disturbed	
E47 (0x52F) (1327 <i>d</i>)	Driv	e parameters not activated	Power output stage can not be activated.		 Drive start is not acknowledged by master yet (configurable by parame- ters in software). 	
E55 (0x737) (1847 <i>d</i>)	Firm	nware stopped by ESC	Device stops in BIOS.		During boot-up, the device received an ESC sequence at the serial interface.	
E56 (0x738) (1848 <i>d</i>)	Dev	ice configuration	Device stops in BIOS.		► During boot-up the device detected that hardware, firmware parameters and logic are not consistent;. A detailed error description is received by a parameter download.	
E57 (0x739) (1849 <i>d</i>)	Fau	lty or no firmware	Device stops in BIOS.	1	During boot-up the device detected no firmware or a faulty firmware.	
E58 (0x73A) (1850 <i>d</i>)	FPG	GA watchdog triggered	Device stops in BIOS.		FPGA process monitoring has been triggered;. Please contact SIEB & MEYER.	
E59 (0x73B) (1851 <i>d</i>)	No o	drive parameters loaded	Device stops in BIOS.	1	Device is not parameterized (status of delivery).	
E60 (0x73C) (1852d)	Driv	e parameters incorrect	Device stops in BIOS.		Parameter set of the device is not valid (CRC error).	
E61 (0x73D) (1853 <i>d</i>)	Log	ic coding missing or incorrect	Device stops in BIOS.	1	Logic programming of the device is not valid.	
E62 (0x73E) (1854 <i>d</i>)	Erro	or in electronic type plate	Device stops in BIOS.		Type plate is not programmed or faulty. Please contact SIEB & MEY-ER.	

⁽¹⁾ For servo motors with commutation via an incremental motor measuring system, the warning W17 "Unknown commutation angle" is signaled. After a restart of the device, the phasing of the motor measuring system starts automatically (magnetic alignment).



10.2.3 List of the Warning Messages

Warning messages are not displayed on the device display. They can only be seen in the software *drivemaster*2 via "Diagnosis → Errors and warnings".

Code	Description
W00	Digital input 'Quick stop' active
W01	Digital input 'Positive limit switch' active
W02	Digital input 'Negative limit switch' active
W03	Voltage of mains supply not OK
W04	Power output stage load greater than parameterized warning threshold W04 (power output stage I²t)
W05	Motor load greater than parameterized warning threshold W05 (motor I²t)
W06	Power output stage temperature greater than parameterized warning threshold W06
W07	Motor temperature greater than parameterized warning threshold W07
W08	DC link voltage greater than parameterized warning threshold W08
W09	DC link voltage less than parameterized warning threshold W09
W10	Speed controller in current limitation / PI limit
W11	Position/tracking error greater than parameterized warning threshold W11
W12	Speed error greater than parameterized warning threshold W12
W13	Tracking error of the current too great
W14	Ambient temperature greater than parameterized warning threshold W14
W15	Ballast resistor load greater than parameterized warning threshold W15 (ballast resistor l²t)
W16	Safety circuit is active
W17	Unknown commutation angle
W18	Hiperface / EnDat OEM data not valid
W19	Dirt signal encoder input 0
W20	Dirt signal encoder input 1
W21	Dirt signal encoder input 2
W22	Power supply unit load greater than 90% of the rated power
W23	Reserved
W24	Current or current rise greater than warning threshold W24 (warning current)
W25	Reference speed less than minimum motor speed
W26	Current greater than warning threshold W26 (warning overload current)
W27	Reserved
W28	Reserved
W29	Reserved
W30	Reserved
W31	Reserved

10.2.4 Messages of the Quick Stop Functions

Code	Description
H01	Digital input "Switch on" waits for positive edge to switch the drive on (This function is only active when the input is set as "Switch on type 2 (with positive edge)".)
H03	Software function "Quick stop"
H04	Digital input "Quick stop"
H07	Software positioning error "Negative limit"
H08	Software positioning error "Positive limit"
H09	Bus system "Quick stop" (The quick stop bit is set to 0)
H11	Digital input "Negative limit switch"
H12	Digital input "Positive limit switch"
H13	Digital input "Speed Enable"
H14	Magnetic bearing calibration active



11 General Information Regarding the Wiring

11.1 Mains connection

NOTICE

Property damage due to incorrect mains connection

Direct connection to **ungrounded** / **asymmetrically grounded mains** (IT mains with star point / IT delta mains) can destroy the devices.

Connecting the device to this mains type is only possible with isolating transformer.

→ Also consider the manual "Unit Assembly Complying to EMC", chapter "Connection to Different Supply System Types".

11.1.1 Mains Chokes

Mains chokes limit low-frequency mains repercussions and discharge the semiconductors and the DC link capacitors of drive controllers.

For S1 operation of a SIEB & MEYER drive controller, a mains choke is mandatory (see <u>chapter "Mains Chokes"</u>, page 178).

11.2 Cable Requirements

The cables described in this chapter meet the SIEB & MEYER requirements for cables and connectors in order to ensure their proper function.

NOTICE

Risk of cable damage due to mechanical loads

Cables that are exposed to mechanical loads, e.g. trailing chains or similar, must be suited for this purpose. Otherwise, damage may occur. SIEB & MEYER cables are not suitable for trailing chains!

- → The machine manufacturer must ensure that only cables are used that are suitable for this purpose.
- → All cables used to connect the devices must be equipped with an appropriate strain relief according to DIN EN 61800-5-1. This is particularly important, if no shield connection clamps (SK 8-D, SK14-D Phoenix clamps) are used at the chassis frame.

In general, the following principles apply for the cables (see also documentation "Unit Assembly Complying EMC")

- Motor and signal cables must not be wired in the same cable protection hose!
- ► Motor cables must have a wire-meshed shield. They must be wired separately from signal cables.
- Signal lines must have a wire-meshed shield. Differential signals should only be transmitted with twisted-pair lines. They must be wired separately from motor cables.

General Information Regarding the Wiring



- The cable shields must be connected to the connector shell inside of the connectors. In the switch cabinet they should be connected to a ground bus.
- Cable shields not ending in a connector inside of the switch cabinet such as motor cables must be connected to the ground bus.
- Both ends of the shield of shielded cables must generally be connected to the shell.

The line cross-sections should be selected carefully so that the maximum admissible current is not exceeded at the maximum ambient temperature (see technical data). DIN EN 60204-1 defines the admissible values for the individual line cross-sections which must absolutely be taken into account.

The current carrying capacity in connection with the line cross-section of copper conductors isolated with PVC or cables according to DIN EN 60204-1 for different types of wiring are indicated in the following table. All values are related to an ambient temperature of +40 °C and an operating temperature at the conductor of 70 °C.

Our desidence and the second LIAI					
Conductor cross-		Admissible current I [A]			
section A [mm²]	B2 wiring ⁽¹⁾	Wiring type C ⁽²⁾	Wiring type E ⁽³⁾		
0,75	8,5	9,8	10,4		
1,00	10,1	11,7	12,4		
1,50	13,1	15,2	16,1		
2,50	17,4	21	22		
4	23	28	30		
6	30	36	37		
10	40	50	52		
16	54	66	70		
25	70	84	88		
35	86	104	110		
50	103	125	133		
70	130	160	171		
95	156	194	207		
120	179	225	240		

⁽¹⁾ cable laying in installation tubes or closed installation channels on or under the wall surface or in channels for underfloor (multicore or sheathed cables)

Tab. 3: Current carrying capacity according to DIN EN 60204-1

The following correction factors are provided for deviating ambient temperatures:

Ambient temperature T [°C]	Correction factor
30	1,15
35	1,08
40	1,00
45	0,91
50	0,82
55	0,71
60	0,58

Cross-sections of round conductors

The standard values of the cross-section of round copper conductors as well as the approximate ratio of metric ISO and AWG/MCM values are shown in the following table.

Standardized cross-sections of round conductors:

ISO cross-section [mm²]	AWG/MCM		
	Value	Equivalent cross-section [mm²]	
0,2	24	0,205	

⁽²⁾ direct cable laying on or under the wall/ceiling or in cable trays (multicore or sheathed cables)

⁽³⁾ free cable laying with suspension ropes or on cable racks with a min. distance of 0.3 × cable diameter to the wall (multicore or sheathed cables)

ISO cross-section [mm²]	AWG/MCM		
	Value	Equivalent cross-section [mm²]	
-	22	0,324	
0,5	20	0,519	
0,75	18	0,82	
1,0	_	_	
1,5	16	1,3	
2,5	14	2,1	
4,0	12	3,3	
6,0	10	5,3	
10	8	8,4	
16	6	13,3	
25	4	21,2	
35	2	33,6	
50	0	53,5	
70	00	67,4	
95	000	85,0	
_	0000	107,2	
120	250 MCM	127	

Note

The line corresponds to a value when the connection possibilities are taken into account.

11.2.1 Motor Cable

A DANGER



Dangerous shock currents

point of the machine.

connect the motor housing to the ground of the machine or connect the ground terminal of the motor connector to the central ground

→ Consider the following with regard to shielding: Always use shielded motor cables.

NOTICE

Disturbing ground loops

Incorrect connection of protective earth connections in motor cables may cause disturbing ground loops and malfunction of the motor.

- → The described measures prevent disturbing ground loops.
- → Connect the protective earth conductors additionally led in motor cables directly to the shield line and label them with

 or PE.
- → If the procedure turns out to be impracticable, omit the earth conductor connection in the motor cables and wire a separate earth conductor in parallel to the motor cables...
- → Ensure to return the cable to the drive! Do not wire the cable with another ground loop.

Use shielded cables for the motor in order to keep interference as low as possible.

The cable shield must be connected large-area with 360° shield termination. In addition, the motor cable should be as short as possible to reduce electromagnetic radiation and capacitive currents.



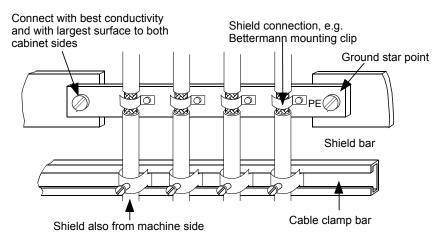


Fig. 88: Motor connection

Requirements to the motor cable

The maximum admissible length of the motor cable is 100 m. The capacity must not exceed 5.2 nF.

Example: If the cable capacity is 0.26 nF per meter, the maximum admissible length of the motor cable is 20 m.

11.2.2 Communication Cables

Please connect the communication interfaces only with high-quality cables according to the relevant standards.

NOTICE

Ungrounded test setups

→ So-called "flying test systems" that are not or not sufficiently grounded can cause damage to the communication interfaces or to the connected devices.

USB

The USB cable must have a maximum length of 5 m according to the USB regulations. We recommend high-quality cables with integrated ferrite cores (available at SIEB & MEYER).

Note

Trouble-free USB communication is also highly dependent on the quality of the USB interface at the used PC/laptop.

RJ45

Use only high-quality RJ45 cables.

Low priced RJ45 cables can damage the female RJ45 connector. The dimensions of the cable connectors deviate frequently from the standard dimensions. Thus, they cause problems with the electrical contact after only few connecting cycles.



11.2.3 Cables for the Rotor Position Detection

Use shielded lines and shielded D-sub shells for wiring the different measuring systems. Connect the cable shield to both connector shells: At the drive connect the shield to the D-sub shell and at the motor to the shell of the measuring system connector.

Examples for the use of conductors:

Motors with resolver

LIYCY 3 x 2 x 0.14 or 4 x 2 x 0.14 for motors with integrated thermal contact. Conductors: shielded, twisted in pairs. Twist mode: sine/sine, cosine/cosine, rotor/rotor and, if necessary, thermal contact/thermal contact.

For delicate applications we recommend additional shielding of the separate pairs.

Motors with incremental encoder

LIYCY 5 x 0.14 or 7 x 0.14 for motors with integrated thermal contact.

Motors with Hall sensors and tachometer generator LIYCY 9 x 0.14 or 12 x 0.14 for motors with integrated thermal contact.

11.2.4 Cables for the External Ballast Resistor

The cables of the external ballast resistor of R_{EX} and +UB must be twisted. If the cable is longer than 20 cm a shielded cable must be used.



12 Electric Performance Dimensioning

Experience shows that questions arise during the dimensioning of a drive when selecting output stages and power supplies. This chapter shall make clear the physical background and shall help to dimension correctly the electronic components.

12.1 Components

The following sections provide information on the electric performance dimensioning of the drive components (output stage, power supply unit and motor).

12.1.1 Output Stage

The output stage of a drive controller is specified by the following details:

Voltage class

The maximum DC link voltage is limited by the used transistors and capacitors and the minimum space between the strip conductors.

When an output stage with a maximum admissible DC link voltage of 325 V_{DC} (class C) is used, i.e. with an AC power supply of 230 V_{AC} , the components will have an electric strength of 600 V_{DC} . The reserve is necessary in order to prevent damage in the case of voltage peaks and the DC link voltages during the deceleration.

Current range

The current range specifies the maximum admissible currents. Distinction is made between peak and rated current:

- ► The **peak current** is only admissible for a short time (mostly 5 seconds) and depends on the used transistors and their number.
- ► The **rated current** can be provided continuously by the output stage. Its value depends on the cooling of the transistors, that means: the capacity of the used heat sink and its ventilation.
- Due to the higher load of the power semiconductors in the output stage during a static rotating field or low rotating field frequencies (f ≤ 5 Hz) the rated current will be reduced by the factor √2 within this frequency range for the SIEB & MEYER devices of the series SD2, SD2S and SD2T.

12.1.2 Power Supply

The power supply is specified by the following details:

Voltage range

The maximum supply voltage is limited by the used transistors, diodes and capacitors and the minimum space between the strip conductors.



Current range

The current range specifies the maximum admissible currents. Distinction is made between peak and rated current:

- ► The **peak current** is only admissible for a short time (mostly 1 second) and depends on the used diodes and their number.
- ► The **rated current** can be provided continuously by the power supply unit. Its value depends on the cooling of the diodes, that means: the capacity of the used heat sink and its ventilation.

Power

In practice, a maximum permanent power is specified for power supply units, since the supply voltage is assumed to be constant. As the limitation in the power supply unit is determined by the load carrying capacity of the diodes, the maximum permanent power depends on the supply voltage and the type of supply.

Examples:

- Power supply 230 V_{AC}, 2 phases, max. permanent current of the diodes 6 A 230 V_{AC} × 2 × 6 A = 2.76 kW
- Power supply 400 V_{AC}, 3 phases, max. permanent current of the diodes 6 A 400 V_{AC} × 3 × 6 A = 7.20 kW

The maximum peak current depends on the type of diode used.

The protection is calculated as follows:

$$\frac{\text{Power}}{\text{Input voltage}} = \frac{2.76 \text{ kW}}{230 \text{ V}_{AC}} = 12 \text{ A}_{rms}$$

12.1.3 **Motor**

The motor is specified by the following details:

Peak current

The peak current defines the max. allowed motor current. The peak current is only allowed for a short period of time (between 1 and 30 Sekunden) and depends on the used magnetic material and the thickness of the windings. Normally, the motor manufacturer defines the peak current applying during downtimes and during a rotating field. Generally, the values given on the motor data sheet are RMS values. SIEB & MEYER specifies currents as sine peak amplitudes.

The RMS values are calculated by dividing these values by the factor $\sqrt{2}$.

Rated current

The rated current can be applied permanently to the motor. The value depends on the cooling of the motor, the windings and the max. allowed motor temperature. Normally, the motor manufacturer defines the rated current applying during downtimes and during a rotating field. Generally, the values given on the motor data sheet are RMS values. SIEB & MEYER specifies currents as sine peak amplitudes.

The RMS values are calculated by dividing these values by the factor $\sqrt{2}$.

The current version of the software drivemaster2 allows switching between the RMS value and the sine peak amplitude (see "Settings \rightarrow Program settings \rightarrow View"). When switching the view, the existing values are automatically converted into the new unit. The default setting is the RMS value.

Electric Performance Dimensioning



Motor voltage

The motor voltage is the voltage directly available at the motor. The value of the motor voltage depends on the used electric components. In case of three-phase power supply with power choke, drive controller and a motor choke, voltage drops of approx. 4 %, 8 % and 1 % of the mains voltage will result. Additional voltage losses of approx. 2 % can be observed in a soft net.

Example

The following example uses a drive controller with a mains choke at a mains voltage of 400 V. The following motor voltage will result:

 U_{Motor} = 400 V - (400 V * 12 %) = 352 V

Voltage constant

Due to its inductance the motor generates a countervoltage which is opposite to the supplied voltage. This voltage is proportional to the speed and defined in 'volt per 1000 revolutions'. Generally, the values are RMS values measured between the connection pins.

Example

DC link voltage: 325 VEmf: 1000 mV/min

A voltage of only 225 V is available to control the motor at 1000 rpm. The theoretical max. speed of the motor is 3250 rpm. At this speed no torque will be available anymore, since no current can be applied anymore.

Torque constant

The torque constant specifies the relation between the motor current and the motor torque (Nm/A). The torque constant results from the required max. speed, dynamic characteristics, efficiency and the quality of the magnetic material.

Inductive winding resistance

The inductive winding resistance (ωL) is the result of the individual number of windings of the total winding. During period of downtimes the resistance is zero. It increases with the frequency.

Ohmic winding resistance

The ohmic winding resistance R is the results from the length and the thickness of wire. During periods of downtimes it specifies the winding resistance alone.

Electric time constant

The electric time constant is the quotient of the inductive and ohmic resistance ($\tau = L/R$).

Motors for tightening systems

Generally, motors for tightening systems are high-dynamic motors characterized by high maximum speeds, high peak torque values, low inertia of masses and small rated torque values. This results in a small voltage constant, small inductance values, thin windings and low rotor diameters. Due to the low inductance value motors in tightening systems are operated at a high pulse with modulation frequency (PWM frequency 16 kHz) to keep the current ripple as small as possible.



12.2 Power Consumption of a Drive

If a constant torque is taken from the drive, the power consumption will depend on the current speed.

Examples:

Preset torque: 30 NmDC link voltage: 300 V

Voltage constant: 50 mV / min (50 V / 1000 rpm)

Coil resistance: 1 ΩTorque constant: 1 Nm / A

From this results a motor current of:

$$I = \frac{30 \,\text{Nm}}{1 \,\text{Nm} / A} = 30 \,\text{A}$$

The motor requires a voltage of V = 1 Ω × 30 A = 30 V

0 rpm, standstill

From this results a power of $P = 30 \text{ V} \times 30 \text{ A} = 0.9 \text{ kW}$.

At a DC link voltage of 300 V an input current results from the supply voltage of I = P / 300 V = 3 A.

Thus, considerably less current flows in the power supply unit than in the motor. This calculation is very important especially for nut setting applications, since the high torques and thus currents are only required for low speeds.

2000 rpm

At 2000 rpm the motor requires a voltage of V = R \times I + e.m.f. \times n = 1 Ω \times 30 A + 50 V / (1000 rpm) \times (2000 rpm) = 130 V.

From this results a power of $P = 130 \text{ V} \times 30 \text{ A} = 3.9 \text{ kW}$.

At a DC link voltage of 300 V an input current results from the supply voltage of I = P / 300 V = 13 A.

Thus, a considerable higher current flows in the power supply at a speed of 2000 rpm than at standstill.

5400 rpm

At 5400 rpm the motor requires a voltage of V = R × I + e.m.f. × n = 1 Ω × 30 A + 50 V / (1000 rpm) × (5400 rpm) = 300 V.

From this results a power of $P = 300 \text{ V} \times 30 \text{ A} = 9 \text{ kW}$.

At a DC link voltage of 300 V an input current results from the supply voltage of I = P / 300 V = 30 A.

Thus, the same current flows in the power supply unit and in the motor at a speed of 5400 rpm. It must be considered that the currents flowing in the motor phases are lower by factor $\sqrt{3}$ than the currents calculated above.

The examples clearly show that the expected motion profile must be considered when dimensioning the power supply unit. An exact dimensioning can only be achieved by integrating the motion profile.

The same applies for conceiving the output stage and the motor.



13 Safety Circuit / Restart Lock (STO)

according to DIN EN ISO 13849-1:2008-12, DIN EN 62061:2005 SIL 3

The restart lock is provided for preventing an unintentional start of a speed-variable drive from the standstill and can, for example, be used in the machine function "Safe stop". The stop function is used to shut down the drive in normal operation.

SIEB & MEYER drives provide a restart lock approved according to DIN EN ISO 13849-1 and a stop function according to DIN EN 60204-1, stop category 0 (see stop categories below). A stop category 1 can be achieved by using an approved safe emergency stop device with delay or a safe PLC according to DIN EN 60204-1.

The stop functions are defined according to DIN EN 60204-1 (VDE 0113-1) paragraphs 9.2.1 and 9.2.2.3. The following categories of stop functions are available:

- **Category 0** Standstill by immediate interruption of the energy supply to the machine drives elements, i.e. uncontrolled standstill.
- **Category 1** A controlled standstill where the energy supply between motor and machine drive elements is maintained to reach the standstill. The energy supply is interrupted at that moment the machine is at a secure standstill.
- **Category 1b** A controlled standstill where the energy supply between motor and machine drive elements is maintained to reach the standstill. The maintenance of the stop condition is monitored. If the stop condition is no longer applicable, the energy supply is interrupted without creating a dangerous situation.
 - **Category 2** A controlled standstill where the energy supply between motor and machine drive elements is maintained.

Every machine must be equipped with a stop function according to category 0. Stop functions according to category 1 and/or 2 must be integrated into the machine if they are necessary for safety and/or operational reasons.

The disadvantages of the disconnection can be eliminated by the consequent use of electronic elements. The DIN EN 60204-1 standard "Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines" also allows the use of electronic equipment for the stop function in case of an emergency, if these – under application of the standards DIN EN ISO 13849-1 and/or DIN EN 62061 – meet the same safety requirements as required according to DIN EN 60204-1.

This approved safety circuit was conceived according to the concept paper by Drivecom "Technical Guide for Safety Drives" from 04/23/2004. The concept paper was approved by the BIA and the TÜV Rheinland: It was confirmed that the required standards and regulations were met.

Before the shutdown of the drive, the standstill of the machine must be caused by a higher-ranking control and a stop function of at least category 2 must be ensured.

The restart lock interrupts the energy supply between drive and motor by cutting off the supply of the output stage control. Thus, any rotation of the motor is made impossible.

The advantage of this circuit is that a single drive can be locked safely in an installation with several drives, while the other drives remain in operation. Besides, a drive can be locked without having to recharge the DC link before a restart.



A DANGER



Danger due to electric shock

The restart lock does not galvanically separate the output stages from the motor. Thus, the restart lock does not protect against electric shock.

→ The complete machine must always be galvanically separated from the mains by use of the main switch(DIN EN 60204-1 5.3) for any interruptions of the operation, maintenance, repair or cleaning work at the machine or system.

Note

All mounting locations for safety devices of the control system as well as components mounted outside have to correspond to an IP Code IP54, if mounted correctly.

13.1 Functional Description of the Restart Lock

The restart lock disables the respective drive of an installation. All other drive modules (servo drives / frequency converters) remain operational.

At the drive to be locked, a TÜV approved safety circuit accesses relevant control units of the output stage transistors by interrupting the voltage supply of the control units. Thus, no control pulses can be passed on to the transistors of the output stages and the motor is at a secure standstill.

A DANGER



No torque when restart lock is active

The motor cannot provide a torque when the restart lock is activated. Thus non-self-locking drives could be released.

→ Non-self-locking drives as hanging loads must be blocked with a mechanical brake.

OSSD (output signal switching device)

Definition: Part of the electro-sensitive protective equipment (ESPE), which is connected with the machine control and switches into the OFF state, when the sensor unit is triggered during the intended operation (source DIN EN IEC 61496-1).

The OSSD signal is a pulsed signal, of which the phase position is shifted in relation to the different channels. All error can be detected by checking the pulse pattern, short-circuit for supply, cross-circuit or defect of the device. This ensures a very high safety level (SIL 4).

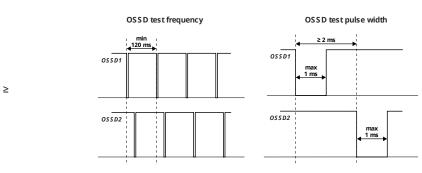


Fig. 89: OSSD Signals



The safety circuit is controlled by the OSSD1+2 signal or via one or several emergency stop switch devices, see also <u>chapter "Wiring Example"</u>, page 158.

If the OSSD signals or at least one of the +24 V conductors fail, the safety circuit switches the pulse pattern of the output stage control sectors off. The response time of the restart lock is **max. 4 ms**.

The restart lock must only be controlled when

- the drive is at a secure standstill (stop category 2),
- the higher-ranking control has deactivated the drive module,
- ► (reference speed value 0)
- the holding brake of the motor has been arrested.

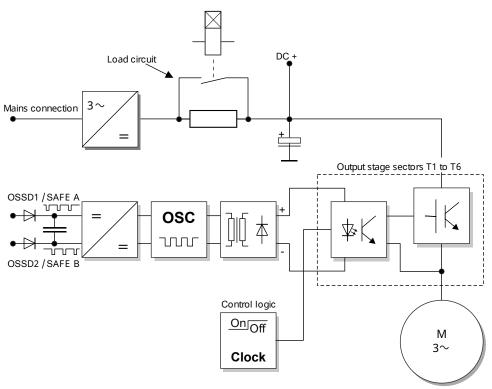


Fig. 90: Safety circuit control

13.2 Wiring Example

Combining a safe emergency stop command device with an OSSD safety relay or a light barrier with OSSD outputs and the safe switching off of the pulse patterns allows the creation of an error detection circuit, which achieves a safe stop (according to stop function category 0+1) according to the safety requirements of SIL 3 (DIN EN ISO 13849-1). With this circuit you can connect several emergency stop devices in series, which are permanently monitored.



Circuit with OSSD (SIL 3)

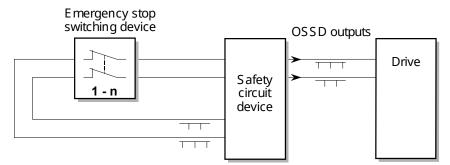


Fig. 91: Wiring with OSSD

Circuit without OSSD (SIL 3)

The following figure shows a circuit without OSSD safety device, whilst only safety directed command devices with forcibly opened contacts in two-channel design are used. SIL 3 (according to DIN EN ISO 13849-1) is achieved. It is also possible to cascade several different safe emergency stop devices, position switches or door locks to one safety circuit.

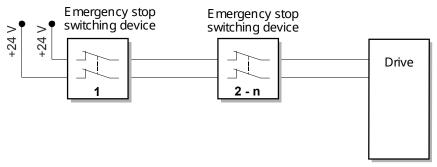


Fig. 92: Wiring without OSSD

Note

The safety relay as well as the emergency stop device must certified as safety devices of at least level SIL 3 to obtain safety level SIL 3 according to DIN EN ISO 13849-1.

Note

In order to obtain the safety level SIL 3 according to DIN EN ISO 13849-1, the circuit and the layout have been dimensioned according to IEC 60664-1:2008-01. Supporting material according to IEC 60249 covered by a nonaging protective coat of lacquer according to IEC 60664-3:2003-09 have been used. The conformity of standard have been tested and approved by the TÜV-Nord CERT.



13.3 Requirements and Standards

The following parameters are achieved according to the safety case:

- according to DIN EN ISO 13849-1:2008-12
 - MTTFd: >100 years
 - DC = 99%
 - Category 4
 - Performance Level e
- according to EN 61508-1:2010 and EN 61800-5-2:2014-06
 - PFH = 0
 - SFF = 100 % (if there are PFH values, then SFF<100%)
 - HFT = 0

The safety concept K2 meets the requirements of SIL 3 according to the standards named above.

Requirements according to DIN EN 61800-5-2:2014-06

When connected appropriately, the safety concept K2 does not supply any share of dangerous, undetected errors in the safety chain for the function STO.

Thus the stop function 0+1 according to DIN EN 60204-1 is realized.



13.4 Restart Lock Procedure

The following diagram shows the restart lock procedure by means of a time axis, including the required steps that must be performed in order to be able to restart the device after an activated restart lock.

STO Behavior

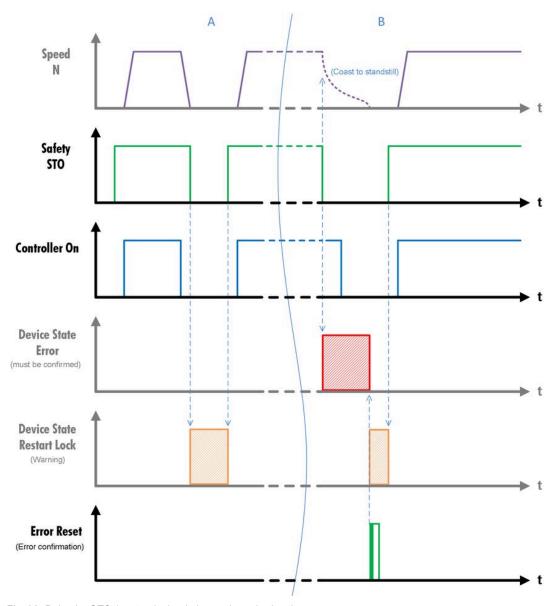


Fig. 93: Behavior STO / restart lock - timing and required actions

- **Use case A** If an STO contact is interrupted during "Switch off", the device status "Switch on disabled" is triggered. As soon as the STO contact is closed again, the drive can restart with the next "Switch on".
- **Use case B** If an STO contact is interrupted during "Switch on", the device status "Error" is triggered. The error must be confirmed via an error reset to continue operation.



Appendix

A Specification of Drive Functions

Devices of the series SD2S can operate with different drive functions depending on the loaded drive software. The different drive functions support different motors and motor measuring systems.

Note

The available drive functions depend on the device type and device version.

SERVO / VECTOR

For linear and rotary synchronous and asynchronous motors:

- mean speeds (< 120,000 rpm)
- high resolution measuring systems
- high performance speed control
- full control at low speeds and standstill
- special feature SVC (sensorless vector control): sensorless operation (up to 120,000 rpm)
- ► **HSPWM** (high-speed pulse-width modulation)

For rotary synchronous and asynchronous motors:

- high speeds (up to 480,000 rpm)
- low losses in the drive
- sensorless operation
 - (Optionally a measuring system for speed monitoring can be used to signal the states "speed zero" and "reference value reached".)
- HSBLOCK / FPAM (high-speed block commutation / flux pulse amplitude modulation)

For rotary synchronous motor:

- operation with Hall sensors or sensorless
- Hall sensors: mean speeds (up to 360,000 rpm) sensorless: high speeds (up to 480,000 rpm)
- high performance speed control
- HSPAM / VF (high-speed pulse amplitude modulation / V/f control system)

For rotary asynchronous motor:

- V/f PWM available for devices with fix DC link voltage
- HSPAM (V/f PAM) available for devices with controlled DC link voltage
- PWM: mean speeds (up to 120,000 rpm)
- PAM: high speeds (up to 480,000 rpm)
- V/f characteristic curve for asynchronous motors
- simple parameterization and unproblematic operation of motors
- sensorless operation
 - (Optionally a measuring system for speed monitoring can be used to signal the states "speed zero" and "reference value reached".)



Asynchronous motors Synchronous motors UF **HSPAM** (PWM) **HSPWM HSPWM HSBLOCK FPAM** SERVO/ VECTOR SERVO/ VECTOR rotary SVC 480000 360000 240000 120000 120,000 240000 360000 480000 rpm 8000 4000 8000 6000 2000 2000 4000 6000 Hz linear SERVO/ VECTOR SERVO/ VECTOR

The following figure shows the speed ranges of the different drive functions:

Fig. 94: Speed ranges of drive functionsSD2S

Motor

Drive function	SERVO / VECTOR	HSPWM	HSBLOCK / FPAM	HSPAM / VF
Motors	 Synchronous rotative Asynchronous rotative Synchronous linear Voice coil Up to 2000 Hz rotating field frequency 	 Synchronous rotative Asynchronous rotative Up to 8000 Hz rotating field frequency at 320 V_{DC} Up to 5333 Hz rotating field frequency at 560 V_{DC} 	HSBLOCK ► Synchronous rotative ► Up to 6000 Hz rotating field frequency	V/f PAM ► Asynchronous rotative ► Up to 8000 Hz rotating field frequency
	SVC: Synchronous rotative Up to 2000 Hz rotating field frequency		FPAM ► Synchronous rotative ► Up to 8000 Hz rotating field frequency	V/f PWM ► Asynchronous rotative ► Up to 2000 Hz rotating field frequency

Software

Drive function	SERVO / VECTOR	HSPWM	HSBLOCK / FPAM	HSPAM / VF
Software packages ⁽¹⁾	L04001Vxxxxx & F04001Vxxxxx ► special function: En- Dat 2.1	L0400 2 Vxxxxx & F0400 4 Vxxxxx	L04003Vxxxxx & F04007Vxxxxx ► special function: Hall measuring system	L0900 5 Vxxxxx & F0900 5 Vxxxxx
	L04001Vxxxxx & F04003Vxxxxx ► special function: Hiperface	L04002Vxxxxx & F04013Vxxxxx • (including V/f)	L09003Vxxxxx & F09007Vxxxxx • special function: sensorless	L04002Vxxxxx & F04013Vxxxxx ► (HSPWM included)
	L04001Vxxxxx & F04006Vxxxxx ► special function: electronic gear			L04002Vxxxxx & F04012Vxxxxx ► (SVC included)
	L04002Vxxxxx & F04012Vxxxxx ► special function: SVC ► (including V/f)			

Specification of Drive Functions



(1) After the firmware and logic software have been detected, the SD2S software packages can be identified by the numbers '4' or '9' (devices with controlled DC link voltage) contained in the software designation (e.g. logic software = Lx4xxx, firmware = Fx4xxx).

Measuring system

Drive function	SERVO / VECTOR	HSPWM	HSBLOCK / FPAM	HSPAM / VF
Measuring systems	L04001 / F04001 ► Resolver (up to 666 Hz) ► Incremental encoder TTL with magnetic alignment (5 V / max. 2.5 MHz ⁽¹⁾) ► Sine/cosine encoder with magnetic alignment (1 V _{pp} / max. 230 kHz ⁽¹⁾) ► Sine/cosine encoder with EnDat 2.1 (1 V _{pp} / max. 230 kHz ⁽¹⁾) ► Linear Hall encoder	L04002 / F04004 ► Sensorless ► Hall sensor (12 V) ► Sine/cosine encoder (1 Vpp / max. 230 kHz ⁽¹⁾) ► Field plate 2-wire ► Field plate 3-wire ► Pulse generator NAMUR ► Pulse generator Hall A ► Pulse generator 24 V ► Pulse generator 5 V ► Digital field plate / GMR	L04003 / F04007 ► Hall sensor (12 V) ► Hall sensor (5 V)	L09005 / F09005 Sensorless Sine/cosine encoder (1 V _{pp} / max. 230 kHz ⁽¹⁾) Field plate 2-wire Field plate 3-wire Pulse generator NA-MUR Pulse generator 24 V Pulse generator 5 V L04002 / F04013 Sensorless Field plate 3-wire Pulse generator NA-MUR Pulse generator 5 V L04002 / F04013 Sensorless Field plate 3-wire Pulse generator 5 V Digital field plate / GMR
	L04001 / F04003 ► Resolver (up to 666 Hz) ► Incremental encoder TTL with magnetic alignment (5 V / max. 2.5 MHz ⁽¹⁾) ► Sine/cosine encoder with magnetic alignment (1 V _{pp} / max. 230 kHz ⁽¹⁾) ► Sine/cosine encoder with Hiperface (1 V _{pp} / max. 230 kHz ⁽¹⁾) ► Linear Hall encoder	L04002 / F04013 Sensorless Field plate 2-wire Field plate 3-wire Pulse generator NA-MUR Pulse generator 24 V Pulse generator 5 V Digital field plate / GMR	L04003 / F09007 ► EMF Measuring ► Hall sensor (12 V) ► Hall sensor (5 V)	 Sensorless Field plate 2-wire Field plate 3-wire Pulse generator NA-MUR Pulse generator 24 V Pulse generator 5 V Digital field plate /
	L04001 / F04006 ➤ Resolver (up to 666 Hz) ► Incremental encoder TTL with magnetic alignment (5 V / max. 2.5 MHz ⁽¹⁾) ► Sine/cosine encoder with magnetic alignment (1 V _{pp} / max. 230 kHz ⁽¹⁾) ► Linear Hall encoder			 Sensorless Field plate 2-wire Field plate 3-wire Pulse generator NA-MUR Pulse generator
	L04002 / F04012 ► Sensorless Vector Control (SVC)			

 $^{^{(1)}}$ This specification applies per track.



Operating mode

Drive function	SERVO / VECTOR	HSPWM	HSBLOCK / FPAM	HSPAM / VF
Operating modes	 Speed Mode Current reference value Profile velocity mode Interpolated position control Electronic gear 	► Speed Mode	► Speed Mode	► Speed Mode

Software Connection

Drive function	SERVO / VECTOR	HSPWM	HSBLOCK / FPAM	HSPAM / VF
Parameterization in software <i>drivemas-ter2</i>	► USB connection► RS232 connection► SERVOLINK 4 (only or	ptical fibers)		

Communication channels

Drive function	SERVO / VECTOR	HSPWM	HSBLOCK / FPAM	HSPAM / VF
Control channel	 Digital inputs SERVOLINK 4 Serial interface / RS48 CAN bus DNC 8 Byte Telegram 	5 / USB		
Setpoint channel	 Analog inputs SERVOLINK 4 CAN bus DNC 8 Byte Telegram Serial interface / RS485 / USB Internal setpoints Encoder 0 (only with software package L04001 / F04006) 	 ► Analog inputs ► SERVOLINK 4 ► CAN bus ► DNC 8 Byte Telegram ► Serial interface / RS48 ► Internal setpoints 		

Control

Drive function	SERVO / VECTOR	HSPWM	HSBLOCK / FPAM	HSPAM / VF
Operating frequency	8 / 16 kHz	8 / 16 / 32 / 64 / 128 kHz	8 ⁽¹⁾ / 16 / 32 / 64 ⁽¹⁾ kHz	8 / 16 kHz ⁽¹⁾
All-digital current control	16 kHz	16 / 32 / 64 / 128 / 256 kHz	16 ⁽¹⁾ / 32 / 64 / 128 ⁽¹⁾ kHz	8 / 16 kHz ⁽¹⁾
All-digital speed control		16 kHz ((62.5 μs)	
All-digital position control	4 kHz (250 μs) ²		-	

⁽¹⁾ Only for device with fix DC link.

 $^{^{\}left(2\right) }$ Only with interpolated position control and electronic gear.

Specification of Drive Functions



Interfaces

Drive fund	tion	SERVO / VECTOR	SERVO / VECTOR HSPWM HSBLOCK / FPAM HSPAM / VF							
Digital inpu	its	► 12 – 24 V high / 0 – 5 × Sampling 4 kHz (250 μ	9 inputs 24 V incl. 1 input (latch function 250 kHz (4 μs) sampling) 12 – 24 V high / 0 – 5 V low Sampling 4 kHz (250 μs) Function to be configured via software							
Digital outp	outs	► 5 outputs 24 V (max. 1 ► Sampling 4 kHz (250 μ ► Function to be configu	rs)							
Analog inputs		 Operating range ±10 V Maximum range ±12 V Resolution internal 14 Sampling 4 kHz (250 µ 								
Analog out	puts	 ≥ 2 outputs > Operating range 0 – 10 V ► Maximum range 0 – 10 V ► Resolution internal 14 Bit ► Sampling 4 kHz (250 µs) ► Function to be configured via software 								
Encoder	ENC0	 ► Input ► Signal A Quad B, pulse ► Maximum input freque ► Level RS422 								
	ENC1/ EMU	ENC1/EMU as input ► Signal A Quad B ► Maximum input/output frequency 2.5 MHz per track ► Level RS422								
		ENC1/EMU as output ► Signal A Quad B / pulse output ► Maximum input/output frequency 2.5 MHz per track ► Level RS422 (3.3 V)								

Monitorings

Drive function	SERVO / VECTOR	HSPWM	HSBLOCK / FPAM	HSPAM / VF
Drive function Monitoring functions	 Measuring systems Power supply unit: load Power supply unit: characteristics 	d arge monitoring overvoltage arge monitoring undervoltage ad (I²t) emperature nort circuit (U, V, W, PE) afety circuit TC, NTC, KTY84/130)	,	HSPAM / VF
	 DC link: overvoltage DC link: undervoltage Ballast circuit: load Ambient temperature Speed: error / slip Speed: overspeed Position: tracking error 	r (only with interpolated pos	sition control and electro	nic gear)



B Specification of Device Firmware

The following firmware variants are available for the drive controllers of series SD2S.

Note

Please consider that some device variants do not provide all connections specified in the firmware.

B.1 Firmware for SD2S with Fix DC Link

Firmware SD2S with fix DC link (without version number vxxxxx)	F04001 SERVO_STD	F04003 SERVO_HIPERFACE	F04004 HSPWM	F04006 SERVO_GEAR	F04007 HSBLOCK	F04012 UF_SVC	F04013 UF_HSPWM	F04017 UF_SVC_CAN	F04018 SERVO_ASYNCHRON	F04021 SERVO_ETHERCAT	F04022 SERVO_ASYNCHRON_CAN	F04024 UF_SVC_ETHERCAT	F04025 SERVO_ASYNCHRON_ETHERCAT
SERVO / VECTOR	1	✓		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	1	1	✓	1
Sensorless vector control (SVC), synchronous						•		1				1	
Resolver	1	1		1	✓				✓	1	1		1
Incremental encoder AB 5 V	1	1		1	✓				1	1	1		1
Incremental encoder AB 12 V					1					1			
Sine/cosine encoder 1 V _{pp}	1	1		1					✓	1	1		1
Linear Hall Encoder 1 V _{pp}	1	1		1	1					1			
EnDat 2.1	1												
Hiperface		1											
HSPAM / VF, asynchronous rotary						\	✓	✓					
Sensorless						✓	✓	✓					
Field plate 2-wire						✓	1	1					
Field plate 3-wire						✓	1	1					
Pulse generator NAMUR						✓	✓	✓					
Pulse generator 24 V						✓	✓	✓					
Pulse generator 5 V						✓	1	1					
Digital field plate / GMR						✓	✓	1					
Flying Restart						✓	✓	✓					
Current-controlled startup						✓	1	1					
HSBLOCK / FPAM, synchronous rotary					✓								
Hall ABC 12 V					✓								
Hall ABC 5 V					✓								
Phase Voltage Measurement													
HSPWM, synchronous/asynchronous rotary			1				1						
Sensorless			1				1						
Field plate 2-wire			1				1						
Field plate 3-wire			1				1						
Pulse generator NAMUR			1				1						
Pulse generator 24 V			✓				✓						
Pulse generator 5 V			1				✓						

Specification of Device Firmware



Firmware SD2S with fix DC link (without version number vxxxxx)	F04001 SERVO_STD	F04003 SERVO_HIPERFACE	F04004 HSPWM	F04006 SERVO_GEAR	F04007 HSBLOCK	F04012 UF_SVC	F04013 UF_HSPWM	F04017 UF_SVC_CAN	F04018 SERVO_ASYNCHRON	F04021 SERVO_ETHERCAT	F04022 SERVO_ASYNCHRON_CAN	F04024 UF_SVC_ETHERCAT	F04025 SERVO_ASYNCHRON_ETHERCAT
Digital field plate / GMR			✓				✓						
Hall ABC 12 V			✓				✓						
Hall A 12 V			✓				✓						
Sine/cosine encoder 1 V _{pp}			1				1						
Operating modes													
Current control	1	1		1	✓				✓	1	1		✓
Velocity mode 1	✓	1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1	1	✓	✓
Profile Velocity Mode	1	1		1									
Interpolated position control	1	1								1			
Electronic gear				✓									
Control and setpoint channels													
Analog + digital inputs	1	✓	1	1	✓	1	✓	1	1	1	1	1	1
Serial interface / RS485 / USB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
SERVOLINK 4	1	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		✓				
CAN bus			✓	✓	✓			✓			✓		
DNC 8 Byte			1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	✓
EtherCAT										1		✓	✓
Internal setpoints			1		✓	✓	✓	✓	1		✓	1	1
Motor potentiometer			1		1	1	1	1	1			1	
Encoder 0 / pulse direction input				✓									
Encoder Emulation	_		1	1	1	1						1	
AB quadrature signals	1	1		1	1				1	1	1		1
Speed pulses			✓			✓	✓	✓					
Others													
Multi parameter sets	1		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	1		✓	1	1
Winding Detection	-					√		1	_	_	_	√	
Field weakening synchronous	1					✓		✓	1	1	√	1	1
Current controlled ramps ⁽¹⁾						1	1	1	1		1	1	1
Evaluation of difference measuring system	1	✓											

⁽¹⁾ Not available with drive function HSPWM



B.2 Firmware for SD2S with Controlled DC Link

Firmware SD2S with controlled DC link (without version number vxxxxx)	F09005 UF	F09006 SERVO_CAN	F09008 UF_SVC	F09009 UF_HSBLOCK_FPAM	F09010 UF_SVC_CAN	F09011 UF_HSBLOCK_FPAM_CAN	F09012 UF_HSBLOCK_FPAM_ETHERCAT
SERVO / VECTOR		1	✓		1		
Sensorless vector control (SVC), synchronous			✓		✓		
Resolver		✓					
Incremental encoder AB 5 V		✓					
Incremental encoder AB 12 V							
Sine/cosine encoder 1 V _{pp}		✓					
Linear Hall Encoder 1 V _{pp}		✓					
EnDat 2.1							
Hiperface							
HSPAM / UF, asynchronous rotary	✓		✓	✓	1	✓	√
Sensorless	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Field plate 2-wire	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Field plate 3-wire	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Pulse generator NAMUR	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Pulse generator 24 V	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Pulse generator 5 V	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Digital field plate / GMR	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Flying Restart							
Current-controlled startup							
HSBLOCK / FPAM, synchronous rotary				✓		✓	1
Hall ABC 12 V				✓		✓	✓
Hall ABC 5 V				✓		✓	✓
Phase Voltage Measurement				✓		✓	✓
Operating modes		1		1	1	1	1
Current control		✓					
Velocity mode 1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Profile Velocity Mode							
Interpolated position control							
Electronic gear							
Control and setpoint channels						_	
Analog + digital inputs	√	1	√	✓	1	1	√
Serial interface / RS485 / USB	✓	1	1	✓	√	✓	✓
SERVOLINK 4	✓	1	✓	✓			
CAN bus		1			1	1	
DNC 8 Byte	✓	✓	✓	✓	√	✓	1
EtherCAT							1
Internal setpoints	1	1	1	1	1	1	√
Motor potentiometer	✓	✓	✓	✓	√	✓	✓
Encoder 0 / pulse direction input							
Encoder Emulation		,	I			,	
AB quadrature signals		✓		/		✓	√

Specification of Device Firmware



Firmware SD2S with controlled DC link (without version number vxxxxx)	F09005 UF	F09006 SERVO_CAN	F09008 UF_SVC	F09009 UF_HSBLOCK_FPAM	F09010 UF_SVC_CAN	F09011 UF_HSBLOCK_FPAM_CAN	F09012 UF_HSBLOCK_FPAM_ETHERCAT
Speed pulses	1		1	1	1	1	1
Others					•	•	
Multi parameter sets	1		1	1	1	1	1
Winding Detection			1		1		
Field weakening synchronous			1		1		
Current controlled ramps			1	1	1	1	1
Evaluation of difference measuring system							

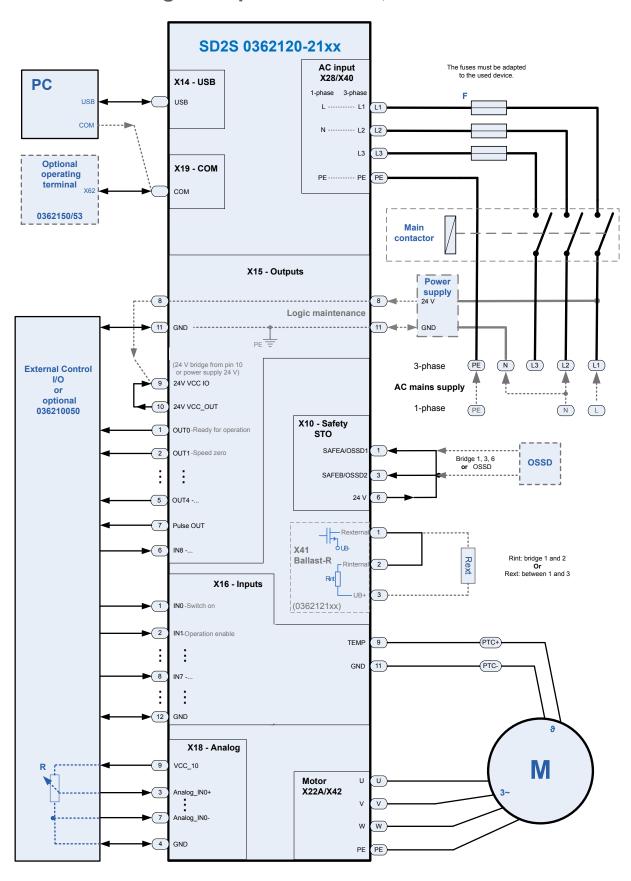


C Connection Diagram

The following connection diagrams are examples for the device wiring.

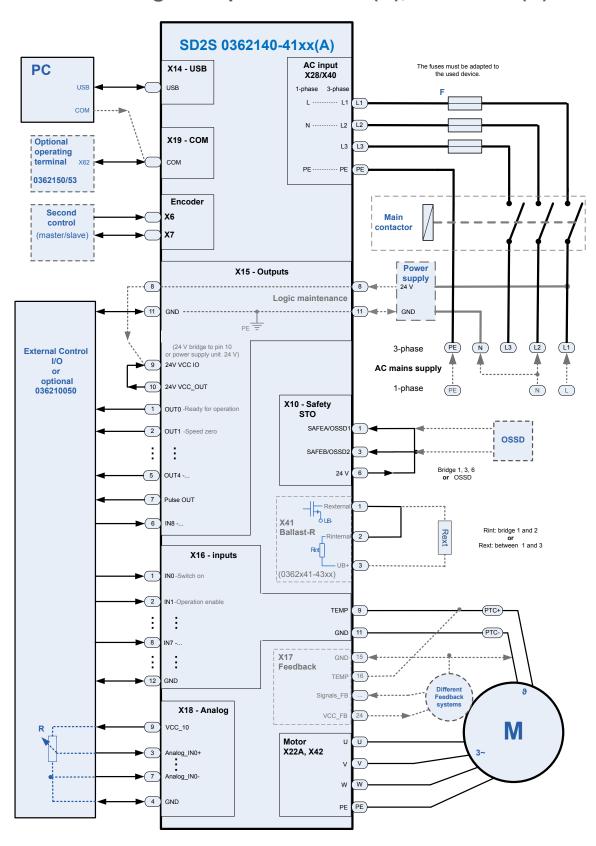


C.1 Wiring Example 0362120xx, 0362121xx





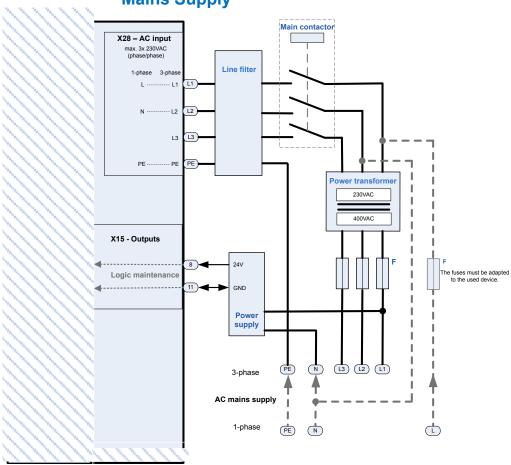
C.2 Wiring Example 0362x40xx(A), 0362x41xx(A)





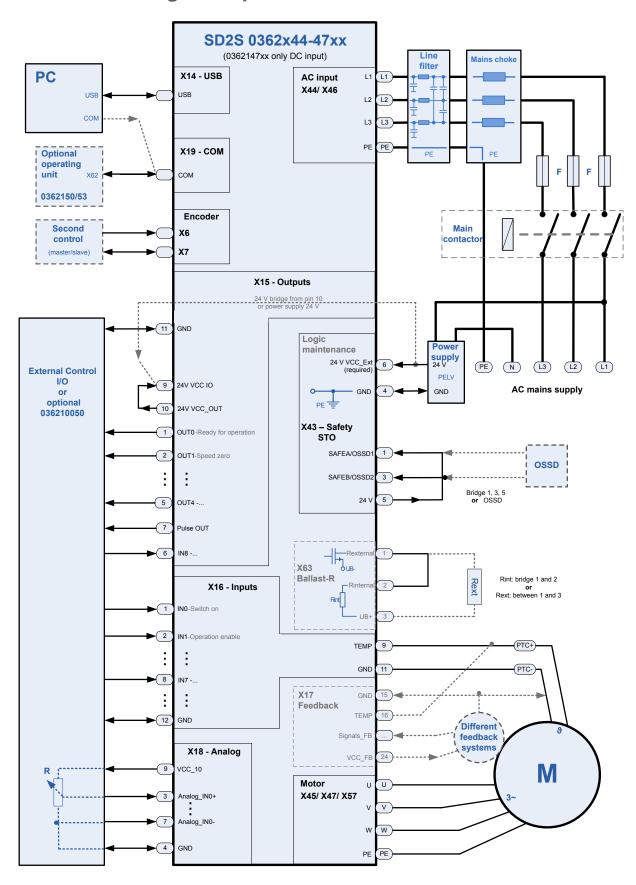
C.3 Wiring Example 0362x42xx, 0362x43xx (Specifics of the Mains Supply)

SD2S 0362x42-43xx Mains Supply





C.4 Wiring Example 0362144xx to 0362x47xx





D Mains Fuse Protection

Depending on the device variant and supply you need to use different mains fuses to protect your SD2S device. The following table indicates suitable mains fuses for example by Siemens:

Davis a true	Maine annuh	Suitable fuse		le fuse	
Device type	Mains supply	I _{rated} fuse	Siemens SITOR	Design	
0362120DA	1-phase	16 A	5SE1 316	NEOZED D01	
0362120DC	1-phase	16 A	16 A 5SE1 316		
0362120EC	1-phase	16 A 5SE1 316		NEOZED D01	
0362121EC	1/3-phase	20 A	20 A 5SD4 30		
0362121EF	3-phase	16 A	5SE1 316	NEOZED D01	
0362121IC	1/3-phase	20 A	5SD4 30	DIAZED DII	
0362121IF	3-phase	16 A	5SE1 316	NEOZED D01	
0362129EC	1/3-phase	20 A	5SD4 30	DIAZED DII	
0362129EF	3-phase	16 A	5SE1 316	NEOZED D01	
0362129IC	1/3-phase	20 A	5SD4 30	DIAZED DII	
0362129IF	3-phase	16 A	5SE1 316	NEOZED D01	
0362x40DA	1-phase	16 A	5SE1 316	NEOZED D01	
0362x40DC(A)	1-phase	16 A	5SE1 316	NEOZED D01	
0362x40EC	1-phase	16 A	5SE1 316	NEOZED D01	
0362x40EF	3-phase	16 A	5SE1 316	NEOZED D01	
0362x41EC(A)	1/3-phase	20 A	5SD4 30	DIAZED DII	
0362x41EF	3-phase	16 A	5SE1 316	NEOZED D01	
0362x41IC	1/3-phase	20 A	5SD4 30	DIAZED DII	
0362x41IF	3-phase	16 A	5SE1 316	NEOZED D01	
0362x42DC	1-phase	16 A	5SE1 316	NEOZED D01	
0362x42EC	1-phase	20 A	5SD4 30	DIAZED DII	
0362x42EC	3-phase	16 A	5SE1 316	NEOZED D01	
0362x43EC	1-phase	20 A	5SD4 30	DIAZED DII	
0362x43EC	3-phase	16 A	5SE1 316	NEOZED D01	
0362144EF	3-phase	30 A	5SD4 80	DIAZED DII	
0362x45EF	3-phase	30 A	5SD4 80	DIAZED DII	
0362x45IF	3-phase	50 A	5SD4 60	DIAZED DIII	
0362x46IF	3-phase	50 A	5SD4 60	DIAZED DIII	
0362x46LF	3-phase	63 A			
0362x48MF	3-phase	100 A			
0362x48OF	3-phase	100 A	5SD5 20	DIAZED DIV	
0362x49EC	1/3-phase	20 A	5SD4 30	DIAZED DII	
0362x49EF	3-phase	16 A	5SE1 316	NEOZED D01	
0362x49IC	1/3-phase	20 A	5SD4 30	DIAZED DII	
0362x49IF	3-phase	16 A	5SE1 316	NEOZED D01	



E Manufacturers

E.1 SIEB & MEYER Accessories

In the following you find all accessories for SD2S that you can order at SIEB & MEYER.

Note

Consider the information on accessories suitable for your device in the technical manual.

E.1.1 Connectors of the Series SD2S

Connector/cable kits

SIEB & MEYERarticle number	Device variant
32299545	0362120xC, 0362x40xC(A)
32299548	0362120xA, 0362x40xA (low voltage devices)
32299546	0362x40EF, 0362121xx, 0362x41xx(A), 0362x42EC, 0362x43xx
32299602	0362242DC
32299566	0362144xx
32299565	0362x45xx
32299606	0362x46xx
32299564	0362147xx

A connector kit contains mating connectors for motor connection, mains supply, ballast resistor (if available), I/O contacts and safety as well as a suitable shield connection clamp. All items are manufactured by Phoenix Contact.

Note

The connector kits do not include D-sub mating connectors for connecting the used measuring systems.

Fiber optic connectors

SIEB & MEYERarticle number	Description
12540102	Female connector, input (black)
12540202	Female connector, output (gray)
32022900	Cable connector (Toslink F05)
47000001	Polishing disk for optical fiber cables
47000002	Dismantling tool for optical fiber cables
47000003	Grinding paper

E.1.2 Operating Terminal

SIEB & MEYERarticle number	Description
0362150	Plug-on operating terminal
0362153	Operating terminal for switch cabinet installation
32299567	Switch cabinet kit for operating terminal 0362150



E.1.3 Ferrite Core for Motor Cable

SIEB & MEYER article number	Description
13163110	R 63/38/25, AI = 15150 nH

E.1.4 Line Filters for Frequency Converter/Power Electronics

Line Filters by TDK & EPCOS Group

- 1-phase and 3-phase line filters
- high attenuation
- partial RCD compatibility

Note

The maximum current (I_{max}) must be adapted to the back-up fuses of the device.

Note

When such a line filter is used, very high leakage currents occur because of Cy > 1.5 μ F. For this reason the line filter is only to a limited extent usable with an RCD (residual current protective device).

You can order appropriate line filters by TDK & EPCOS Group at SIEB & MEYER. The following table lists the article numbers:

SIEB & MEYERarticle number	Rated current (I _{rated})	Leakage current (I _{leak})
35063080 (1-phase)	20 A	7.9 mA
35063103 (3-phase)	50 A	15 mA
35063106 (3-phase)	90 A	18 mA
35063107 (3-phase)	120 A	18 mA
35063115 (3-phase)	220 A	17 mA

E.1.5 Mains Chokes

Note

Choose the mains choke according to the expected continuous current per mains phase.

The following mains chokes by the company Block are available from SIEB & MEYER:

SIEB & MEYERarticle number	Description
13015833	Mains choke: 1 × 6 A
13015834	Mains choke: 1 × 10 A
13015835	Mains choke: 1 ×16 A
13015801	Mains choke: 3 × 16 A, uk = 3 %
13015802	Mains choke: 3 × 25 A, uk = 3 %
13015803	Mains choke: 3 × 35 A, uk = 3 %
13015804	Mains choke: 3 × 40 A, uk = 3 %
13015805	Mains choke: 3 × 50 A, uk = 3 %
13015808	Mains choke: 3 × 80 A, uk = 3 %
13015810	Mains choke: 3 × 90 A, uk = 3 %
13015811	Mains choke: 3 × 100 A, uk = 3 %
13015812	Mains choke: 3 × 180 A, uk = 3 %
13015814	Mains choke: 3 × 250 A, uk = 3 %
13015823	Mains choke: 3 × 300 A, uk = 3 %



SIEB & MEYERarticle number	Description
13015825	Mains choke: 3 × 500 A, uk = 3 %
13015826	Mains choke: 3 × 630 A, uk = 3 %

Manufacturers of mains chokes:

- http://www.block.eu
- http://www.enerdoor.de

E.1.6 USB>RS232/485 Converter 050201

The USB>RS232/485 Converter can be ordered at SIEB & MEYER as an optional accessory for device configuration. This converter is developed especially for the series SD2x. Via the converter the devices can communicate with a PC without RS232 or RS485 interface.

A short USB cable is supplied with the converter. The connection cable to the drive controllers must be ordered additionally or built by yourself with suitable length.

SIEB & MEYERarticle number	Description
050201	USB>RS232/485 converter
K362103xxxR01 (xxx = cable length in dm)	RS232 device connection cable to the converter 050201

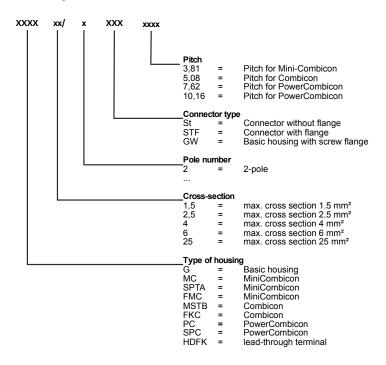
For further information refer to the document "050201 – USB>RS232/485 Converter".



E.2 Phoenix Contact

www.phoenixcontact.com

Order key for Phoenix connectors



Note

Labeled connectors can be ordered at SIEB & MEYER.

E.2.1 Surge Arrestor FLASHTRAB

Phoenix article number	Description
2905469	Type 1+2 special combined lightning current and surge arrester FLT-SEC-T1+T2-3C-350/25-FM: for devices with 3-phase mains supply, with combined PE and N installed in one conductor (L1, L2, L3, PEN)
2905470	Type 1+2 special combined lightning current and surge arrester- FLT-SEC-T1+T2-3S-350/25-FM: for devices with 3-phase mains supply, with separate PE and N (L1, L2, L3, PE, N)
2907928	Type 3 surge protection device PLT-SEC-T3-230-FM-PT: for devices with 1-phase mains supply, rated voltage 230 V AC/DC

E.2.2 Shield Connection Clamps

Shield connection clamps for EMC busbar and for motor/power or measuring system connection of the devices

Name	Phoenix article number	Connection method	Tightening torque	SD2S with mounting holes at device housing
SK 8	3025163	Screw connection (M4)	max. 0.6 Nm	0362144xx to 0362x48xx ⁽¹⁾
SK 14	3025176	Screw connection (M4)	max. 0.8 Nm	0362120xx, 0362129xx, 0362x40xx(A), 0362x49xx
SK 20	3025189	Screw connection (M4)	max. 0.8 Nm	0362121xx, 0362x41xx(A) to 0362x43xx
SK 35	3026463	Screw connection (M5)	1.5 to 1.8 Nm	_



⁽¹⁾ Older devices of the series 0362145xx to 0362148xx do not yet provide the mounting holes for the shield connection clamp.

Alternatively you can use WAGO terminals (see <u>WAGO Shield Connection Clamps (p. 181)</u>).

E.3 TOSHIBA - Fiber Optic Connectors

http://www.toshiba.com

E.4 WAGO Innovative Connections

http://www.wago.com

E.4.1 Shield Connection Clamps

Shield connection clamps for EMC busbar and for motor/power connection of the devices

WAGO article number	Description
791-111	Diameter of connectable conductor; 5 to 11 mm; height max. 47 mm; 17 mm wide (corresponds to SK 14 by Phoenix Contact)
791-117	Diameter of connectable conductor; 10 to 17 mm; height max. 63 mm; 23 mm wide (corresponds to SK 20 by Phoenix Contact)

For an alternative solution see Phoenix Shield Connection Clamps (p. 180)

E.4.2 Carrier with Grounding Foot

WAGO article number	Description
790-112	Carrier with grounding foot parallel to carrier rail (25 mm long)
790-114	Carrier with grounding foot parallel to carrier rail (45 mm long)



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